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SACHAR CHARGES HIGH COMMAND

Hustled Into Seeking Vote Of Confidence

"PEOPLE WANT ME," SAYS EX-PUNJAB PREMIER

SIMLA, October 18 (U.P.I.).

MR. BHIMSEN SACHAR, ex-Premier of East Punjab has issued a press statement accusing the Central Parliamentary Board of "hustling him into seeking a vote of confidence" and the High Command of "failure to render him the promised support at the crucial moment."

Mr. Sachar says: "On the 6th April last I was called upon to form the Government of the Province. The Congress Parliamentary Board refused to give me a free hand in the choice of my Minister — nay even of my Parliamentary Secretaries. I was unwilling to undertake responsibility for the Government of the Province with such limitations. However, I was entreated by my supporters to give in in the interest of my bleeding Province.

"The idea of a composite Ministry was conceived to ensure better work by keeping Dr. Bhargava and his group in power. Some friends sensed danger in the proposed arrangement.

NO CO-OPERATION

"Very soon, it was confirmed that the Ministers of Dr. Bhargava's group were there not to give co-operation. I set my heart on cleaning the public life of this Province of all its filth. My colleague of Dr. Bhargava's group promptly constituted themselves into champions of those who were to be chiefly tried in the courts. On charges of corruption whether they were officials or non-officials, and the treacherous game of betrayal and sabotage from within started with greater force.

"Request to the High Command to ask the Ministers who were thrust upon me to show me proper co-operation was rapidly interpreted as my confession of the failure of my composite Ministry. Even if the composite Ministry had failed it was a failure of the High Command. I should have been allowed to say that it had failed and to form a proper Ministry of my choice.

"Instead, I was asked to seek a vote of confidence without any opportunity of reorganising my support which I had sacrificed at the altar of the High Command.

MEMORANDUM

"Only a few days ago a memorandum was submitted to the Central Parliamentary Board making some allegations against me.

"In these complaints I have been accused of prosecuting Congressmen and shielding Congressmen, in the same breath, where I am alleged to have shielded them, an inference of partiality has been drawn, where according to them, I have a wider inference of damaging Congressmen and Congress itself has been drawn.

"I have been accused of displaying humane consideration towards the R.S.S., the members of which organisation have just been made eligible for Congress membership. Facts and merits apart, my disapproval of inhumanity and of third degree methods alleged to have been used in the case of the R.S.S., in the desire not merely to carry out policy of the Centre, but to earn a cheap certificate from certain quarters was ignored while condemning me for alleged third degree methods in the steel quota cases.

MORALITY MEASURE

"Most of the persons concerned in these steel quota cases were certainly men of means although a high sounding plea has been glibly advanced that the quotas were given to rehabilitate helpless refugees. Some of these persons were even in public service and the remaining and we know them, were certainly, not dying of hunger.

"Some families got quotas down to the expected baby, so to speak. Attempt has been made to measure public morality in terms of total black-market money involved and the greater expenses incurred in unearthing it.

"On these grounds in a memorandum signed, so far as the Board was concerned, by less than half the members of the Assembly, the High Command has seen fit to hustle me into seeking a vote of confidence.

"The decision of the Board in my particular case indicated the way the wind was blowing. It terrified some into choosing the safer path. I don't blame them, safety matters even in a democracy, especially if it is one like ours.

"I know one thing, I am not wanted. I know people want me but, where it matters most, I am not wanted. But that does not matter, so long as I enjoy general public confidence. And I am happy in the thought that I enjoy quite an abundance of it. I am content."

AGAIN PREMIER

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, who was sworn in as the Premier of East Punjab on Tuesday, following the resignation of Mr. Bhimsen Sachar.

AN INDEX OF POPULARITY

NEW YORK, Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter).

Nine secretaries and aides are busy from morning until night attending to telephone calls and handling mail for Pandit Nehru, the volume of which increases as the Prime Minister's tour goes forward.

A spokesman for Pandit Nehru's party said that a dozen telephones kept at the disposal of the visitors at the Park Avenue Hotel were ringing almost incessantly at all hours of the day and night.

CRIME DAY

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18. (UPI).

IN pursuance of their drive to check crime on railways, the Delhi Railway Police observed Saturday, October 15, as an "All Crime Day" throughout the Delhi division of the East Punjab Railway and the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

Simultaneous raids were organised at all important railway stations on this sections, and a large number of defaulters were brought to book.

Over 1,400 passengers were detected travelling without tickets and a fine of Rs. 4,369/- was realised from them on the spot.

About seven seers of contraband opium was also seized by the police.

NEW EVACUEE ORDINANCE

Terms Made Milder

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18. (PTI): The new Indian Evacuee Property Ordinance issued today (text on page three) makes the provisions of the previous law much milder not only in regard to the definition of "Evacuee" and "Evacuee Property", but also in regard to matters of procedure and appeals, it is officially stated.

Political circles feel that the ordinance constitutes a large concession made to the demands of Indian Muslims, and is a triumph for the Jamiat-Ulema-I-Hind which has been carrying on a "raging and tearing" campaign for the amendment of the Indian law.

On the other hand, the new Pakistan ordinance on evacuee property, issued three days ago, seeks, according to official circles, to legalise what has been done so far, namely, confiscating all non-Muslim property in west Pakistan. It makes the law more strict, and is expected to lead to the squeezing out of the remaining Hindus and Sikhs. In fact, large scale exodus of non-Muslims still left in Sind started when Pakistan began confiscating all non-Muslim property in that Dominion—law or no law.

MORE STRINGENT

Simultaneously with the promulgation of the Evacuee Property Ordinance, the Pakistan Government have also promulgated the Pakistan (Economic Rehabilitation) Amendment Ordinance of 1949, which replaces a similar ordinance promulgated last year. This ordinance has no parallel legislation in India and some of its confiscatory provisions exceed in rigour even those of the evacuee property ordinance.

An official spokesman said: "Under last year's Pakistan Economic Rehabilitation Ordinance, the rehabilitation authorities had power to requisition any property for the purpose of the rehabilitation of refugees. Under the present ordinance, powers have been given to the rehabilitation authorities to take over any property and allot it to 'any person' not only for the rehabilitation of refugees but also for 'social and economic rehabilitation in Pakistan' — which is obviously meant to cover all confiscation under any excuse"

"Under this legislation, he added, those Hindus and Sikhs who cannot be 'roped' in even under the new Evacuee Ordinance will be 'collared' and their properties requisitioned — of course, for social and economic rehabilitation in Pakistan without payment of any compensation".

Nehru Meets U.S. Experts

FAIR DEAL ASSURED TO CAPITAL

NEW YORK, October 18 (PTI-Reuter).

Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today took advantage of a less than usually crowded programme to discuss India's industrialisation plans with prominent United States engineers and industrial planners.

One of those who met Pandit Nehru today was a high executive of the United States Steel Corporation. Another was an engineer with experience of some big construction projects undertaken by the United States Government. This morning's talks were understood mostly to have ranged in the field of heavy industry.

During the seven days he has spent in the United States to date, the only other industrial expert with whom Pandit Nehru has had talks was Mr. David E. Lilienthal, former Chairman of the Tennessee Valley Authority.

Further opportunities to discuss economic subjects concerning India, particularly foreign investment and trade promotion, will occur when Pandit Nehru attends a dinner tomorrow given by the National Council of Foreign Trade and the Far East American Council of Commerce, two of the leading American trade associations in the United States.

MAIN CONCERN

Pandit Nehru has made it clear more than once during this tour that one of the primary objectives of the Indian Government is to raise the standard of living of the Indian people by increasing industrial and agricultural out-put.

He has also stressed that the Indian Government would give fair treatment to American capital invested in India.

As Pandit Nehru's tour goes forward he is expected to pursue these talks with American industrialists and economists at Chicago, San Francisco and Sulphur White Springs, West Virginia.

Pandit Nehru was guest of honour today at the weekly luncheon meeting of the Overseas Press Club of America. The Club, whose membership comprises American newspaper men, radio commentators and magazine writers who had covered assignments abroad, was founded ten years ago.

Distinguished statesmen from all parts of the world had addressed its luncheon meetings, but never in the **Club's history has the attendance at a meeting been so large as today's function to honour Pandit Nehru. More than 550 guests attended the luncheon at the Savoy Plaza Hotel, overlooking Central Park.**

Mr. Frank Kelley, National Editor of 'The New York Herald Tribune', who is the Club's President received the Prime Minister and his party on their arrival at the hotel.

Tonight Pandit Nehru is attending a reception given by John Day Company, publishers of his books.

The Greatest Honour

NEW YORK, October 18. (P.T.I.-Reuter).

AT the Columbia University convocation, Pandit Nehru said: "I shall prize the honour of being a fellow member with you of this great University, above the other honours that have come my way".

He believed that the honour had been conferred upon him not as an individual but "as a symbol and representative of India".

"Forgetting myself for a moment", he added, "I thank you on behalf of my people".

At these words of the Indian Prime Minister, the Assembly broke into the first sustained applause that had marked the evening's proceedings and the cheers lasted for several minutes.

(Text of speech on page 11)

SLIM AT PALAM

Field Marshal Sir William J. Slim, Chief of the Imperial General Staff who arrived in New Delhi on October 16 is seen with Gen. K. M. Cariappa (centre) and Sir Archibald Nye, U. K's High Commissioner in India (right) at Palam airfield.

ANOTHER ABSCONDER ARRESTED

Accused In Mahatma Murder Case

GWALIOR, Oct. 18 (PTI)—Gangadhar Jadav, an absconder in the Gandhi Murder Case, was arrested here this morning.

He is the second absconder in the case to be arrested. The other Gangadhar Sakharam Dandwate, was arrested here on August 1.

The only absconder in the case still at large is Suraj Deo Sharma.

TEAR GAS TO DISPERSE WOMEN'S PROCESSION

Demonstration In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18. (PTI).

THE Calcutta police used tear gas to disperse a women's procession on Bow Bazar Street this evening.

Following a meeting at Muhammad Ali Park, organised by the Mahila Atma Raksha Samity, a Communist body, a large number of women assembled in front of the office of the Sugar Syndicate on Harrison Road and started a demonstration demanding sugar. The police soon arrived on the spot and dispersed the crowd.

After a short while, the women reassembled and paraded the main thoroughfares of North Calcutta in a procession demanding sugar, salt and other essential commodities. When they reached the crossing of Bow Bazar Street, the processionists were intercepted by the police, who dispersed them by firing several rounds of tear gas.

THEY WANT JOBS

Demonstrations Before Dr. Roy

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18, (PTI): About two hundred unemployed youngmen staged a demonstration in front of the Wellington Street residence of the West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, this afternoon demanding employment. The police soon arrived on the spot and dispersed them by a lathi charge.

It is stated that hearing that several persons were to be recruited to the Police Department, many unemployed youngmen assembled near the police headquarters at Lal Bazar. But when told that only Scheduled Caste candidates would be recruited, they proceeded towards Dr. Roy's House, shouting slogans.

BOMBAY HAD ANTICIPATED SUGAR CRISIS

Efforts To Obtain Extra Stocks Proved Fruitless

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE inside story of the sugar muddle, has now come to light. When the sugar position tended to grow desperate about a month or so ago, the Government of Bombay, anticipating a crisis, it is learnt, made frantic efforts to obtain extra stocks from the Government of India, over and above the Centre's allocation.

The efforts failed. The Centre seems to have made out to the Provincial Government, that it was very improper to accord any special treatment in the distribution of sugar to any one particular Province or State and they feared that sugar shortage would be general throughout the country with the exception of sugar producing areas.

They are also learnt to have anticipated that this decline in the supplies of sugar would progressively worsen, reaching the peak of short supplies about the Divali week.

INADEQUATE

When the Provincial Government's dseperate efforts to woe the Centre for augmented sugar stocks proved abortive, the Minister for Civil Supplies, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai is said to have concentrated on the question of rationing sugar.

He was informed by his department that the quantum of sugar available for distribution till the next crushing season was quite small, and hence the rationing of sugar would work out to a totally inadequate quota per head. The department raised no objections beyond stating the factual position.

As the problem was very delicate, and a multiplicity of angles were involved in it, the Minister thought that the decision to ration sugar could not be taken on a mere executive order. Hence, he is learnt to have consulted the Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, who is also the Leader of the Bombay Legislature Congress Party.

OPPOSITION

After preliminary discussions a secret informal meeting of the Congress Party in the Assembly was convened it is learnt. The reaction of the Party, to the innocuous proposal to introduce rationing, it is further learnt was both unexpected and startling in the amount of opposition and vehemence it engendered.

The members are learnt to have debated the matter at length and finally decided with a good majority, that sugar rationing must not be resorted to, as this was one more spanner in the wheel of private enterprise, which had already suffered greatly on account of controls and Government trading.

In the face of such united opposition, the Minister was helpless and no rationing was introduced. But, the steep deterioration of the last few days and the profiteering antics of the merchants in Bombay, virtually forced Government hands and they introduced a luke warm substitute to rationing-controlled distribution!

ZAMINDARI ABOLITION FUND

Pandit Pant Satisfied With Progress

LUCKNOW, Oct. 18, (PTI): Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of the United Province told pressmen today that he was satisfied with the progress of the Zamindari Abolition Fund drive launched by the Government in October last.

The Premier disclosed that the total collections for the fund naa exceeded Rs. 75,00,000.

Pandit Pant said: "We have full confidence that the drive will be a success. The season, however, in which the drive has been launched is particularly a dull season. Nevertheless, as soon as the sugar and kharif crops are sold and the money starts coming into the pockets of cultivators the drive will get considerable momentum".

Pandit Pant reiterated his Government's pledge to the Kisans to abolish the Zamindari system in the Province within a year.

Pakistans Watch War Rehearsal

KARACHI, October 18 (U.P.I.): Over 25,000 peoples watched this afternoon under scorching sun, for full 65 minutes units of the Pakistan armed forces in action, at Clifton Beach on the first day of the four-day combined operational exercises.

The demonstration is the first in the Pakistan's history, though it is in fact, a revival of the pre-war practice of instructional combined operations for students of the Quetta Staff college. Today's exercise was designed to show to the students the technique of assault landing of infantry battalion, supported by Navy, and Air Force. The Royal Pak Air Force, reared in the skies and battered "enemy positions".

Women Prisoners Let Out On Bail

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18 (API)—Three women under-trial prisoners, whose non-classification was stated to be the cause of a hunger-strike by eleven women security prisoners in the Alipore Presidency Jail for the past five days, have since been released on bail.

They were, it is stated, arrested in connection with some petty cases having no political bearing.

WEST BENGAL GOING AHEAD WITH ELECTION PLANS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18. (U.P.I.).

"WE are going ahead with our election proposal" the West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy told a press conference here today.

The Premier returned from New Delhi yesterday, but he left an officer of the Province there to continue discussions with the central authorities about details of the order to be issued by the Governor-General for General Elections in West Bengal.

The elections can take place only after the Governor-General has amended the present procedure of election and franchise rules. The date of the dissolution of the present West Bengal Assembly would be announced by the Provincial Governor after these changes were made, said Dr. Roy.

TWO ELECTIONS

The Premier further said that if, as had been envisaged by the President of the Constituent Assembly, elections under the new constitution throughout India were to be held in the winter of 1950-51, West Bengal might have to go to the polls twice during the year 1950.

The forthcoming special General **The forthcoming special General Elections in West Bengal and the first general elections under the new Constitution would cost the Province Rs. 15 lakhs and Rs. 26 lakhs respectively.**

WORST HIT PROVINCE

Switching on to another topic, Dr. Roy said that' West Bengal was the most affected province in India by the devaluation of the rupee. She had extensive trade connections with East Pakistan. The East Pakistan Government had demanded, he said, that payments for freight or fare from any station in Pakistan into West Bengal should be made in Pakistan money. But uptil now, there was no decision on the exchange rate between India and Pakistan currency. Therefore trade difficulties between the two Bengals had become more acute.

Dr. Roy also spoke on sugar and announced that according to assurances he had received from important sugar mill owners, there would be plenty of sugar for West Bengal from early December. He had also pursuaded the Centre to allot more quantities to the province.

2 Killed While Hoisting Country Craft Sails

KARWAR, Oct. 17 (PTI)—Two members of the crew of a country craft were crushed to death under the sails when the latter gave way while being hoisted.

The country craft coming from Goa was about to sail from the Karwar coast when the accident occurred.

MEASURES TO MEET DEVALUATION

Committee Constituted

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18 (UPI)—An Ad Hoc Committee has been constituted by the Govt. of India, to consider the measures that should be taken to meet the problems created by the devaluation of the rupee and to review the progress made in the implementation of these measures.

The decision to appoint such an Ad Hoc Committee it will be remembered was announced by the Finance Minister Dr. Matthai while replying to the recent debate on devaluation in the Indian Parliament.

The Committee will consist of the Finance Minister, the Commerce Minister for Parliamentary Affairs, Shree T. T. Krishnamachari, Shree R. N. Goenka, Shree B. L. Sondhi, Shree M. Ananthasayanam Ayangar, Pandit H. N. Kunzru, Shree Khandubhai Desai, Shree B. Das, Shree K. M. Munshi, Shrimati Renuka Ray and Shree Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

POLICEMEN FAST FOR THEIR CHIEF

PATNA, Oct. 18 (PTI)—About one hundred policeman, including local jail warders, are reported to have fasted for 24 hours from 9 p.m. last night in sympathy with Pandit Ramanand Tiwari, the former President of the Bihar Policemen's Association, who was sentenced here yesterday to ten years' transportation on a charge of inciting the police mutiny of March 1947.

The fast was peaceful and the policemen attended to their duties. Policemen and jail warders of Arrah also went on a similar fast according to reports received here.

EMERGENCY PLAN FOR BRITAIN

Announcement On Monday

LONDON, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter):—Britain's emergency economic programme made necessary by devaluation will be announced next Monday.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee will make the announcement in Parliament, Mr. Herbert Morrison, leader of the House of Commons, said today.

Mr. Attlee and Sir Stafford Crippa, Chancellor of the Exchequer, are tomorrow meeting the 392-strong Parliamentary Labour Party to give a broad outline of Government intentions and seek "a doctor's mandate" for dealing with the post-devaluation economic position.

Reds Murder Five

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 18 (UPI)—Five persons were murdered last night in Madapalli village Madhira Taluka, in Warangal District by the Telangana Communists according to a telegram just received by the President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee. The names of the deceased are Messrs. Samenani Papiah, Venkatappaiah, Ramakotiah, Sitaramiah, and Chinna Ramiah.

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M. T. B. College, Surat: Applications stating age, qualifications, experience and the minimum salary are invited for the post of a Demonstrator in Biology and should reach the Principal latest by 25th October. 6010

Wanted Lady Doctor to conduct dispensary independently in Bombay. General practice experience essential. Apply Box No. 1252. "Bombay Chronicle".

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Gentleman presently in Hongkong wishes to join a well reputed and established commercial house in India, Pakistan or abroad. Can hold position of responsibility. Age 30. Experience 10 years. Contact Box No. 1231, "Bombay Chronicle".

MEDICAL ADLET

Fruito-Sol Drives Away Indigestion, Constipation. Avoids Scurvey, Rickets, Beri-Beri, Purifies Blood, Invigorates Body. Stockists Wanted Immediately. Apply: Mail-India, Bombay, 19. 1265

A most powerful and well-renowned Asthma extraordinary herb for more than 150 years, founded by a Sidha Mahatma, to be taken once in a month on full moon night: 5-11-49. Correspondence in English: Mahatma S. K. Dass, Sree Sant Sewa Ashram, P.O. Chitrakot, (Banda.). 1257

A very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 5-11-49 full moon. Apply in English: Shree Mahatma Maunibaba, Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U. P. 1259

Chitrakot Hills Herbs for Asthma Cure. A most powerful and highly effective world renowned remedy which cures Asthma in a single dose to be taken on 5-11-49, full moon night. Apply in English to: Manager, Shri Mahatma Gandhi Ayurvedashram, P.O. Chitrakot, U. P. 1258

A most powerful, highly effective and world renowned remedy for Asthma. "Asthma Relief Chitrakot Kamad Hills Herbs" relieves Asthma radically by one single dose. Taken on 5-11-49 full moon. Correspondence in English. Mahatma Tapsi Baba, Ramgufa, P.O. Chitrakot (Banda), U. P. 1260

Shri Chitrakot Asthma Relieving Herb. The most powerful, best and world's renowned Herb cures Asthma radically by using once on 'Kartik Sharad Purnima' (Full moon) 5-11-49 Correspond at once in English or Hindi: Swami Sachchidanand, Swarg Ashram, Pilikothi, Chitrakot, U.P. 1261

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PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT Controller 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on prescribed form upto 3 p.m on 24-10-1949 for the purchase of surplus stocks of Tea Packets, Hamam Toilet Soap and Ready Made Army Garments at the Railway Grainshop Godowns indicated below:

TEA PACKETS: Wadi Bandar 10200 lbs., Igatpuri 200 lbs., Manmad 500 lbs., Bhusaval 400 lbs., Nagpur 1700 lbs., Jhansi 77 lbs. and Agra Cantt. 45 lbs.

HAMAM TOILET SOAP: Wadi Bandar 3168 cakes and Poona 1600 cakes.

READY MADE ARMY GARMENTS: Wadi Bandar—Khaki Shirts 19267, White Shirts 7074 and Khaki Coats 57

Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller Grainshops G.I.P Railway, at Poona|Nagpur|Jhansi

6029

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS are invited for works in connection with the construction of uncleared goods Warehouse, Alexander Dock. The Warehouse is approximately 400 ft. long x 120 ft. wide x 48 ft. high. The works to be tendered are as under:—

(I)—Part III— Superstructure—comprising block work in walls, R.C.C. floor slabs, brick nogged walls, steel work in offices and pinjras, R.C.C. steps in staircases, teakwood doors, steel platted sliding doors, etc.

(II)—Part IV—Roads and Drainage — comprising R.C.C. Roadway, laying Hume pipe drains and constructing manholes and water gullies.

Conditions of Contract, Drawings, Specification, Schedules of Quantities and Rates, Form of Tender etc. can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer, on payment of Rs. 30/- per set for each part.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 5,000/- for part III and Rs. 500/- for part IV as earnest money. The earnest monies will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders which are to remain open until disposed of by the Trustees will be received upto 1-00 P.M. (S.T.) on Monday the 14th November 1949.

Ag: CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.

(6043)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS are invited for Annual Petty Works on Bombay Port Trust Estates for the General Works Southern and Northern Divisions and Railway Department for the financial year 1949-50.

Conditions of Contract, Schedule of Quantities and Rates and Form of Tender can be obtained at the Office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 3/-.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a sum of Rs. 300/- for General Works Southern Division, Rs. 200/- for General Works Nothern Division and Rs. 100/- for Railway Department as earnest money. The earnest money will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders which are to remain open until disposed of by the Trustees will be received upto 1-00 P.M. (S.T.) on Monday the 31st October 1949.

Ag: CHIEF ENGINEER
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

(6042)

No. 86 SECRETARY, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, WEST BENGAL

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form with a treasury chalan for Rs. 5/- under the head "XXXVI —Misc.—Receipts of the Public Service Commission, West Bengal" not later than the 10TH NOVEMBER, 1949 to fill a post of Professor of Geology in the West Bengal Senior Educational Service (Men's Branch). Pay Rs. 300-1000 per month. The initial pay of an officer already holding a substantive appointment in the Education Department, Government of West Bengal, if selected, will be regulated under the normal rules of the Department. Otherwise, the initial pay will be fixed on the basis of age upto 35 years (Rs. 550/-). Qualifications—A first class Master's degree of an Indian or a foreign University, or a first class Honours degree of a foreign University, or a Doctorate degree of an Indian or a foreign University with a first class Honours or second class Master's degree. Evidence of experience in Geological mapping and of having conducted significant research work in Geology must be produced: experience of teaching Honours or Post-graduate classes in the subject will be an additional qualification: age ordinarily not more than 45 years on the 1st November, 1949, relaxable in the case of a candidate possessing exceptionally high qualifications. The age limit will not apply to permanent Government servants. Particulars obtainable from the office of the Commission, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta 27, personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed application form priced annas two each will be available from all District Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal, the Sales Depot of the Publication Branch, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta. Persons residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form from the office of the Commission o sending the price in postage stamps.

(6050)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING RE: DIWALI CELEBRATION 1949.

IT IS ANTICIPATED that owing to temporary illuminations and preliminary trials in connection with the Diwali Celebrations there will be a heavy demand for Electric Power on our Distribution System on the nights of 19th 20th, 21st and 22nd October 1949. I, therefore, request you kindly to co-operate with us by not taking Electric Supply for motive power purposes and by reducing the use of Electricity for other purposes to the minimum possible between the hours of 6 p.m. and 10 p.m. on these days.

Thanking you.

J. P. L. SHENOY,
General Manager.

6019

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY
REVISION OF WHARFAGE CHARGES

WITH effect from November 1, 1949, the rate of wharfage on inward and outward goods of any description (except two or four-wheeled carriages, motor cars, palanquins and animals) at stations on this Railway will be as under:—

Circumstances.	Time allowed free.	Station.	Rate per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day in excess of free time.
(i) Outward consignments.		Wadi Bandar Byculla Dadar	Two annas for the first 24 hours. Two annas six pies for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Four annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
For goods brought to the Railway premises for despatch but not consigned.	Upto closing time of the day.	Jhansi Katnimurwara Jubbulpore Kalyan Amraoti Akola Khandwa Nagpur Belanganj Bilochpura Agra Cantt. Kurduwadi Satna Bhopal Gwalior Ahmednagar Belapur	One and half anna for the first 24 hours. Two annas for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Three annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
		Other stations	One anna for the first 24 hours. One anna six pies for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Two annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
(ii) Inward consignments. (Other than those mentioned in sub-para (iii) below)		Wadi Bandar Byculla Dadar	Two annas for the first 24 hours. Two annas six pies for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Four annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
On goods available for delivery.	Two days including the day on which goods are available for delivery	Jhansi Katnimurwara Jubbulpore Kalyan Amraoti Khandwa Akola Nagpur Belanganj Bilochpura Agra Cantt. Kurduwadi Satna Bhopal Gwalior Ahmednagar Belapur	One and half anna for the first 24 hours. Two annas for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Three annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
		Other stations.	One anna for the first 24 hours. One anna six pies for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Two annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
(iii) Goods requiring to be unloaded by owners and left on Railway premises after unloading.		Wadi Bandar Byculla Dadar	Two annas for the first 24 hours. Two annas six pies for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Four annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
If demurrage has accrued.	Two days including the day on which the wagon is unloaded.	Jhansi Katnimurwara Jubbulpore Kalyan Amraoti Akola Khandwa Nagpur Belanganj Bilochpura Agra Cantt. Kurduwadi Satna Bhopal Gwalior Ahmednagar Belapur	One and half anna for the first 24 hours. Two annas for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Three annas for each subsequent 24 hours.
If no demurrage has accrued.	Two days including the day on which free time allowed for calculation of demurrage expires.	Other stations.	One anna for the first 24 hours. One anna six pies for the next 24 hours or part thereof. Two annas for each subsequent 24 hours.

N.B.—For goods traffic of the following descriptions the amount of wharfage leviable will be ONE-THIRD of the total amount of wharfage calculated under these rules.—

Traffic in tank wagons, minerals, charcoal, stone, sand, ballast, timber, rafters, bullies, bamboos, coal and bricks.

(6038)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
AUCTION SALE NOTICE

EMPTIES and condemned commodities available at the Railway Grainshops will be sold by auction at Byculla Goods Shed at 14 hrs. and at Shed No. 3 Wadi Bandar at 11 hrs. on 25th October 1949. Conditions governing the auction and other particulars may be obtained free of charge from the office of the Dist. Controller 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T.

6030

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY LIMITED.

WANTED a Senior Chemical Assistant for the C. B. & C. R. Sub-Committee in the grade of Rs. 230-15-305 p.m. plus other temporary allowances as per rules. Candidates must be graduates in chemistry (preferably Honours degree) of any recognised University, and must have, in addition, previous laboratory experience of not less than 3 years. The selected candidate will be on probation for 6 months. Applications stating age, qualifications and experience must reach the Supdt. Labour Bureau, Tisco., Jamshedpur on or before the 31st October, 1949.

6044

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DIST. CONTROLLER Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 1 p.m. on 29-10-49 for the purchase of empties and condemned Commodities at the Railway's Grainshop Godowns at Thana and Kalyan. Stocks may be inspected by the intending purchasers at the Godowns on working days between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

(6051)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. B 9312 for 5 Share(s) No.(s) 191556/200 in the Reserve Bank of India originally issued in the name of Mr. Mani Shankar Govindram since has been lost, stolen or mislaid and that a claim to the compensation payable by the Government of India on these shares has been lodged with the Reserve Bank of India by the undersigned. It is hereby informed that no other person shall have any claim to the said compensation.

DHANSUKHLAL MANISHANKAR GOVINDRAM
Administrator to the estate of the late Manishankar Govindram.
CLAIMANT.

1262

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 2-12-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of DEPUTY EDUCATIONAL INSPECTOR FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION. WOMEN NOT ELIGIBLE FOR THE POST. PAY: Rs. 200-650 PLUS cost of living, house rent, compensatory and travelling allowances as admissible. Higher starting pay admissible. AGE:—Direct recruits should be not less than 23 years and not more than 35 years on 1-2-1950 The age limit relaxable in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS:—(1) a degree of a recognised university, (2) a degree or diploma in physical education of a recognised university or of a military school, (3) teaching experience in an educational institution and (4) experience of directing, organising and/or teaching physical education and/or military training.

Application forms supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form of application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

(6041)

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COMPANIES, LTD.

NOTICE

THE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 8th NOVEMBER to MONDAY, the 28th NOVEMBER, 1949, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For The Associated Cement Companies, Ltd.,
CEMENT AGENCIES, LTD.
Managing Agents,
J. H. PATEL,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 30th September, 1949.

(6040)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Analyser under the Food Controller, Bombay, on Rs. 160-15-220 PLUS Dearness Allowance admissible under Government rules.

QUALIFICATIONS:— Matriculate with practical experience of analysis of foodgrains for 3 years in recognised Government institutions or important private firms dealing in these grains.

AGE:— Not more than 25 years.

Applications stating educational qualifications, age, domicile and experience etc. should reach the Food Controller, New India Assurance Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay, before 1st November, 1949.

(6049)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Summary Suit No. 736 of 1949.

SIR KASTURCHAND LIMITED. ..... Plaintiffs

Versus

(1) SINGHAM BROTHERS and CO. (INDIA) LTD., and (2) V. S. C. SINGHAM, Bombay. ..... Defendants

GEORGE VI, etc.

GREETING;

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for the sum of Rs. 43,862-1-0 being the amount due and payable by you the Defendants to the Plaintiffs at the foot of the demand promissory note, dated the 4th March, 1948, executed by you in favour of the Plaintiffs, with further interest on Rs. 39,423-12-0 at the rate of nine per cent per annum from 16th May, 1949, till judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment at the rate of 4 per cent per annum till payment.

You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the Plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 43,862-1-0 and interest as aforesaid and Rs. 250 as costs, together with such interest, if any, as the Court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a Summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend the Suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the Court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Witness MAHOMEDALI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 15th day of June, 1949.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) K. N. DAJI,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd.) K. N. DAJI,
Sealer.

The 15th day of June, 1949.

Messrs. AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

6045

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY TENDERS

THE QUANTITY of axle box dust shields against tenders invited by the General Manager, G. I. P. Railway, which appeared in this paper on 17-10-1949 should be read as 10,000 instead of 18,000.

6021

LEGAL NOTICES

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(Order 5, Rule 1 and 5)

IN THE COURT OF CIVIL JUDGE CLASS I DAMOH EMPOWERED U|S. 18 C. P. COURTS ACT.

Suit No. 23 of 1949.

(1) NATHURAM, s o Ajodhyaprasad (2) RAMSHANKER s.o Nathuram, (3) RAMPRASAD, s/o Nathuram, Agrawal Banias, Grocers of Damoh, Dist. Saugor. C. P. ..... Plaintiffs.

Versus

AGARWAL AND SONS, 428, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS the plaintiffs have instituted a suit against you for Rs. 600, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the 25th day of November, 1949, at 11 o'clock, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the documents upon which, you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 13th day of October, 1949.

(Sd.) .....
JUDGE.

Seal.

6046

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT GHOD BUNDER ROAD, OPP. PODAR STREET, SANTA CRUZ.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 1807 of 1946 (Talpade vs. Talpade) M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 4-11-49 at 4 P.M. (S. T.) on the premises:—

Non-agricultural land with premises at Ghod Bunder Road, about 2,241 sq. yards, being final plot No. 7 of scheme No. 11 of the Santa Cruz Town Planning Scheme, bearing Survey No. 288.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to M|s. Cama & Jayakar Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

MISSING

BHUPATRAI K. LAKHANI. no news since departure Anxious, contact us immediately.

SHIVA GLASS WORKS CO., LTD.
32E Jackson Lane,
CALCUTTA 1.

CANTHARIDINE HAIR OIL

Superfine Hair Toilet and Hair Tonic

Efficacious in DANDRUFF, THINNING HAIR, PREMATURE GREYNESS and all other diseases of and Hair and Scalp

BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA : : BOMBAY

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY. Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

DARING ROBBERY ATTEMPT FOILED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A daring attempt at robbery was foiled by the timely arrival of a police constable at Charni Road Garden yesterday at about 9-30 p.m. The victim, a Bengali youth shouted for help when his gold chain and other valuables were being forcibly removed at the point of a knife.

It would seem that the boy, while waiting to purchase a ticket at Roxy Cinema House was accosted by one Sultan Abrar, an ex-police constable. The boy was frightened out of his wits when the ex-police constable told him that he would be taken to the police station. The boy accompanied him upto the Charni Road Garden where the accused and other members of his gang forcibly removed all his valuables such as gold chains, watch and a camera worth about Rs. 1,000. It is said that the accused and his accomplices had been operating in the Opera House and Charni Road localities and robbed lonely pedestrians.

A police constable rushed to his help when he heard piteous cries for help and arrested the accused though he made a bold bid for liberty.

CASHIER'S APPEAL DISMISSED

Sentence Of Two Years' Imprisonment Confirmed

An appeal filed by Joseph Alexander a cashier in a retail shop against the conviction and sentence of two years' rigorous imprisonment imposed on him by a Presidency Magistrate on a charge of criminal breach of trust, in respect of a sum of Rs. 7,418 was dismissed by Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and Mr Justice Chainani of the Bombay High Court.

The prosecution alleged that Alexander, whose duty it was to prepare cash memoes and receive cash and to deposit the amount collected, in the Reserve Bank of India, had, between February 24, 1949, and March 11, 1949 misappropriated a sum of Rs. 7,418. He was charged with offence along with Sitaram Gopal, a peon of the shop.

The cashier's contention was that he he had sent the money to the Reserve Bank with the peon. The magistrate however refused to believe his story and convicted him.

In his appeal to the High Court, Alexander argued that although he might be guilty of negligence, he was not guilty of the offence with which he was charged.

Their Lordships however rejected the appeal. They also rejected the appeal filed by the Government against the acquittal order passed by the lower court in regard to Sitaram Gopal.

WOMAN PICKPOCKET ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Pick-pocketing has ceased to be a monopoly of man, with an intrepid middle-aged woman venturing to take up the "lucrative" profession in the City.

The alleged pic-pocket, Josephine Sullivan, it is reported, accosted a young well-dressed man on a pavement, near the Royal Institute of Science, yesterday evening, and gave him a push. The youngman felt a jerk in his pocket and found that his wallet containing Rs. 30 was missing. Throwing chivalry to the winds, he gave the woman a hot chase and apprehended her. She was later handed over to the Colaba Police.

Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court refused today, to grant her bail and ordered her to be remanded to police custody.

BOY DIES OF ACCIDENT

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A young boy of eleven, Vallabhji Ramji, lost his life as the result of a freakish accident exactly 12 hours to the minute, after he sustained a serious injury to his skull.

At 2-15 p.m. yesterday, Vallabhji was playing on the first floor of Anand Bhuvan, Chinchbunder Road, where he was residing with his parents. The boy who it is understood was busily engrossed in his playful pursuits was suddenly attracted by the terrific noise of the engines of a lorry parked in a garage 200 yards away as there was some disturbance in the mechanism of the vehicle. Curiosity made the youngster lean out of the balcony to see what was the matter. It was no ordinary fate that had called the boy to the spot because death was stalking in the place, lying in wait for him. The lorry buckhred and a fly-wheel of the same got disentangled from the machinery and shot forth about 200 yards and hit the boy fracturing the skull fatally.

The boy was immediately rushed to the J.J. Hospital where he was treated. Early this morning, however, despite the best efforts of the medical staff of the hospital, including the surgeon, the boy succumbed to his injuries. The time of his expiry was noted down as exactly 2-15 a.m.

PUBLIC TRUSTS AND CHARITIES

Saurashtra Govt. Appoints Two Inquiry Committees

RAJKOT, Oct. 18. (PTI): A committee of seven with Mr. U. N. Dhebar, Chief Minister as Chairman has been appointed to inquire into public reserve fund trusts existing in the State. The committee will scrutinise the manner in which such money is being utilised as also the merits or otherwise.

Another committee of seven with Mr. Jadavji Modi as Chairman has been constituted to go into the question of charities, endowments and gifts and the manner in which they are being used.

The Government officers and public have been requested to supply the necessary information to facilitate the work of the two committees.

Digitized by financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

Provincial Health Board

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has slightly modified the personnel of the Board of Health. The Minister for Public Works is a member of the Board and the Deputy Secretary to Government, Health and Local Government, one of the two Joint Secretaries. The other Joint Secretary is the Deputy Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Roads and Buildings.

The office of the Board will be in the Health and Local Government Department, Secretariat, Bombay.

Prizes For Tree-Planting

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Prizes for tree-planting have been announced in five more districts. They are for the highest number of trees planted and reared in the districts during the period from June 1 to October 31, 1948. The following are the villages which got prizes:—

Ahmednagar district: Ashwi (1); Babhulwada (2).

East Khandesh district: Pathri (1); Undirkhede (2); Varkhedi (3).

West Khandesh district: Kapadne (1).

Satara district: Salshinge (1); Bhilar (2); Kurlop (3).

Belgaum district: Gundwad (1).

The first prize is of Rs. 100, the second of Rs. 60 and the third of Rs. 40.

****

WORLD FAMOUS

PROF. S. A. MAZRA

FROM SINGAPORE

is now here on a short visit.

SPECIALIST IN

Astro-Palmistry, Spiritualism and in Horoscope Reading. For telling the future a master of art. Reader of Many famous hands. Some of the testimonials from

Lady Louise Mantabbatten,
George Benard Shah,
Robert Hitchens,

The Begum Agha Khan's testimonial is perhaps the most striking. She says "GOD KNOWS AND MAZRA KNOWS."

Consult him for your future luck & other problems which worry you.

Room No. 43, ORIENT HOTEL,
Opp: Crawford Market, Bombay 3.
Time 9 to 12 & 3 to 8 p.m.

****

GLORIOUS MUSIC!
A. R. KARDAR'S

Dillagi

Music: NAUSHAD
Starring: SURAIYA, SHYAM.
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.

LIBERTY Plans open 10 to 8 p.m.

WHEN GOD COMES DOWN!
IN IMPRESSIVE FORM

NARSINH AVATAR
NARSINH AVATAR
NARSINH AVATAR

A W.I.T. Ltd. Minerva Picture
Produced and directed by
SOHRAB MODI

CENTRAL 3rd WEEK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30; Sun. Hol. Mat. 12-30.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6.

17TH WEEK in Bombay!

Life's memorable screen show

Gopinath

RAJ, TRIPATI, LATIKA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Daily, 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

PRAKASH'S SOCIAL
SAWAN BHADO
MUNAWAR SULTANA,
6TH WEEK
LAMINGTON
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-45.
Fri., Sat., Sun. Mat. 12-45.
An Evergreen Release.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Asoe Vad 12, 2005.
Muslim: Zilhej 26, 1368,
Parsi: Ardibehesht 17, 1319.
Sunrise 6-34 a.m., Sunset 6-14 p.m.
Hightide 09-44, 22-12, Lowtide 03-18, 16-06.

STANDING COMMITTEE, Municipal Corporation Hall at 3-40 p.m.

Today's Engagements

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION, Mr. H.M. Trivedi will speak on Foreign Capital for economic development of India at Association Hall at 6-15 p.m.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, Mr. C. H. Timberlake, Consul General U.S.A. in Bombay will speak on 'American Civilisation' at Wodehouse Road at 6-30 p.m.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA, Farewell function in honour of Mr. N. P. Bolar Deputy Manager who is retiring from the Bank's services.

BHARTIYA VIDAY BHUWAN, Shri Shradha Mata will speak on Bharatiya Civilization at 5-30 p.m.

At a meeting of several representatives of Social Reform Associations which was held in the Servants of India Society it was decided to hold a provincial conference in support of the Hindu Code Bill some time between December 10 and January 10. A provisional organising committee with Mr. N. M. Joshi as Chairman and Mr. T. A. Kulkarni as Secretary has been formed. It was also decided to form a Reception Committee.

Girl Guides Rally

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A rally of the girl guides belonging to the municipal schools for the city will be held next month. There will also be sports for all the children attending municipal schools, for which an elaborate programme has been drawn up.

The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee at its meeting today sanctioned a sum of Rs. 800 to meet the expense for the rally. The Committee also sanctioned a further sum of Rs. 600 for prizes to be distributed among the winners of different sports items. Mrs. Sulochana Mody presided.

THUNDER RAIN IN ASSAM

All-India Weather

POONA, Oct. 18. (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, October 18:

Yesterday's trough of low pressure in the East Arabian Sea off the Konkan coast has slightly moved northwestwards and lies this morning off the Kathiawar-North Konkan coast and is less marked.

Thunder rain has been widespread in Assam and Mysore and over the region extending from the North Bombay Deccan to the north-east Central Provinces. Local thundershowers have occured in Chota Nagpur, the South Bombay Deccan and the Madras Presidency outside Malabar. A few thunder-showers have also been reported from Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Hyderabad and Malabar.

Night temperatures were appreciably above normal in Gujerat, the Central parts of the country, the United Provinces and north-east India outside Gangetic West Bengal and markedly so in and near the east United Provinces and Gujerat.

Forecast valid until Wednesday evening: Local thunder-showers are likely in Malabar, Mysore and the interior of south-east Madras. Scattered thunder-showers will occur in sub-Himalayan West Bengal and in the rest of the Peninsula outside east Hyderabad.

Heavy Rainfall Warning: Scattered heavy falls of rain will occur in and near the west Central Provinces during the next 24 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart:

Ahmedabad 98 81 0 0.3 plus 0.1; Ahmednagar 89 68 0.5 1.5 plus 0.2; Akola 90 73 1.4 4.6 plus 3.4; Allahabad 92 76 0 0.4 minus 1.2; Bangalore 80 66 0.3 5.4 plus 1.1; Baroda 96 75 0 0.1 minus 0.9; Belgaum 85 67 0 0 minus 3.2; Bhopal 88 72 0 3.7 plus 2.3; BOMBAY 89 78 0 1.3 plus 0.3; Calcutta 93 77 0 1.6 minus 1.9; Cherrapunji 68 60 0.1 4.2 minus 7.7; Cochin 86 75 1.3 5.2 minus 2.4; Delhi 96 65 0 0.1 minus 0.3; Hyderabad 91 74 T 0.2 minus 0.3; Indore 87 70 0 4.5 plus 3.7; Jubbulpore 87 72 0.1 4.1 plus 2.9; Kanpur 94 70 0 0.3 minus 1.8; Kodaikanal 61 51 0.3 5.5 minus 0.3; Kolhapur 91 70 0.1 0.3; Lucknow 94 71 0 0 minus 1.4; Madras 91 74 0.2 1.6 minus 3.9; Madura 93 74 T 0.8 minus 3.5; Mysore 94 67 1.2 3.5 minus 1.2; Nagpur 89 72 0.3 4.5 plus 3.3; Patna 93 81 0 0.1 minus 1.1; Rajkot 100 73 0 0.1 minus 0.3; Sholapur 89 68 0 0.8 minus 1.3; Surat 98 77 0 2.6 plus 1.8; Trichinopoly 91 72 0.6 3.1 minus 1.5; Trivandrum 87 73 0 7.3 minus 4.2

MARRIED WOMAN STABBED TO DEATH

Gallant Attempt To Save Father

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In a gallant attempt to save her aged father (60) and her young brother, a married girl of 22 lost her life yesterday when she was stabbed to death in the course of a wordy battle between the two members of her family and two others who were on inimical terms with them.

Savitribai Mahipat, who was residing with her father Rama Tukaram Savant and her brother Tukaram at Napean Sea Road, is the girl who lost her life thus.

There is a grim story behind this gruesome murder. Savitribai's father runs a boarding house at No. 5, Napean Sea Road, where mostly relatives are accommodated. The suspect Ganpat Jhiloo, was, it is said, a boarder in Tukaram's establishment. As he had failed to pay four months' boarding charges, he was sent out of the boarding house and had taken up residence not far away at 45, Napean Sea Road.

Yesterday when old man Tukaram went to Ganpat's new abode to recover his dues, it is said, he was insulted by the former and kicked out of the place. Humiliated, the old man returned home and narrated the same to his son and daughter.

Enraged at what had happened the son and the daughter accompanied the father to Ganpat's residence in the evening to recover the money and demand an apology for the insulting treatment.

Ganpat is said to have started a quarrel with them and refused to either pay or offer an apology, and when he assaulted along with another companion the two male members of the family, the girl is said to have boldly intervened and separated her brother who was badly assaulted by Ganpat and his associate.

After this quarrel was ended through the good offices of the girl, the three of them started for their home. But Ganpat is said to have followed them and entered into a fresh quarrel. This time the wordy battle grew into a violent affray. The girl again attempted to rescue her brother and father from the two assailants and in so doing, it is learnt, Ganpat whipped out a knife and stabbed her. She died on the way to the hospital.

The two suspects and his associate were arrested this morning and the knife is stated to have been recovered from them.

DEVALUATION HAS HELPED US

Chunilal Mehta's View

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The view that the depreciation of the value of the pound sterling and of the rupee, would be beneficial to a substantial extent both to Britain and India, if wages, prices and profits were not allowed to rise, was expressed by Sir Chunilal Bhaichand Mehta, at a meeting of the Rotary Club today.

Sir Chunilal said that the devaluation of the sterling was caused by two factors, the growing leakage in the Exchange Control as a result of foreign operators selling sterling commodities for a profit through the cheap blackmarket rate of the sterling, and the need to improve sterling exports to dollar areas. It had been calculated that the ultimate rise in Britain's cost of living owing to devaluation would be about five to six per cent. The most important beneficiary of devaluation was South Africa, which was the largest gold-producing country of the world.

But, if Britain wanted to maintain the advantages she had got by devaluation, she had to cut down Government expenditure, limit capital investment and provide incentives to export to dollar areas.

One clear effect of the devaluation of the pound on India's economy was the loss in the purchasing power of the sterling balances of India, held by Britain. It was only fair that Britain should consider compensating India for this. But, if India had not devalued her unfavourable trade balance would have deteriorated as most of her trade was with sterling area countries.

PUT CEILING ON WAGES

There was a great need in India to put a ceiling on wages, prices and profits, to curtail Government expenditure, reduce capital outlay and induce saving.

All these were necessary in order to derive the benefit of devaluation and there was not much chance of the cost of living in India rising appreciably due to devaluation, as there was very little dollar content in the cost of living index figure here.

Besides, the Indian rupee was already overvalued internally. There were two criteria to estimate the value of a currency, the internal cost of living and the internal price of gold. According to the first the rupee was worth one-third its pre-war value and according to the second it was about 40 per cent of its value.

OF PAKISTAN

Regarding Pakistan not devaluing her rupee, the speaker said that effects of this step were already visible. Pakistan cotton had declined 15 per cent. in price and jute 35 per cent. Tea planters of Eastern Pakistan were already feeling anxious as to how they would sell tea in their export market. Pakistan seemed to have based her decision on her present trade position and did not seem to have taken into account possible future effects arising out of the devaluation of many countries.

Pilgrims To Sonepur Mela To Note

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Intending pilgrims to the Sonepur mela, in Bihar, commencing from November 2 next, are advised to get themselves inoculated against cholera before proceeding for the mela and to carry with them the necessary inoculation certificates. They may apply to the District or Municipal Health Officers or Civil Surgeons for inoculation and certificates.

DO NOT HEED THE SOCIALIST CALL

Government's Defence Of Ban On Processions

A press-note issued by the Director of Publicity, says:

In view of the tension in Bombay City following the looting of some shops in two or three different localities last week, the Commissioner of Police has issued an order banning meetings and processions for seven days. This ban is due to expire at midnight of Thursday, October 20.

It is learnt that the Socialist Party in Bombay has, however, proposed to hold a meeting and take out a procession in defiance of this ban on Wednesday, October 19, to protest against the situation regarding sugar scarcity.

The efforts of the authorities to persuade the Socialists not to hold these demonstrations in the present atmosphere and to refrain from defying the law and exposing the general public to unnecessary hardships and risks, have proved fruitless.

In the circumstances, the Government of Bombay most earnestly appeals to all peace-loving citizens to have nothing to do with the procession or the meeting which are being organised in deliberate defiance of the law when there is still a certain degree of tension in the air.

SOCIALISTS' MOVE OF SUGAR HARTAL

"Peaceful" Procession

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The Secretaries of the Socialist Party (Bombay) have issued the following statement to the Press:—

"The acute problem of sugar scarcity and the consequent hardships faced by the common people are a direct result of the economic policy of the Government. To focus the attention of the public on the Government's economic policy detrimental to the best interest of the working people and to bring about the mobilisation of the common people on such a vital problem as the scarcity of sugar Socialist Party decided to organise a procession terminating in a mass rally, where the implications of the economic policy of the Government would have been explained to the people.

"The rally would have also served the most fruitful purpose of bringing home to the people the urgent need to observe austerity in the consumption of sugar when the problem threatens to be most acute. Such a mobilisation of the common people was completely foiled by the imposition of ban on public meetings and processions.

"Under such circumstances the only way left open to the Socialist Party, wedded to peaceful and democratic methods is to offer token Sathyagraha and raise the voice of protest against Government's economic policy. A batch of selected volunteers of the Socialist Party will offer a token Sathyagraha on Wednesday the 19th Oct. 1949 by taking out a peaceful procession from Kamgar Maidan at 5-30 p.m. The procession will be led by Com. G. G. Mehta member of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Branch of the Socialist Party. The procession will march towards Shivaji Park Maidan."

DISPUTE OVER SALE OF FILM

Interim Injunction Granted

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati)

M|s. Jamnadas Ltd.—Plaintiffs.

vs

The Bombay Talkies Ltd. & others —Defendants.

On an application made by the plaintiffs, his lordship granted an interim injunction pending the disposal of the Nttice of Motion, restraining the first defendants from selling the distribution rights in respects of the film entitled "Mahal" for the territories mentioned in the Agreement entered into between the first defendants and the plaintiffs, and also restraining the third defendants M|s. Kapurchand & Co. from purchasing those rights in respect of the said territories. His lordship fixed the hearing of the Motion for 11th November next.

On 5th October 1949 the third defendants made an offer of Rs. 8,25,000 for the purchase of the film for exhibition in India, Western Pakistan, Burma, Ceylon and the Far East. The second defendants Traders (1947) Ltd. claimed the option of a first refusal at the said price under an Agreement between them and the first defendants. The plaintiffs contended that the proposed sale would be in breach of the first defents' Agreement with them relating to distribution rights for the territories of Central Provinces and Central India.

Mr. M. V. Desai and Mr. K. T. Desai instructed by M|s. Dagholkar and Jeshtaram appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. J. T. Desai instructed by M|s. Kamdar & Co. appeared for defendant 2 and submitted to the ordere of the Court.

Mr. H. D. Banaji instructed by M|s. Haridas & Co. appeared for defendants 1 and 3.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.

BOMBAY—A

244 m. (1,231 kc/s), and 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Dattaram Parvatkar (Sarangi par Bibhah) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shobharani K. Hira (Bhajan aur geet) 8-45 News (G).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) and 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

12-45 p.m. Sarang Rang 12-50 Shobharani K. Hira (Geet) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Gilbert and Sullivan 1-55 Desert Song 2-10 Negro Spirituals 2-20 Music of New World.

244 m. (1,231 ks/s), 3141 m. (9,550 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m., 41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s) from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 G. T. Koppikar (Vocal) 5-30 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Mohammad Man Ragi Qawwal (Ghazal Ghalib) 6-30 Gulabbai Kagalkar from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m. 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 G. T. Koppikar (Vocal) 7-45 Kamkar Sabha (Vocal) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Verga's Trio 10-20 Paul Green 10-35 Verga's Trio

BOMBAY—B

353 m. (850 kc/s) and 41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Nasir Moinuddin Dangar (Hindol) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 N. V. Abhyankar (Ramkali).

353 m. (850 kc/c) and 31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Mohammad Man Ragi Qawwal: Ghazal 1-10 Mishra Sangeet 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Rang Tarang 2-20 Violin Duet.

353 m. (850 k/s), 31.41 m. (9.550 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m., 61.48 m. (4.840 kc/s) from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 p.m. As in Bombay—A 5-30 Dattaram Parvatkar (Sarangi par Shree) 5-45 Mohan Pai (Bhavgeet) 6-0 N. V. Abhyankar (Khayal puria) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 N. V. Abhyankar (Pad) 8-30 Hindi Kovid Parichaya by V. K. Jain 8-45 Dattaram Parvatkar Surdas (Sarangi par Bihag) 9-0 Gulabbai Kagalkar (Vocal) 9-30 Swar Mudrika by N. K. Kulkarni 9-45 Review of current affairs by Frank Moraes 10-0 "Odh" (Marathi play) 10-30 Nasir Moinuddin Dagar (Darbari Kanada).

BARODA

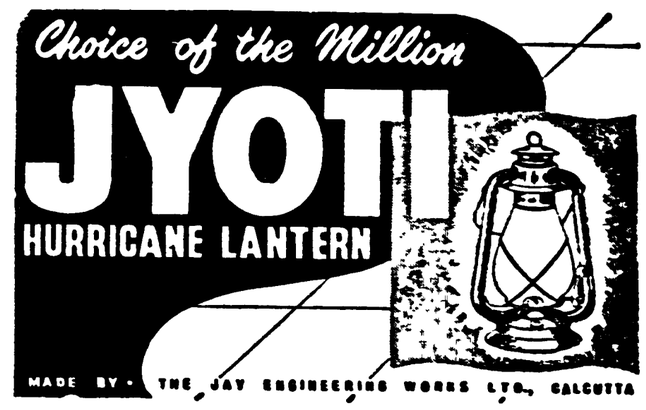
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Folk Tune (Flute by Bhanu Prasad Thakar) 7-40 M. S Mahashabde (Thumri) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Sangeet Shikshan 8-30 Bhajanavali 9-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Stree Sammelan 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Gajananrao Ambade (Rag suha on Jaltarang) 6-25 Nalini Thakkar (Geets) 6-35 Gramjano Mate 7-0 "Chitrashrushti" 7-15 Gajananrao Ambade (Kafi on Jaltarang) 7-30 Taslimkhan Razaq Hussain (Bhajan Lalit) 7-45 M. S. Mahashabde (Modern songs) 8-0 Hemnt Kumar 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Ahmedabad 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Youth and Defence (Relayed from Ahmedabad) 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

326.1 m. (920 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Praful Upadhyay (Bhajan) 7-40 As in Baroda 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda 8-30 Praful Upadhyay (G. pado) 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-25 Rakhe Bhulta 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Praful Upadhyay (Bhajano) 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Listeners' requests 8-0 Vadya Dwanda 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G3 8-30 Ramanlal Mehta (Ekaprasiddha raag) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Youth and Defence 9-30 Ramanlal Mehta (Raag Kedarnaat in Vilambit and Drut Khayal).



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RESERVE FUND	.. .. ..	Rs 5,00,000

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KRISHNA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sat., Sun. 12-30. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.

EXCELSIOR 3-30 6-30, 9-30 Booking 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7. From 15th PRABHAT (Thana) & 21st PARADISE (Mahim).

RIVOLI (Last 2 Days) 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Central Film Dist Release.

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(HINDI)

FROM 21st OCTOBER

AT

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DAILY 3 SHOWS

3, 6-15 and 9-30 P.M.

TICKETS MAY BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE

from the 18th October.

For Rs. 2/10, 2/4 and Rs. 1/5 seats between 9-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M.

and

3-00 to 6-30 P.M. DAILY

RATES AS USUAL.

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Daily 4 Shows:

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ON THE OPENING DAY, FRIDAY 21st October ONLY 3 shows at 3, 6-15 & 9-30 P.M.

TICKETS MAY BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE FROM 18TH OCTOBER FOR ALL UPPER CLASS SEATS AND 2ND CLASS (AS. 10-6) ONLY AT JAI HIND.

between 11-45 A.M. and 9-45 P.M. daily.

RATES AS USUAL.

RADAR FACTORY NEAR POONA

British Experts Coming Here

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Chinchiwad, ten miles from Poona, may be chosen for locating the radar and wireless equipment factory to be started by the Government of India in their major industries project, it was learnt it Bombay today.

The factory, which is the first of its kind in India, will manufacture equipments and spare parts for wireless and radar equipments.

A team of British technical experts from the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company headed by Mr. P. Donnelly, is expected to arrive in Bombay from the United Kingdom next week to survey the site near Poona. The party which is being invited by the Government of India will also tour the Provinces and States to find out other suitable sites for this purpose.

TRIAL OF RAZVI

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 18, (UPI):—The special tribunal presided over by Mr. J. A. Pinto, which met this morning to try Syed Kasim Razvi and six others in connection with Bibinagar offences, adjourned to October 24 without transacting any business, as the medical report on the health condition of Bunde Ali Khan, one of the accused in the case, had not yet been received.

The surgeon attending on him would not be in a position to state if Bunde Ali Khan could be brought to the court and could stand the strain unless certain "mighty things" like the blood pressure and the X-ray of the accused were taken. He was believed to be suffering from ear trouble.

CONTEMPT NOTICE DISCHARGED

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 18, (UPI): Observing that they were convinced that if the opposite party was at all guilty of any lapse in publishing the report which was the subject of this enquiry, it had no background of any evil intention on his part, but was due "merely to an honest error", Mr. Justice Daval and Mr. Justice Mushtaq Ahmed discharged yesterday the notice for contempt of court issued to Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor of The Amrita Bazar Patrika on an application by Mr. R. R. Chari. The judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice Mushtaq Ahmed.

Fire Hurts Two

RAJKOT, Oct. 18, (PTI): Two persons sustained burn injuries when a fire broke out in a building with petrol storage in Jorawarnagar near Wadhwan yesterday noon.

A motor lorry and a motor car lodged in the building are reported to have been burnt down.

Saurashtra Gesture To Police Force

RAJKOT, Oct. 18, (PTI): The Saurashtra Government have decided to give gratuity and pensions for members of the police force drawing a salary up to Rs. 200/- per month if they meet death or receive injuries while on duty and or in connection with their duty.

POLIO IS DEFINITELY ON THE DECLINE

Health Of Bombay Province

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THERE was only one death due to poliomyelitis in Bombay Province, during the week ended October 8 last. During the same period, plague was responsible for seven deaths, cholera 21 and small-pox three.

The following is the health condition report of the Province for the week:

PLAGUE: Plague figures were 43 cases and seven deaths as against 21-7 reported in the previous week and 34-10 revised.

Measures against plague such as anti-plague inoculations and disinfestation of houses with DDT are in progress in the affected districts. During the week, 29 cases were admitted in these hospitals, out of which four died Twenty-five cases were under treatment in the hospitals.

The total number of anti-plague inoculations performed in the Province was 11,921, which brought the progressive total from January 1, to 289,303.

CHOLERA

Cholera figures were 59 cases and 21 deaths as against 59-24 reported in the previous week and 65-27 revised. The District Health Staff in Satara District, consisting of three Epidemic Medical Officers, seven Sanitary Inspectors and 10 inoculators, is adopting measures against cholera. The staff performed 6,293 anti-cholera inoculations. The disinfection of water supplies is being carried out in every village infected or threatened with infection. Anti-cholera measures are being carried out in other affected districts also, where, however, infection is only sporadic.

The total number of anti-cholera inoculations performed in the province was 15,265, which brought the progressive total, from January 1, to 643,144.

SMALLPOX

Smallpox figures were 29 cases and three deaths as against 41-10 reported in the previous week and 56-11 revised. The total figures of Primary and Revaccinations performed in the Province were 11,879 and 8,842, which brought the progressive totals, from January 1, to 993,954 and 298,246. The Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, supplied 40,475 doses of lymph to the different parts of the Province.

The number of samples analysed at the Public Health Laboratory, Poona, was 590, of which 129 were for bacteriological and 461 for chemical examination. The number of food samples examined was 226, of which 47 were found to be non-genuine.

FOOD ADULTERATION ACT: During the week, 163 cases were filed under the Food Adulteration Act. Of the 96 cases in which convictions were obtained, 90 were of milk, two of ghee, two of other articles and one each of butter and oil. A fine of Rs. 6,932 was recovered.

POLIOMYELITIS: Eight cases and one death were reported from Bombay City as against 13-4 in the previous week. The Poona rural circle reported 2 cases during the week.

MADRAS, Oct. 17 (PTI)—Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Minister for Rehabilitation, Government of India arrived here this morning by air from Bangalore He leaves for Hyderabad tomorrow morning.

RAILWAY ADVISORY COMMITTEES

Constitution Changes

NEW DELHI, October 18 (U.P.I.): Certain important changes in the constitution and functions of the railway local advisory committees were recommanded by the Central Advisory Council for Railways which met in the Council House, New Delhi, on October 16, under the presidentship of Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister for Railway.

The main change recommended in the constitution of the committees was that hereafter their total membership would be smaller than that of some of the existing committees, and will be uniform being composed of representatives of Provincial Governments and States, Chambers of Commerce, Passengers' Associations recognised by the railway administrations, besides a representative of the Central Advisory Council and another of "special" interests nominated by the General Manager, who would continue to be ex-officio chairman of the local advisory committee.

Local advisory committees will be consulted and they will make recommendations on passenger amenities on the railway, new projects in the local areas, opening and closing of stations, time tables and reservation of accommodation and any other subject of general public interest or convenience.

It was also decided that while questions of broad policy such as departmental or contract catering and enforcement of prohibition should be dealt with by the Central Advisory Council, Individual railway administrations will consult their local advisory committees on matters of local interest such as the type of food to be supplied in a particular area.

As regards ice and aerated waters contracts on the railways, the Council accepted the Railway Board's proposals for ensuring satisfactory service by periodicial tests of ice and aerated waters supplied and medical examination of salesmen.

ELEVEN POINTS ON REFERENDUM

Pondicherry Decision

PONDICHERRY, October 18 (P.T.I.): When the French Municipal Congress reassembled this morning the 22-member committee appointed yesterday placed before members an eleven-point resolution for acceptance of the house.

After about two hours' discussion the house adopted the resolution and adjourned sine die.

The eleven-points are:

(1) Revision of electoral rolls.

(2) All expenses to be met by the French Government.

(3) All French Indians living overseas shall be allowed to participate in the referendum.

(4) The number of neutral observers shall be as many as possible.

(5) For every 400 voters there shall be one polling booth.

(6) Three days shall be allotted for voting at Pondicherry; two days for Karaikal and one day each for Mahe and Yanam.

(7) Two colours should be allotted for each vote paper, one indicating continuation of French connection and the other coming out of the Union.

(8) At least 60 per cent. of voters must participate in the referendum and then only the referendum shall be valid.

(9) Free movement of commodities shall be allowed as before 1941. Indian customs barrier must be removed to the extreme end of French border.

(10) Referendum fixed for December 11, shall be declared postponed sine die; and

(11) People of French India are requested to accept the French Government's offer of Federal Autonomy.

REFERENDUM IN FRENCH INDIA

No Opposition To Delay

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18 (UPI)—The Government of India would not oppose the postponement of referendum in the French India settlements if it served to settle the procedure for referendum, an official spokesman of the External Affairs Ministry said here today.

The spokesman, referring to the reported suggestion for such postponement made by the 22-man committee of the French India Municipal Congress on three grounds. They are: (1) Necessity of an agreement between the Governments of France and India regarding the whole procedure of the referendum; (2) Need for agreement between the two Governments regarding the customs arrangements and (3) Complete withdrawal of customs restrictions in the three French India enclaves near Pondicherry to enable free movement.

The spokesman said that the Government of India were also anxious that the procedure for referendum should be settled well in advance of the referendum.

Ahmedabad Arrests

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18, (PTI): The police made several arrests and dispersed demonstrators who rushed to the police van which brought 15 detenus from the Sabarmati Central Jail for trial which commenced in the district court today. They were being charged with rioting in the jail.

The detenus arrived shouting slogans.

TWO COPS GET NINE YEARS

Dacoity Case

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18 (PTI)—Abdul Majid Mohammed Kanuga, till recently a Sub-Inspector of Police, and Abdul Hamid Mustafe, a former Police constable, were each sentenced today to nine years' rigorous imprisonmet by the special judge, Mr. M S. Patil, for dacoity and plunder of a postal van. The hold-up took place in the early hours of March 19, and articles worth about Rs. 51,000 were looted.

Abdul Majid was additionally fined Rs. 2,000 or in default one year's further imprisonment, while the former police constable was also fined Rs imprisonment. In the same connection 200 or in default six months' rigorous six other accused were sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment. One man was acquitted.

The special judge, in the course of his judgment observed that the Polile Sub-Inspector and constable deserved the most deterrent punishment as they were expected to be honest custodians of public as well as private property. They had misused their facility and experience, the judge added, to plunder property with the help of the bad characters of the city.

Prominent Red Worker Of Monghyr Arrested

MONGHYR, Oct. 18 (PTI)—A prominent Communist worker of Monghyr, "underground" for nearly four years, was arrested here by the police in a slum aea in Khartoli, Mohalla Dedwarpur. The Provincial Government had announced a reward for information leading to his arrest. Five of his associates were also arrested.

They were taken by surprise at the dead of night by the police party which raided their place in a slum area while they were preparing posters for the East Indian Railway Railroad Workers Union, a Communist sponsored Labour Organisation of Jamalpur.

Ministers Returning To Bombay By Oct. 24

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will be arriving in Bombay from Poona on October 23. Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Rehabilitation, Fisheries and Backward Classes, will be arriving here on October 19, Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, on October 20 and Mr. M. M. Naik-Nimbalkar, Minister for Development, on October 24.

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, is likely to arrive in Bombay on October 23.

The other Ministers of the Bombay Government have already left Poona.

New Central Ordinance On Evacuee Property

PROCEDURE LIBERALISED

NEW DELHI, October 18 (U.P.I.).

A CENTRAL ordinance on evacuee property was promulgated by the Government of India today, providing, among other things, that a person becomes an evacuee only if he leaves India. Formerly some of the states' ordinancees declared a person to be an evacuee if he left their territories even though he remained in the Indian Dominion.

Hitherto each Province and State had its own law, and the Central ordinance was applicable to Centrally-administered areas only. The present ordinance now applies to all Provinces excepting Assam and West Bengal. The States of Cooch-Benar, Tripura and Manipura are also excluded.

The new features of the ordinance are:—

(1) New Section 2 (D) (III) which corresponds to old section 2 (C) (II) restricts the definition of an 'evacuee', and confines it only to those who have personally acquired; either by way of allotment or through illegal means, any right to, interest in, or benefit from evacuee or abandoned property in Pakistan. In other words, if a relative or a business partner has acquired such concessions in Pakistan the person staying in India does not bceome an evacuee. A person does not become an evacuee even if he has purchased evacuee property in Pakistan.

INTENDING EVACUEE

(2) Where a person has transferred his assets or acquired through any member of his family any right to, interest in, or benefit from evacuee or abandoned property in Pakistan, he becomes only an 'intending evacuee' under the new ordinance. Further, trade remittances and remittances of reasonable amounts for maintenance of the family in Pakistan are to be considered as transfer of assets if documentary proof of a disire to exchange one's property in India with property in Pakistan exists, the person can be declared an 'intending evacuee'.

The law does not permit the taking over of the property of an intending evacuee. The only restriction imposed is that he cannot dispose of his immovable property in any way without the prior consent of the Custodian. The property has also to be preserved in good order.

(3) The law places no restrictions upon the transfer of any members of the family to Pakistan, or even to the payment to them of suitable maintenance allowances while in Pakistan. If any person transfers his assets, however, or acquires any interest in or benefit from evacuee or abondoned property in Pakistan, without the consent of the Custodian after the enactment of the ordinance, the property of such a person is liable to be treated as evacuee property. The same will be the case with persons against whom documentary proof exists of a desire to exchange property in India with property in Pakistan. If the transaction is carried out, however, after obtaining the prior consent of the Custodian, there will be no legal penalty.

PROCEDURE LIBERALISED

(4) The provisions of the law have also been further liberalised in the matter of procedure. No property can now be declared evacuee property unless a notice is first served requiring a person to show cause why his property should not be declared evacuee property. It is only after due investigation, following the service of such a notice, that the Custodian can declare a property to be evacuee property The property may, however, be attached pending a final decision.

(5) The provision for appeals has also been liberalised. Whereas formerly cases were generally decided by the Deputy Custodians and an appeal lay from their decision only to the Custodian, the new provisions allow in certain types of cases, appeals to specially designated District Judges. The decision of the District Judge will be final, but revisionay powers have been granted to the Custodian-General Where the Custodian-General declares an evacuee to be a non-evacuee, the matter ends there, but if the Custodian-General feels that the District Judge has wrongly held a person to be a non-evacuee, he cannot reverse the decision on his own. He has to refer the matter to the High Court and a bench of two judges of the High Court will decide such a case.

NEW EAST PUNJAB CABINET: TWO MINISTERS SWORN IN

SIMLA, October 18 (P.T.I.).

DR. GOPICHAND BHARGAVA and Mr. Prithvi Singh Azad were sworn in today as Premier and Minister respectively of the newly constituted Cabinet of East Punjab, following the resignations this morning of Mr. Bhimsen Sachar and his Composite Cabinet colleagues.

The remaining ministers of the Bhargava Cabinet will be sworn in after Dr. Gopichand Bhargava returns from Delhi where he is leaving today to meet the Congress High Command.

The portfolios were allocated as follows:

DR. GOPICHAND BHARGAVA, (Premier): General Administration (including Publicity), Law and Order, including Jails and Justice, Finance, Excise and Taxation, Education, Medical and Public Health, Public Works Department (Irrigation, Buildings and Roads), including Public Health, Engineering and Transport, Land Revenue and Relief and Rehabilitation.

MR. PRITHVI SINGH AZAD: Local Self Government and Labour, Civil Supplies, Electricity, Industries and Development (Forests, Agriculture, Veterinary and Co-operative Societies).

COMMUNIQUE

A communique issued from Government House said: The Hon'ble Shri Bhimsen Sachar saw His Excellency the Governor this morning and submitted to him the resignations of himself and his other colleagues.

"His Excellency then invited Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, the newly elected leader of the Congress Party in the East Punjab Legislative Assembly to form a Ministry.

"Dr. Gopichand Bhargava agreed o form a Ministry and in accordance with the advise given to him by Dr Gopichand Bhargava, His Excellency has chosen for the present the following gentlemen as Ministers:

1 Dr. Gopichand Bhargava
2. Shri Prithvi Singh Azad.

"Dr. Gopichand Bhargava will submit to His Excellency the names of other Ministers very shortly.

"His Excellency has accepted the resignations of the Hon'ble Shri Bhimsen Sachar and his other colleagues.

"Dr. Gopichand Bhargava and Shri Prithvi Singh Azad were sworn in this morning.

Basic Education In Saurashtra

RAJKOT, Oct. 18, (PTI): The Saurashtra Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs. 23,640 for training teachers in basic education.

32 teachers will receive training in basic education at the Centre at Ambala in the first instance.

SIMLA, Oct. 17 (PTI): The total number of displaced persons in the reliefr camps organised by the East Punjab Government stands at 132,869 out of which 89,842 receive relief from the Government, says an official announcement here today.

Indo-Australian Trade

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. H. R. Gollan, High Commissioner for the Commonwealth of Australia in India, gave an informal tea party last evening to Presamen of Bombay at the Taj Mahal Hotel. In a friendly address Mr. Gollan said he was very much pleased to meet the representatives of the Bombay Press and touched upon the part played by Australia in the Asian, Indonesian and Burma Conferences and the advantages of the reciprocal Air and Trade agreements established between India and Australia.

He added that trade had expanded enormously between the two countries who depended much on one another for certain essential commodities; without jute from India, Australia would not be able to make forward movements of wheat to India and other countries.

Mr. Gollan also dwelt on the role of the Press in Australia and described briefly the part played by the Australian Journalists Association in furthering the well being of the Australian working class. A particularly interesting aspect of the Australian Press was the existence of an Ethics Committee, a disciplinary body which decided questions involving breaches of the principles of journalism.

In concluding his friendly and informal address Mr. Gollan stressed that the gathering was not in the nature of a Press Conference but was prompted by a sincere desire to get into personal touch with the Bombay Press, being himself a former member of the Press of Australia

Mr. Gollan's kind gesture was much appreciated.

Reds On Hunger-Strike In Agra Jail

LUCKNOW, Oct. 17, (UPI): According to a Government spokesman, Communist detenus in Agra Jail are on hunger-strike "for some time past". He could not tell the exact date from which they went on hunger-strike, because some people called off the strike and others joined it and after some time another batch of them called off their hunger-strike and a fresh batch joined it.

64 M.P.H. GALE LASHES BRITAIN

Worst Weather For Over Six Months

LONDON, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Britain had her worst weather for over six months when a gale, with gusts up to 64 miles an hour and heavy rain squalls, lashed many parts of the country, especially the coasts, last night and early today.

The Air Ministry, Britain's official weather experts, said particularly continuous rain—the first for a "considerable period"—fell over all England, Scotland and Wales this morning.

At Folkestone, on the Straits of Dover, the seas swept over promenades and sea defences at high tide.

3,000 Steel Workers On Strike For Higher Wages

JAMSHEDPUR, Oct. 17 (PTI) Three thousand workers of the Indian Steel and Wire Products, Golmuri have been on strike for the last three days, demanding higher wages. They are reported to be members of the Socialist sponsored Labour Union.

Indian Newsmen Speak To India

RADIO COVERAGE OF NEHRU'S TOUR

NEW YORK, Oct. 18, (USIS): Indian newspapermen in the Nehru party were busy recording his activities and filing stories for their readers in India. Two correspondents, D. P. Wagle, representative of the Indian Press Trust and K. Rama Rau, reporting for the "Hindustan Times" newspaper group, availed themselves of the opportunity to speak directly to people back home on a Voice of America broadcast.

Wagle said: "I consider it a great privilege to be asked to speak on this, so that my voice can be heard in India. We have been going around with the President and the Prime Minister in Washington and this (Hyde Park visit) is an occasion which is very similar to Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's visit to the Washington Memorial at Mt. Vernon. It is remarkable how the American people regard these shrines of theirs with the spirit akin to how we regard our own temples in India. Their democratic spirit in other fields is depicted here where their heroes of the past are concerned When Pandit Nehru arrived at this shrine, we could already see many hundreds of people gathered here and I understand that these are routine affairs, and that millions of people visit these shrines.

"When Pandit Nehru was going over this shrine this morning, these people who had come earlier followed him all throughout, and it was a wonderful feeling how they combined the two incidents.

"You have just heard the voice of Pandit Nehru, but you are not able to see how he was overcome and moved when he was repeating those words—when we were near him, he nearly choked, and his words were full of sentiment, and every word that he said entered our hearts".

RAMA RAU'S DESCRIPTION

Rama Rau, describing the Hyde Park visit, said: "I consider this, like my fellow journalist from India reporting the tour of our Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, a great opportunity to pay our homage to the memory of perhaps the greatest President of the United States excluding, of course, the great and immortal George Washington. I feel that we are privileged again, like all my fellow journalists, in being brought here to see the Roosevelt home, the estate and library which has struck so profoundly the imagination of all of us. When we go back to our country, we shall tell our people how the Americans, like us, are great hero-worshippers, and maintain splendid historical shrines. I know that the relations between India and the United States will develop in a very friendly manner in the coming years and it will give us greater pleasure to pay constant visits to the United States, and particularly to pay homage to the memories of their great men.

"I want you, my countrymen, to remember that we have very much in common with the good people of the United States".

U P. Zamindari Abolition

LUCKNOW, Oct. 17 (UPI)—According to the latest reports received at the head quarters of the Provincial Government nearly 431 lakhs of rupees have so far been collected in the Zemindari Abolition Fund inaugurated on October 2 last.

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Yatin Vyas Impresses In Winning First Singles Title

OSSIE DYER SUCCEEDS IN RETAINING BOTH DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIPS

Suhasini Dharap Wins Women's Singles In Students' Y. M. C. A. Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

STRIKING the same form that had brought him fame last year in the St. Xavier's open table tennis tournament when he beat many well-known players, eighteen year old Yatin Vyas, a college student succeeded in winning his first singles title this evening when he defeated Somaya in three straight games in the final of the Students' Y.M.C.A. open table tennis singles event. Later in the evening he failed to add to his earlier success and lost to the holders of the Mixed Doubles title Ossie Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro in five thrilling games. Ossie Dyer successfully defended his doubles titles. In partnership with Ranvir Khatau he beat Baliga and Gandhi in the final of the men's doubles, while in the mixed he partnered by Miss Enrid Bocarro he beat Vyas and Mrs. Nasikwalla.

Miss Suhasini Dharap became the new Women's Singles Champion when she accounted for Mrs. Mani Bharucha in three straight games. Her victory was easily gained and it would have finished much earlier had it not been for Miss Dharap who unecessarily decided to adopt the same tactics as her opponent, that of taking no chances and just patting the ball back and forth across the net and waiting for the other to commit a mistake. Occasionally Miss Dharap did venture to attack and when she did so her opponent did not have a chance.

Y. S. Vyas defeated D. P. Somaya in three straight games to claim the Men's Singles title. Somaya proved no match for his hard-hitting opponent, who overcame his quick half-volleying and then set about to tear through his defence. Somaya found his rivals side-chopping and service too much for him, he was unable to counteract any move of his and fell an easy prey. Somaya tried to make a fight of it in the first game and succeeded in doing so for a time and they were almost level when Vyas secured his vital service which gave him the points necessary to claim the game. In the second and third games Somaya was a beaten man for Vyas claimed most of his points on service which had his opponent guessing.

Ossie Dyer and Ranvir Khatau the holders of the Men's Doubles title retained the same when they warded off the strong challenge of S. N. Gandhi and B. P. Baliga and were fully extended by them. Much interest was evinced in this encounter for everyone wished to see how Dyer and Khatau would fare against the hard-hitting of left-hander Gandhi and also because of the controversey of the foul service of both Gandhi and Baliga. The Hon. Referee took the care of selecting an experienced man to umpire the game, but his faith in him was misplaced for he too failed to detect the mistake despite his vigilance and both Gandhi and Baliga, particularly the latter escaped detection. Dyer and Khatau played brilliantly in the initial game with the former's hard-hitting after confusing their revals. But in the second game they struck a bad patch with the result that Baliga and Gandhi got the upperhand and then it was their turn to put on the steam and had their opponents on the run with Gandhi doing most of the damage. Dyer and Khatau lost the next game also but they staged a fine recovery in their next game and hitting splendidly they won the fourth game easily at 21-11 to even up scores at two all. In the fifth and deciding game Dyer and Khatau continued in the same brilliant manner and established a vital 10-6 lead and changed over. Then started a great duel for supremacy and their opponents came close to almost draw level but they staved off the challenge and retained their Doubles title.

Ismail Joosab won yet another Junior's title which he beat left-hander P. N. Muzumdar by two games to one. Joosab lost the first game due to his underestimating his opponent and as well as to over confidence. But he had learnt his lesson and he won the second and third games easily to dispose of his rival.

Ossie Dyer and Miss Enid Boccaro retained their Mixed Doubles title when they accounted for that strong combination of Vyas and Miss Nasikwala in an exciting match. Dyer had the answer to Vyas's service and which proved to be the deciding factor for whenever Dyer received his service he quickly killed it with a smashing return and the only danger was when Vyas was serving to Enid Boccaro that they lost many points. After winning the first game easily Dyer and Enid Boccaro struck a bad patch seldom doing a thing right and then in the fourth game Vyas made the biggest blunder when he close the wrong combination. Instead of serving to Enid Boccaro he served to Dyer who knew well how to deal with his service and this mistake cost him the match for his rivals levelled set at two all and in the fifth and deciding game with both Dyer and Miss Boccaro in top form they could make no impression on them. Dyer and Partner changed sides at 10—1, Gool Nasikwala served to Enid Boccaro with the result that Dyer had Vyas where he wanted him and they won the match at 21—7.

At the conclusion of the games Mr. J. S. B. Abraham General Secretary of the Bombay Y.M.C.A. presided and gave away the trophies to the respective winners.

Women's Singles (Final).

Miss Suhasini Dharap beat Mrs Mani Bharucha, 21—15, 21—13, 21—19.

Men's Singles (Final).

Y. S. Vyas beat D. P. Somaya 21—19, 21—15, 21—12.

Men's Doubles (Final).

O. Dyer and R. M. Khatau beat B. P. Baliga and S. N. Gandhi 21—17, 15—21, 19—21, 21—11, 21—19.

Junior's Singles (Final).

I. R. Joosab beat P. N. Muzumdar 19—21, 21—15, 21—10.

Mixed Double (Final).

O. Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro beat Y. S. Vyas and Mrs. Gool Nasikwalla 21—12, 16—21, 12—21, 21—11, 21—7.

Another Match At Parel Abandoned

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It has become a matter of course for matches to be abandoned at Parel. For yet another game had to be called off five minutes before full by referee Swaminathan due to bad visibility and failing light in the encounter between Goan S. C. 'A' and H. M. I. Dockyard this evening at the St. Xavier's ground Parel. The teams were level with a goal each to their credit when play was stopped.

With two evenly balanced sides on view for the second time this being the replay a higher standard of soccer was expected but the rival sides gave an entirely subdued display.

Goans were on top for the first ten minutes but thereafter both sides had an equal share of the exchanges, and four minutes after the start G. D'Costa opened the Goans account from a pass by Michael from close quarters giving the custodian no chance of saving. A little later the Goans were distinctly unfortunate not to strengthen their position for the crossbar came to the rescue of their opponents.

Michael Fernandes sent across a fine centre from the left wing which Franklin received and shot first time into the goal but it struck the horizontal.

After the resumption the Dockyard went into the offensive and forced the pace and dominated the exchanges for about ten minutes during which period they drew on level terms when left blankman John sent across a fine centre for Ivor Abraham to put the finishing touches which he did by eluding a defender and then placing the ball post a helpless goalkeeper.

When it seemed that the game would end and the teams were fighting desperately to secure the winning goal the referee stopped play five minutes time due to poor light and thus the teams will have to meet once again for the third time.

DAS CUP

Earlier in the evening in their replayed Das Cup match General Motors swamped Indian Gymkhana by seven goals to nil. In their first meeting the motor-men led by seven goals to three when the game had to be stopped. S. Rodrigues scored the only goal for his side in the first half and changing ends they added six more through W. Samuel three, Salvador two and B. Sawant one completed the tally

Burma-Shell Win In Ave Maria Cup

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Burma Shell Sports Club won the first match of the Ave Maria Cup tournament at the expense of Pdr. Agnelo S.C. by four goals to two at the Brabourne Stadium on Tuesday evening.

Till half time the teams were on level terms, with a goal each, crossing over, Burma Shell with their vast experience exerted pressure and scored successively three quick goals while their opponents gained a second goal midway during this period. Rego scored a hat trick for the oilmen while the fourth goal was scored by Lobo. A Nazareth and F. Gomes scored for Pdr. Agnelo.

In the early match for the B.G.A.A. Championship, Volkart Bros. Sports Club and Young Aryans shared two goals the game was even and though the Aryans were slightly better, they failed to take advantage. G. Silveira scored for Volkart while J. Fernandes equalised for Young Aryans.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

4-15 p.m. B.E.S.T. S. C. vs. Goan S. C. 'B' (Junior Rovers).

5-15 p.m. Khatau S. C. vs. Bombay City 'A' (Junior Rovers).

Brabourne Stadium

4-15 p.m. Cuncolim Union vs. St. Michael Anjuna (B. G. A. A. Championship).

5-15 p.m. St. Francis Goans vs. Siolim XI (B. G. A. A. Championship)

WRESTLINGS

Azad Maidan

8 p.m. to 11 p.m. Akhil Bharatiya Sararik Vikas Sangh Wrestling.

Keen Fights Witnessed

WRESTLING IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A fairly large audience witnessed some very close fights in the wrestling programme organised by the Akil Bharatia Savirik Vikas Sangh which is held every night at the Azad Maidan from 8 p.m. to 11 p.m. The appearance of wrestlers of All-India fame was an added attraction this evening.

Sajirao Suryabanshi an All-India Champion and one who has taken part in wrestling in Europe made light work of his opponent Ratan Singh of Muttra when he had him pinned to the mud in a space of seven minutes. Sajirao literally had his opponent knotted up from the start and though Ratan Singh tried hard to extricate himself time and again, he found himself always in difficulties and gave way in the seventh minute.

A very close fight which was drawing keen applause from the audience was between Ananda Kalgaokar and Chhabinath of Mizapur which rightly ended in a draw. Both wrestlers gave a very clean exhibition and the verdict seemed in the balance as the tide of victory changed several times and a draw was the correct decision to this well balanced fight.

What was by for the best fight of the evening was between Netrapal Pahelwan of Muttra and Mahedeo Nana of Bhuleshwar when a really tough fight was witnessed. Netrapal won luckily in the twenty-third minute when he had his opponent down to the mud in the scheduled 25 minute fight.

The following were the results:—

Ishwar Pahelwan (Kolhapur) beat Chunchu Pahelwan (Gwalior) in 4 minutes of a scheduled match of 15 minutes.

Antubede Pahelwan (Satara) beat Radhesyam Pahelwan (Allahabad) in 3 minutes of a scheduled 20 minute fight.

Govind Vakurde Wastad (Danoo) drew with Dholka Pahelwan (Muttra) in a 25 minute fight which lasted 8 minutes.

Chandrabhan Pahelwan (Bhuleswar) (Muttra) drew with Wakaba Pahelwan Kolhapureker Baboo Wastad in a 20 minute fight which lasted 8 minutes.

Nibarti Pahelwan (Chinekar) beat Eknath Pahelwan (Rajaram Attarwala) within 7 minutes of a scheduled 20 minute fight.

Sunder Pahelwan (Dadoo Saheb Banker) beat Somna Pahelwan Baboo (Kolhapur) in 2 minutes of a 20 minute fight.

Eknath Pahelwan (Attarwale) beat Shyamlal Pahelwan (Marwad) within 3 minutes of a 15 minute fight.

Kishan Maharaj (Attarwale) drew with Dugham Parat (Jai Hind Akhada) within 15 minutes of a 25 minute fight.

Netrapal Pahelwan (Muttra) beat Mahadeo Nana Narain (Bhuleshwar) in 23 minutes of a scheduled 25 minute fight.

Ananda Kalgaonkar (Lohar Chaawl) drew with Chhabinath (Mirzapur) in 5 minutes of a 10 minute schedule fight.

Sajirao Suryabanshi (B. V. Shala) beat Ratan Singh (Muttra) in 7 minutes of a 20 minute scheduled fight.

Today's fixtures include: Shree Rang Pahelwan (Maharashtra) versus Indra Jeet Pahelwan of Muttra and other well-known wrestlers.

Madras Boxing Team For Inter-Services Tourney

BANGALORE, October 17 (P.T.I.): Further selections were made from the Madras Area in the Inter-Services Boxing Tournament held here today. The following were selected in the Fly and Bantam weights to qualify for the semi-finals to be held in Poona later in the month.

FLY WEIGHT:— Subbiah (33DEF) beat Kuppusamy (33DEF) on points. Robert (RIASC) T. Kayoed H. Muthuswamy (33) The latter being disquanfied.

BANTAM WEIGHT:— George (R.I.E.) T. Kayoed Sundara Rao (R.I.E.) in the first round.

Devadanam (RIASC) gained a Technical knock-out decision, his oppendent Gurswamy (1 MAD) being disqualified.

FEATHER WEIGHT:— Anthony (RIE) beat Sebastian (RIE) on points.

Chinnappan (RIE) beat Jyapa Swamy (RIASC) on points.

LIGHT WEIGHT:— Kuppuswamy (RIE) beat Tulsidas (RIASC) on points. Sreenivasan (33 DEF) beat Raghavan (RIASC) on points.

WALTER WEIGHT:— P. T. V. Menon (IEME) got a points decision over Muniswamy (1 MAD) Menon would have aimed a knock-out verdict but for his slow tactics and self-confidence and failed to connect his punches though he dropped his opponent twice and had him groggy throughout.

In the same division Appa Rao (RIE) gained a T. K. O. decision against Muthuswamy (1 MAD) when he cut open his opponent's eye towards the end of the first round, the referee stopping the fight in the second round. 2nd-lt. Peter Allay (1 MAD) (Middle weight) was declared selected as no suitable opponent was secured.

Brig. De Habibullah, Commander, Bangalore Sub-area, referred the fights while Mrs. Habibulla gave away the medals and certificates.

RUSH FOR SEATS FOR EMPIRE GAMES

AUCKLAND, Oct. 18

Advance bookings of season tickets for the British Empire Games here in February have exceeded the estimated £20,000 by £1,200. Seats will be ballotted for where necessary.

HORSE OF THE YEAR

The 'Horse of the year' show was recently held at the Harringay Arena, London. Miss Pat Smythe on 'Finality' 8 years old bay mare, which won the title of 'Best show Jumper of the year.'

BRITISH SOCCER SELECTION METHOD CRITICISED

LONDON, October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

(FROM VERNON MORGAN REUTER'S SPORTS EDITOR)

MANY soccer critics take the view that the English system of picking Football teams for International matches is wrong in that the selection committee is too unweildy. At present there is a large selection committee and for the meeting to pick the last English team, that which met Wales, no fewer than 12 members of the Football Association were present.

The Official Selection Committee consisting of six, Amos Brook Hirst (Chairman of the Football Association) Harry Husband, Arthur Drewry, H. Shentall, R. Cobbin and A. H. Oakley were there. Sitting in conference with them were Sir Stanley Rovs, Secretary of the Football Association and Walter Winterbottom, English team manager and three other Football Association members. Other countries, notably Italy and France, believe in a single selector or at least a very small committee, this has proved highly successful.

The British critics are saying that greater power might be given to the team manager Walter Winterbottom even to making him a "dictator," as one man selection committee, team manager and coach. After all the famous Italian Vittorio Pozzo made a splendid job of this three-in-one position. There is no reason to suppose that Winterbottom could not be equally successful. While there has not been a word of criticism against the members of the selection committee itself as it is at present constituted. Football writers think it would be a better plan to have fewer "cooks" for the "broth". It would prove more beneficial, have a much smaller committee, they believe. At least they say give to the team manager greater power than he has at present. Some have put forward the idea that the English captain should at least sit in conference even if not an actual member of the committee.

QUALITY OF BRITISH RUGBY HAS SUFFERED

LONDON, October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter): British Rugby Unions season, now well into its stride, has set followers of the game discussing the relative merits of the per-war and post-war play. Many believe that the quality, if not the spirit of the code, has suffered with the passing of the years. Among those who see in the modern conception of the game much that indicates a lack of training and supervision in the basic arts of such matters as scrummaging, handling and kicking is the English Rugby union's new President, Eric Watts Moses. Mr. Watts Moses speaking at the union's annual meeting last June declared the game in England was going through one of its crisis.

He said that many of their young players were totally ignorant of the fundamental principles of the game and he urged clubs to lay plans for extensive training before the season began. But it is clear that his plea generally went unheeded. Few could deny that place kicking in particular has declined sharply in recent years At a recent meeting of London Scottish and Hanlequins no fewer than ten penalty kicks and two conversions were missed during the match. Place kickers who give time and thought to the preparation for the kick are all too few.

Indian Olympic Boxers To Fight Jerry Morgan

LONDON, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Mac Joachim, who represented India in the Olympic Boxing Tournament and has since turned professional, meets, Jerry Morgan of Wales, over eight rounds at 11 stones eight pounds on November 2, at the Caddonian Road Hall North London Twelve days after Joachim fights Ron Bebbington, former Amateur Boxing Association middleweight champion at Oxford on November 14 over the same distance and weight.

Parker Also Joins Professional Ranks

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Frank Parker has signed a professional contract here with promoter Bobby Riggs formally abandoning the amateur game in which he had been an outstanding performer since he was fifteen years old.

Parker signed for a one-year term at 500 dollars a week. He will make his debut at Madison Square Garden, on October 25, opposing Francisco Sigura of Ecuador in the troupe headed by this year's United States National Amateur Champion, Richard Gonsales, and former Wimbledon Champion Jack Kramer.

The party will play in about 100 cities.

BROWN LEADS MANS BY 13 FRAMES TO 5

News Of The World Snooker Championship

LONDON, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter):—The two big snooker matches one in the World Championship and one in the News of the World tournament were continued today.

Albert Brown who led South Africa's Peter Mans by seven frames to five overnight in the News of the World 1,500 sterling tournament at the Leicester Square Hall won all six frames before the interval today to lead by thirteen to five.

Scores with Brown first were: fifty-eight to fiftyone, eighty-seven to twenty-eight, fifty-five to forty-nine, seventy-nine to fifty-four, ninety-seven to sixteen and sixty-two to fifty-one. Brown received three points in each frame.

KENNERLEY LEADS IN WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

In the world championship qualifying match Kingsley Kennerley of Birmingham who led John Barrie of Wisbech by nine frames to three overnight won four of th esix frames in the afternoon session today and led by thirteen to five at the interval.

Scores with Kennerley first were: fifty-six to fifty-four, seventy-six to twenty-six, fifty to eighty-two, sixty-three to seventy-six, seventy-one to fifteen and sixty-five to forty-eight.

Tallon Prefers To Bowl, And Is Not In State Team

BRISBANE, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Don Tallon, the Australian wicket-keeper who declined the trip to South Africa for business reasons has notified the Queensland Selectors that he will not be available for the state side as wicket-keeper.

Tallon, who was reported recently to have been specialising as a slow bowler was not considered as wicket-keeper for the Queensland's team to meet New South Wales in their first Sheffield Shield match which begins here on October 28.

Team: W. A Brown (Captain), K. Jack, K Mackay W Morris, W Grout A. Carrigan, N. V. Ravmer, A. Young. L. Johnson, F. Nolan, B. Taylor, twelfth man J. Harten.

CHANDARANA LIKELY TO PLAY AT ALL CENTRES

National Champion Invited For Exhibition Matches Leaves For Madras

(BY OUR TABLE TENNIS CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Looking very cheerful and in the best of spirits India's ace table tennis player and national champion Uttam Chandarana left for Madras tonight on a trip that is in all probability to be one of the most momentous in his career ever since he crashed on the Indian table tennis scene ten years ago.

Having been invited, as in the past, by the Madras Table Tennis Association to participate in their provincial championships, Uttam left primarily to take part in the same, but in view of the fact that he has been invited almost at every centre including Madras to play in the exhibition matches against the world table tennis champions Barna and Bergman, it is likely that Bombay's popular and genial sporting personality will be away from the city for very nearly two months.

U. M. Chandarana

I could see that he was very keen on utilising this excellent opportunity of improving his game even further, and when I asked him about the coming visit of the world champions, Uttam unhesitatingly said that the tour would do immense good to the game here, and in particular to the leading players who would get more than one opportunity to play against the masters of the celluloid-ball game.

Uttam who has been very popular with the table tennis crowd and the tournament officials everywhere he has gone, has been by Madras, Calcutta, Hyderabad, Delhi and Indore to play in the exhibition matches against Barna and Bergman, who begin their tour on the 26th. instant at Madras immediately after the provincial championships. Besides Uttam will be playing in all the 'unofficial' tests against Britain, which country the two well-known champions have adopted as their own now.

INTER-UNIVERSITY SWIMMING

Trials For Selection Of Bombay Team

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Inter-University Aquatic Competition will be held at the Pransukhlal Mafatlal Hindu Swimming Bath on the 27th and 28th October 1949, commencing at 4 p.m. each day. The Universities participating in the Competition are Ceylon, Mysore, Osmania, Poona, Uhkal and Bombay.

Trials for the selection of the Bombay University Team will be held at the Victoria Baths, Back Bay, on the 24th and 25th October, 1949, commencing at 11 a.m. each day. The following are requested to present themselves for the Selection Trials:—

K. P. Thakkar (E.C. & R.I.S.), S. C. Mehta (E.C. & R.I.S.), M. L. Bhatia (E.C. & R.I.S.), A. Joshi (E.C. & R.I.S.), A. S. Bharucha (St. Xavier's), A. Unwalla (St. Xavier's), I. Mansoor (Grant Medical), D. Sopher (Grant Medical), J. H. Bharucha (Sydenham,) H. Shah (Sydenham), V. L Mehta (G. S. Medical) and J. J. Naigaumwalla (Wilson).

As the 1,500 Metres Free Style Event was not held at the last Inter-Collegiate Swimming Competition, students besides those mentioned above are invited to participate.

B.P.O.A. 10,000 Metres Walking Race On Nov. 6

BOMBAY, Oct. 18, (PTI): The Bombay Provincial Olympic Association has organised a 10,000 metres walking competition to be held on Sunday November 6, at 7 a.m. The starting point will be at BPOA's office, Brabourne Stadium (North) on the Churchgate Street.

The participants for the event will assemble at 6-30 a.m. at the office of the BPOA. on the date.

The entries close on November 2

SOUTHERN COMMAND BOXING TOURNAMENT

POONA, October 17.

The Southern Command Challenge Cup Boxing Tournament will be held in Poona between October 24 and 27, both days inclusive. Four teams from Bombay, Madras and Deccan Areas and Jubbulpore Independent Sub Area will take part in the tournament. Each team will consist of 8 members and 8 reserves.

From among the contestants one team will be selected to represent Southern Command at the forthcoming Inter Services Boxing Tournament at Delhi.

TRIALS TO SELECT INDIAN TEAM

North Zone Versus South Zone Match At Calcutta

MADRAS, October 18 (P.T.I.): The Board of Control for Cricket in India will be staging a four-day trial match between North versus South at Calcutta from November 25.

The purpose of this trial is to find out the best available talents in the country to meet the Commonwealth Tournists.

Players of Southern Punjab, Delhi and Districts, United Provinces, Bengal, Assam, Bihar, Orissa and Holkar will comprise the North Zone while players of Bombay, Maharashtra, Gujerat, Baroda, Central Provinces and Berar, Kathiawar, Nawanagar, Madras, Mysore and Hyderabad will form the South Zone team.

The Madras Cricket Association has suggested to the Board to consider the names of C. R. Rangachari, K. U. Kannan, B. C. Alva, N. Kannayiram and R. M. Perumal for inclusion in the South Zone.

The All India selectors Messrs C. K. Nayudu, Homi Contractor and C. Ramaswamy will select the terams at the forthcoming meeting of the Indian Cricket Control Board at Bombay on October 29. It is hoped the selection committee will watch the trial at Calcutta.

"C.K." TO LEAD INDORE AGAINST TOURISTS

INDORE, Oct. 18, (UPI): A four-day cricket match between the Holkar XI and the Commonwealth Cricket Team will be played at Indore on October 21 and the following days. The match which was originally fixed for three days' fixture has now been made for four days' fixture on a request from the Holkar Cricket Association.

The following ten players were selected yesterday to represent Holkar's XI by the Selection Committee of the Holkar's Cricket Association:—

Capt. C. S. Nayudu, Major M. M. Jagdale, Capt. C. T. Sarvate, Capt. Mushtaq Ali, Mr. Gaikwad, Dr Nivsarkar, Mr. Salim Ahmed, Mr. G. M. Bhaya and Syed Ishtaq Ali.

The remaining players including extras will be selected in a day or two.

INTER-UNIVERSITY CRICKET

Trials For Selecting Bombay Team

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The trials for the selection of the Bombay University team for the Inter University Cricket Championship of India will be held on the Elphinstone College ground at the Oval on the 25th and 26th October.

The following have been selected to represent the Bombay Group at the trials.

P. R. Umrigar (St. Xavier's), B. R. Irani (St. Xavier's), G. S. Ramchand (St. Xavier's), H. Udpikar (St. Xavier's), Y. B. Palwankar (Ruia) S. P. Gupte (Ruia), R. B. Kenny (Ruia) C. R. Patankar (Ruia), C. S. Korgaonkar (Ruia), V. P. Desai (E.C & RIS) S. S. Trilokekrtar (E.C. & R.I.S.), K. C. Mashruwalla (Law), H. M Dadachanji (Siddharth) and P R. Punjabi (Jai Hind).

Billiards And Snooker In Madras

MADRAS, Oct. 17 (PTI)—The Executive Committee of the Madras Provincial Billiards Association which met here recently, have elected Mr. T. A. Suri, Honorary Secretary, to represent the Association on the Executive Committee of the Billiards Association and Control Council of India.

The meeting decided to conduct the league tournament in billiards this year also for the affiliated clubs in the city. This competition, instituted last year, drey eleven entries Y.M.C.A. (Central) won the championship with Farm House Billiards Clubs being runners-up. A league tournament in snooker also will be run concurrently this year.

Mr. V. C Gopalaratnam, President and Mr. N. Ramakrishna Chetty, member of the Executive Committee, have each donated one trophy for billiards and snooker.

Madras Table Tenni's

MADRAS, October 17 (P.T.I.): Thirty-two non-medallists matches and 44 men's senior singles matches were decided in the Madras Provincial Table Tennis Championships today.

The men's senior singles will be entering the third round tomorrow

All the invited players are expected to arrive in Madras on October 19 and will participate in the tournament from the next day.

The Bombay Chronicle

PEACE AND THE FENCE

In a speech at the Special Convocation of Columbia University, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru called all thinking men and women to the path of peaceful progress. It was a happy thought that induced him to devote the address to an enunciation of India's stand in international politics. The staunch refusal to commit the nation to any bloc was, said Pandit Jawaharlal, mistaken for a negative, passive role, an attitude of avoiding decisions and shirking responsibilities. But it was nothing of the kind. The Indian Prime Minister pointed out that the cause of peace could not be advanced by preconceived opinions and commitments in advance. If India resisted invitations—and the temptation—to join this or the other group, it was because by staying out she could make her contribution best to the cause of freedom. Pandit Jawaharlal explained the Indian policy as:

> The pursuit of peace not through alignment with any major power or group of powers but through an independent approach to each controversial or disputed issue, the liberation of subject peoples, the maintenance of freedom, both national and individual, the elimination of racial discrimination, and the elimination of want, disease and ignorance which afflict the greater part of the world's population.

There is nothing of fence-sitting about this. In fact, it is a policy devoted to the abolition of fences in international politics. The reservation of the right to form one's judgment on individual disputes is not peculiar to India. Several members of the United Nations have felt the need for pursuing an attitude that could resist pressure from the two clear-cut blocs which strive to establish their dominance. What distinguishes India from the rest is that, whilst the others endeavour to achieve some freedom of action by forming another group and pin their faith to the strength that must follow union, India's foreign policy is not formation of a third group but the staunch maintenance of her independent outlook. It is natural that the confidence of other nations in the power of organisation and India's own faith in preserving the right to decide supplement each other. Without faith, we shall see one nation after another sacrificing independence of action and decision to the exigencies of politics; and Pandit Jawaharlal has indicated in no uncertain terms that India does not reject common effort in resisting injustice and exploitation. The refusal to get entangled with any group of nations is but an insistence on the elementary though often-forgotten principle that no one can assume in advance that one nation or section of nations will be always right and another group always wrong. In this, the policy of the Indian Government is based on the famous saying of Burke that you cannot indict a nation.

If Pandit Jawaharlal clarified the basis of Indian foreign policy, he was equally lucid in his statement that India made no approach on assumptions of superiority over other peoples. Said the Prime Minister,

> We are fully aware of our weaknesses and failings and claim no superior virtue, but we do not wish to forfeit the advantage that our present detachment gives us and we believe that the maintenance of that detachment is not only in our interest but also in the interest of world peace and freedom.

Pandit Jawaharlal called for a "friendly and understanding approach, clear objectives and a common effort to realise them".... "India's view", he added, is "offered in all friendliness to all thinking men and women, to all persons of goodwill, in the name of our common humanity." The candour with which the Indian leader spoke of the failure in India itself, and amongst the followers of the Mahatma themselves, to follow his teachings to the full, made his appeal to his audience to consider the message demonstrated in the Indian struggle for freedom, a call to adventure for peace. In this, as in all that he uttered on the occasion, Pandit Jawaharlal reached the ultimate of persuasion. In his very opening words, Pandit Jawaharlal struck the note of co-operation and common effort: "I have come to you as a humble seeker after Truth and as one who has continuously struggled to find the way, not always with success, to fit action to the objectives and ideals that I have held." Simple words but words which reach out to all humanity in a searching fellowship of action and endeavour.

Reshuffled

The East Punjab Cabinet has gone down under the pressure of intrigue. Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar who six months ago replaced Dr. Gopi Chand Bhargava as Premier of East Punjab, has followed his predecessor's technique of resigning on the eve of a vote of no-confidence sponsored by the Congress Assembly Party. The blow has been struck by the East Punjab legislators but the weapon with which it was effected was placed by the Congress High Command. When Mr. Sachar replaced Dr. Gopi Chand Bhargava, he was forced by the High Command to include in his Cabinet Dr. Bhargava and two of his supporters. In the "composite Cabinet" which was meant to seal the crack in the East Punjab Congress, intrigues flourished and on August 29, Mr. Sachar had to appeal to the Congress High Command for help in keeping the unity of his Cabinet. This was countered on October 1 by a representation from Dr. Bhargava and a week later by the petition signed by some 34 Congress Assembly members. What were the reasons for demanding Mr. Sachar's removal are not known but they seem to have been grave enough for the Congress High Command to ask Mr. Sachar to obtain a vote of confidence from his party. The directive of the Congress Parliamentary Board seems to have been confusing: Beginning with the statement that the main issue was to ascertain whether Mr. Sachar could carry on the administration with the composite Cabinet, it required him to seek the confidence of his party. Mr. Sachar seems to have interpreted this, quite naturally, as a directive to find out what support the composite Cabinet commanded when a clarification is reported to have reached him that what was wanted was not a vote of confidence in the composite ministry but a vote on himself. Failing this, the 34 signatories were to be permitted to proceed with their no-confidence motion. This would have caused less confusion if it had been clearly stated at the beginning.

In his abortive attempt to make the charges against him public through the Legislative Assembly, Mr. Sachar mentioned that charges of nepotism and corruption were levelled against him. His earlier insistence on Dr. Bhargava and his two supporters in the composite Ministry dissociating themselves from the no-confidence motion or submitting their resignation failed to have effect and in the circumstances he had no option but to resign from the Premiership. But it would have been more fitting had he faced the accusations in the Party meeting. The matter is all the more perplexing as from all accounts Mr. Sachar has done well as Premier of East Punjab and at least tried to uncover some of the black-marketing scandals. Why should Mr. Sachar be forced to accommodate Dr. Bhargava and his faction but Dr. Bhargava absolved from responsibility for closing the ranks of the Congress in his province?

What has happened is that something which looked very like support of the Premier has grown into fomenting the disruptionists. It is not surprising that in the circumstances Mr. Sachar has felt compelled to submit his resignation straightway. As the entire affair smells horribly of a palace intrigue, it would be well if a full statement is made explaining the position.

Thought For The Day

The searcher for happiness may get wealth, and power, and fame but none of these advantages will avail anything in getting happiness.

—EUGENE THWING.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

KURNOOL, October 17: The Congress Working Committee by its Delhi resolution had not invited R.S.S. members to join the Congress organisation but had only made it clear to Provincial Congress Committees that there could not be any ban on the admission of R.S.S., members becoming primary members of the Congress said Prof. N. G. Ranga on Monday in Kurnool.

He stated that R.S.S., members could not be admitted to the Congress Seva Dal, as the Sangh was a rival volunteers organisation. Once the R.S.S., became a political party or joined the Hindu Mahasabha, its members could not be admitted into the Congress.—P.T.I.

★ ★ ★

Speaking at the civic reception in honour of Jawaharlal Nehru Mayor William O'Dwyer said: "Let us here in New York city help him to understand the culture of America...."

Including Harlem, segregation, discrimination, etc?

★ ★ ★

At Hyde Park Mrs. Roosevelt, welcoming Jawaharlal said: "In coming to the U.S. you are bringing us some of that moral leadership we feel so strongly in you."

Let us hope they take it.

★ ★ ★

Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, General Secretary of the All-India Schedule Castes Federation, indignantly points out that, "while the Government have not lifted the ban on our volunteer organisation, the Samata Sainika Dal, the ban on the R.S.S. has not only been lifted but it is reported that its members are free to join the Congress."

The point of the complaint is well-taken. But obviously the anti-Congress All-India Scheduled Castes Federation is not—at least not exactly—the anti-Congress R.S.S.

★ ★ ★

"I am", Mr. Rajbhoj adds, "afraid that, if the R.S.S. is allowed to capture the Congress, it will lead to Fascism."

So are we. But here is a remedy. Let Mr. Rajbhoj and his Federationists join the Congress and help save it from being captured by the R.S.S.

★ ★ ★

Holding that the sugar scarcity and economic malaise are due to Government policies and call for a token satyagraha by way of protest, "the Socialist Party in Bombay has", according to a statement, "therefore, decided to take out a procession in defiance of the ban."

What a "token" satyagraha!

★ ★ ★

It is announced from Simla that Mr. Bhimsen Sachar has resigned and Dr. Gopichand Bhargava has again assumed Premiership of East Punjab.

Which now opens the speculation as to when, in due course, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava will resign to be succeeded by Mr. Bhimsen Sachar.

★ ★ ★

Mr. Brajeswar Prasad the doughty crusador in the Constituent Assembly against democracy, socialism etc., told that body the other day that he was "thick-skinned" and would not resume his seat till he had finished his speech.

The House, we gather, appreciated his statement and continued to listen.

CHRONICLES OF OUR TIME

INDEPENDENCE AND AFTER—SPEECHES OF JAWAHARLAL NEHRU (1946-1949). The Publications Division. Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, New Delhi. Price Rs. 7-8. Pages 403.
UNITED ASIA published by United Asia Publications Ltd., Bombay. 1, Price Rs. 3. Pages 144.

"The appointed day has come—the day appointed by destiny and India stands forth again after long slumber and struggle, awake vital, free and independent. But we have hard work ahead. There is no resting for any one of us till we redeem our pledge in full....All of us talk of India and all of us demand many things from India. What do we give her in return? ....Friends and Comrades, the light has gone out of our lives and there is darkness everywhere. Our beloved leader, Bapu, as we called him, the Father of the Nation, is no more. This great tragedy has happened because many persons, including some in high place have poisoned the atmosphere of this country of ours."

These words, gleaned form Independence and After, speeches of Jawaharlal Nehru". Pandit Nehru, underline the stress of events and crises which the country had to face on the dawn of freedom. It is a ghastly tale that they unfold. Communalism was rampant. In the unhappy land of the five rivers. Thousands of refugees—Hindu, Muslim and Sikh were seen in Amritsar and Lahore. There are fires burning in he city and reports of outrages reached people constantly. And not a little later came the horror that came down upon the famous and beautiful valley of Kashmir as raiders descended on it. The wave of violence spread to Hyderabad State where Razakar activities were so strong that villages were burnt and the inhabitants put to the sword.

All this, and much more, is found in these speeches which may rightly be regarded as the "abstracts and brief chronicles of our time." Gandhiji won over his generation by his 'personality', Nehru, his political heir who collected crowds second only to those of the Master, by his fiery oratory. His words to the Assembly to political bodies, to masses, over the air and to the Press, words bristling with an acute awareness of facts, have an immediacy of purpose that cannot be gainsaid. "Independence and After" has its other side too. The wide range of the Prime Minister's interests has inevitably swelled the number of the sections and a large number deal with matters of Governmental policy. Here is what he had to say to the Constituent Assembly last year on Our Economic Policy, "In the changed situation all over the world new sources of power might completely revolutionise our agriculture as well as our industry. Therefore, what I think is most important for the state is that whatever may happen to the existing sources of production these new and novel sources of production should always remain in the hands of the State." The Food Policy, the Government Policy towards Communists, towards strikes, taxation and burdens on industry also come in for their turn.

Finally, on the Foreign Policy and on the fateful and historic decision of associating the Sovereign Indian Republic with the other countries of the Commonwealth, "Our foreign policy has often been declared by me to be one of working for peace and friendship with all countries. I think it is a good augury for the future that the old conflict between India and England should be resolved in this friendly way which is honourable to both countries. There are too many disruptive forces in the world for us to throw ours in favour of further disruption....

And yet interspersed in between the connected narratives, like those on Kashmir, and the policy speeches are words which breathe sentiments that are bound to inspire the nation to the utmost efforts. "This generation is sentenced to hard labour for years to come; only toil and tears are to be the portion of India before she can complete the noble mansion of her greatness." However, what gives them all their basic unity is the personality of the speaker, his insistence on moral values, his disarming candour and his spontaneous sincerity. We have Nehru the firm believer in the resurgence of Asia and the emergence of India in World Affairs, "The World is something bigger than Europe", We have Nehru, the political heir of Gandhi, who never tires of reminding his people that there is always a promise so long as they do not forget what the Master has thaught them, and we have Nehru the emotional patriot and friend singing his last praises on the passing away of Gandhiji and Sarojini Naidu, the captains and the kings of his own generation.

"United Asia"—the International magazine of Asian affairs presenting the Asian point of view enters its second year with an impressive Peace Number. The problem of peace, it avers, is nothing less than the problem of creating a world community and it reminds its readers of the growing menace to world unity by the division of the nations into separate camps.

The highlight are six different symposia embracing various aspects of the subject like the "Patterns of peace-making", "War and its Causes", and the "Rehabilitation of the United Nations." Quotations from World Opinion on this subject embrace the sayings of such distinguished figures as Laurence Housman, Wickham Steed, Lord Beveridge and Quincy Wright.

"United Asia" has, as usual, its own distinguished list of contributors. Pandit Nehru writes of his faith in a World Government, an escape from the insufferable condition which is neither peace nor war but the fear of war. Robert Payne examines the real reason for the failure of democracy in China—the West supplied them with guns and butter but not with ideas.... and peace was lost in Asia. Lord Beveridge has constructive suggestions on how to make peace as exciting as war and harnessing the idealism of youth to the needs of peace and World Government, while a Ruth Fry—a friend of peace—reminds her readers of the 'But' in Peace of the fact that peace has never been waged.

The standard of production does not leave much wanting and many of the articles have involved painstaking editorial work. The magazine cannot but continue in its task of presenting Asian problems effectively.

—P. D.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Referendum Propaganda

Recently a municipal by-election in Pondicherry resulted in the victory of the pro-Indian Union candidate and defeat of the candidate, who supported continuation of union with France. That has upset and alarmed the "French patriots", both French and Indian, of the settlements. In their alarm they are doing a whole lot of things to persuade the people of the settlements into voting against their own nation and country. Only the other day the French administration announced the abandonment of prohibition in the French Indian settlements. The excuse given was one of financial necessity but the revision of the policy on the eve of the referendum has a significance which is obvious. It is almost tantamount to bribing voters with alcoholic drinks. And such a bribe is doubly immoral. It is also revoltingly cynical. Yet alcoholism has been legalised only some six weeks preceding the referendum with the ridiculous apologia that the administration had to make up a deficit in the budget of—Rs. ten lakhs.

Outrageous Policy

Another move to win votes is the offer of autonomy announced by the Government of France. Pro-French Indians are working furiously to drive home to the people this offer and couple it with emphasising the fact that the Indian Government had not committed itself on the subject. It seems to be forgotten that the Prime Minister himself has declared on behalf of the Government of India that the special position, cultural, educational and so on, of the people, arising out of their long association with France, will not be forgotten but will be fully taken into account in integrating French Indian settlement into the Indian Union. But the main issue is this: French Indian settlements and its people are a part of the Indian motherland. They belong to India as India belongs to them. The people are Indians, children of one mother and of one family. It is an outrage not only against India but against the national self-respect and patriotism of "French" Indians to seek to subject the issue to bidding in the market place, political or otherwise.

Premature

It is reported that many leading people of various shades of opinion gathered in New Delhi last Sunday to form an association to promote Indo-Pakistan friendship. The effort is commendable but rather premature. Partition scars are too recent to be forgotten and the Kashmir sore is still running. Pakistan diplomats are never tired of misrepresenting India. They have done it so often that it will not be surprising if the rank and file in Pakistan has come to believe it. Add to these devaluation differences, boycott of Indian textiles and disputes over evacuee properties; when all these skeletons are rattling in the cupboard there is little chance of promoting friendship with Pakistan. No doubt that a beginning has to be made sometime but any premature attempt is doomed to failure.

THE PARTY DOES IT

As days pass the inner workings of interests and counter-interests that were responsible for the varying decisions of the Government of Bombay in what has now come to be regarded as the Great Sugar Muddle, are gradually coming to light. The latest report absolves the Government of total responsibility for the lukewarm, half-hearted handling of the entire situation from the beginning upto now. While the Government must accept responsibility for all the minor rubs, frictions and irritations needlessly caused, the brunt of the blame for the present unsatisfactory position as well as the major mistakes of the recent past, rests fully and squarely on the shoulders of the Congress Legislature Party—the body which exerts no direct authority and exercises no power as such, but from which the Government derives its powers and sanctions. The Government did attempt to introduce rationing when the crisis showed signs of deepening, and the gravity of the sugar position in the Province dawned on it. As rationing of sugar was a delicate matter, it was placed before the Congress Legislature Party at an emergent meeting. The Party turned down the suggestion for its own, mysterious and unedifying reasons.

COMPROMISE

This attitude on the part of the Party is no new thing. Even last year during the Bombay session of the Assembly certain members of the Congress Legislature Party, expressed their views unequivocally against controls of food-grains. Fortunately better counsels prevailed and there was no interference with the present rationing arrangements. But the same sorry tale was repeated in effect this time and the Government had to bow to the majority decision. It is an extraordinary state of affairs when a Party uses its power and prestige to influence or alter executive plans. This type of interference is bound to lead to chaotic conditions of the type with which Government was confronted last week. The present decision seems to be a compromise between the need to excercise some sort of control in order to create order out of chaos and at the same time to keep the Party in good humour by not introducing rationing. But, like all compromises, the present one, has failed to satisfy anyone.

COTTON TRANSACTIONS

Under instructions from the Government, the local police raided the city Cotton Exchange and seized account books of several members of the East India Cotton Association. This action was taken to find out alleged illegal transactions in the cotton market for new crop deliveries. Several merchants were called in person by the Police to explain their business. The Government had asked first the Association about the existence of such transactions. Then the Police action started and some questions were asked by the Finance Minister. The President and Vice-President of the association met the Finance Minister at Poona and discussed the subject and further talks are to take place in the city to find out some solution to end the present deadlock. There is no denying the fact that fairly large business was done daily in the trading ring of the Exchange. The Government had not given permission for such business. But there is also another aspect of the situation. Though the Government was slow to grant permission for such business, it was wrong on the part of those who have done this illegal business. It is a common practice in the cotton market to start forward business in new crop months after July Settlement. But this year, the Government did not grant the required permission at the usual time and the Association was also eager to alter some of the trading rules. Thus the Government as well as the trade is responsible for the alleged illegal transactions. The Government ought to have easily found the existence of such business much earlier but nobody seems to have been worried. In the Bullion Market those who enter into illegal Teji-Mandi operations, are penalised. Similarly some way must be found as early as possible to restore normal business, as honest and law-abiding members should not be allowed to suffer for the fault of others.

VANISHING TRICK

SUGAR SURPLUS TURNED INTO SHORTAGE

The amazing story of how a 50,000-ton surplus of sugar was within a few months converted into an artificial scarcity depriving the poor man of his sugar to sweeten his tea, is told in a report of the Export Promotion Committee just published, writes the Special Correspondent of the "Nagpur Times."

"Sugar was decontrolled in December 1947. The controlled price was Rs. 20-14-0 a maund ex-factory for 24 quality. We understand that on decontrol the sugar interests fixed a price of Rs. 35-7-0 a maund for the same quality. When the Governments of U.P. and Bihar saw this they felt that a portion of the increase ought to go to cultivators and insisted that the sugarcane price be raised from Rs. 1-4-0 to Rs. 2 a maund. They also raised their cane cess from one anna to three annas in U.P. and to two annas in Bihar.

PRESSED FOR EXPORT

"The price of Rs. 35-7-0 continued up to December 1948 when, in consultations with Government, a lower price of Rs. 28-8-0 was agreed upon, the sugar interests promising that if necessary they would maintain the price by opening their own retail shops.

After about six months it appeared that there was a strong likelihood of a surplus, and those most concerned began to press Government to arrange export of at least 50,000 tons. The Indian prices were out of parity with those abroad, and to enable export it was proposed that the Central Government should give up the excise duty of Rs. 2-12-0 a maund and the Provincial Governments the sugar cess of Rs. 1-14-0. The sugar factories would suffer a reduction of Rs. 2 a maund and would also see the Rs. 50 lakhs they had collected by levying the contribution of four annas a maund on sugar exported from U.P. and Bihar.

ARTIFICIAL SCARCITY

"With these arrangements it was hoped that price would be favourable for export, and negotiations were opened. Immediately, the ex-factory prices began to rise and large quantities were consigned from factories to consuming centres and an artificial scarcity was created. When the question of abiding by the undertaking given to sell at Rs. 28-8-0 a maund was raised by Government, the answer was that the body which had given the undertaking regretted that it had no powers to enforce maximum prices. All it could do under its regulations was to fix minimum prices. Retail prices started rising and as there appeared every indication that they would continue to rise Government were compelled to reintroduce control, fix prices and freeze stocks. Thus by hoarding in two months an exportable surplus of 50,000 tons was converted into a shortage necessitating regulatory action of a drastic nature."

Soviet Army Chief Dead

LONDON, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter):—Marshal of the Soviet Union Fedor Ivanovich Tolbukhin, war-time commander on the Ukranian front, died yesterday after a long and serious illness, said Moscow Radio early today.

OUR READERS VIEWS

Reality & Ingratitude

Life is pulsating and worthwhile when man is and can be true to himself Then Life is Reality. However, this Reality often takes a gruesome and almost hideous form when man is untrue to the Best in Himself, becomes ungrateful. Such was the case when Bombay forgot to mention by word, letter or deed the First Anniversary of the crossing of Benjamin Guy Horniman—that true and loyal friend of India that supporter of the right and resister of the wrong on October 16, 1949. No editor, no journalist could remember for all had forgotten. So be it. Even then Horniman has won and Bombay has lost.

BAPSEY SABAVALA.

Suburban Taxis

The other day when the restaurants were closed as a protest against the scandalous state of affairs in sugar lack of control, I rode a taxi. The driver was from the suburbs and he said he was in a sad plight. He had operated the taxi for some years in Andheri but since the meter was installed he found the job unremunerative. Without any possibility of a return fare, his charges amounted to no more than 4 or 5 annas per mile and that too, the busy hours were only 2 or 3 hours during the whole day, particularly mornings and evenings.

As a suburbanite of over three decades standing, I can vouchsafe for these facts. It is true, these cabs charged exorbitantly whenever they had a chance, a single fare costing as much as one rupee or more per mile with a minimum of one rupee or even two rupees. But as against this, the fact must be stated that taxi cabs in the suburbs were available all the twenty-four hours rain or sunshine, and those who had to catch late trains or travel by air or in all cases of illness or emergency, appreciated the distinct service rendered. The present position is that the taxis have disappeared from the suburbs with nothing to replace them. Buses are few and crowded.

The situation helps nobody. The above mentioned taxi driver told me that since his home was in the suburbs and a daily journey to town consumed a great deal of petrol he slept in Bombay in the taxi for a night or two before returning home. That particular day he had starved and his meals altogether were irregular and unsatisfactory. Surely something should be done. I would suggest that instead of sticking to the meter fares obdurately, the fares should be based on a rate of say 12 annas a mile within the suburban limits, the extras over the meter as a form of surcharge and the meter fares adhered to when the taxi comes to town, over the Mahim Causeway. Actually, at present, a form of blackmarket is already created. On the Santa Cruz Station, two or three ramshackle cars are always parked, without meters, but they ply for hire on their own heavy terms, presumably the old taxi owners have started this racket. In the alternative, the three wheeled taxis which already ply in Poona should be started in the suburbs on a four anna a mile basis—we have heard a lot of, these schemes of the Government, 600 such taxis to be licensed, etc., but like sugar, where are the schemes?

—A SUBURBANITE.

OPEN AIR

The flowering season of the tree orchids which grow as epiphytes on the large forest trees and decorate their trunks with sprays of glorious blossoms of pink and mauve, is now over, though their fruits remain, and when they are ripe they will split open and their tiny seeds will be scattered by the breese into cracks on the bark to give rise to new plants next year. The ground orchids, however, the Habenarias, are still in flower, and we find them growing, in Matheran, along the sides of the paths in semi-shady situations. The variety we found here was new to me and was, I think, the Habenaria longicalcarata. The plant grew to a height of almost a foot and the flower-stalk arose from a rosette of four or five long, narrow, wavy leaves, thus differing from the Round-leaved Habenaria which has just one round leaf lying flat on the ground. The flower stalk bore a number of sweetly-scented white flowers, each with its lowest petal extending at the back of the flower in a long, tubular spur.

—D. R.

HABENARIA

All Up Scheme Will Increase Earnings

KIDWAI REFUTES TATA'S CHARGES

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18. (PTI): Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Minister of Communication, in a statement to the press says:—

"I have read with concern Mr. J. R. D. Tata's statement on "blundering policies" of Government about civil aviation. I am a layman and have no pretentions to any special knowledge of civil aviation. It is difficult for me to meet the arguments of an industrialist and a technician of Mr. Tata's eminence, and whatever I said in my statement on night air mail was an amateurish observation of an interested layman.

"I had claimed that the two concessions announced by the Government in March last should help the air companies to stabilize their finances and inspite of what Mr. Tata has said I adhere to my view.

"Mr. Tata thinks that Finance Department's estimate of a rebate of Rs. 40 lakhs annually was an overestimate and the rebate would not exceed Rs. 20 lakhs. While I do not accept this, but even if it is only Rs 20 lakhs, a fourth of it should go to Air India who operate almost all the important air routes except Delhi-Calcutta.

INCREASED EARNING

"Mr. Tata contends that the All Up Air Scheme would not bring any increased earning to the air companies as the rates have been lowered and all the increase has been passed on to night air mail. I do not accept this also and the returns of Air India confirm me in my contention that All Up Air Mail has increased the earnings of the air companies.

"The two concessions would bring to Air India an additional income of more than Rs. eight lakhs a year. Why this sum should not suffice for stabilizing the finances of Air India?.

"The fact is that the Air India has not been able to maintain the traffic of 1948. People are not in a position to continue paying high air rates and it is this experience that has lead me to suggest the reduction in air fares.

In one of his letters to me Mr. Tata has written present costs are so high that even a 100 per cent. load factor would barely avoid a loss.

"If 100 per cent. load is not sufficient to meet the cost of operation it is obvious the rates shall have to be increased. If the present rates do not bring sufficient traffic, can we expect better results if we increase the rates.

CONTENTION DENIED

"Mr. Tata complains of Government's refusal to consider an alternative. We have got letters from Air India to consider an alternative. We have got letters from Air India in reply to our inviting proposals. No suggestions were ever made.

"I am sorry I have been unwillingly dragged into the press controversy. In my own way I have been trying to help civil aviation. I may have erred but I assure Mr. Tata and the other air companies, I am prepared to do all that is necessary to expand the air services.

Stop Press

STEAMER COLLIDES

LONDON, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter):—Twenty crew of the 2,025-ton British steamer "Maystone" were missing today after she sank in collision with one of Britain's newest aircraft carriers, the 18,300-ton Albion, off the north-east English coast.

GIRL SWIMMER ARRESTED

AMRITSAR, Oct. 18, (PTI): A Muslim girl who entered the Indian territory without a permit from Pakistan by swimming River Beas was arrested by the police at Lopoke, a border village, according to a report received here.

VIET-MINH ATTACK ON FRENCH CONVOY

PARIS, October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter): French forces lost 20 killed, 37 wounded and 44 missing in a Viet-Minh (autonomy movement) attack on a convoy at Kaobang (Tongking) on October 2, according to a French Army Headquarters announcement quoted in a French News Agency message from Saigon. The "communique" said the Viet-Minh forces lost 127 killed.

MAUNG TO VISIT U. K.

RANGOON, October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Burmese Foreign Minister U. E. Maung is to visit Britain for "personal discussions" with British Cabinet Ministers, it was announced here today. He will leave Rangoon tomorrow for New York to attend the United Nations General Assembly.

U. Maung was recently elected Chairman of the United Nations Legal Committee.

He will visit London on his way back after three weeks in the United States.

MASS EVACUATIONS IN CAUCASUS

American Report

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18, (USIS): An official spokesman says the U.S. State Department has received reports of the forced migration of 17,000 Greeks and other foreigners from the Soviet Caucasus since mid-June.

State Department Press Officer Lincoln White told newsmen yesterday the mass migrations were not the first to be reported. He said that reports of troop movements in the Caucasus were "speculation", out that he knew of no other reason for getting people out of the area.

Some Turks and Iranians are also affected by the evacuations, White said. Turkey and Iran border the Caucasus.

According to information received by the State Department, White disclosed, the secret police suddenly and without warning removed the people from their homes, loaded them aboard cattle cars for transport to the Republic of Kazakhistan in Soviet Central Asia. The entire foreign population of one town—Gazry—was reported seized. Husbands were separated from wives, parents from children.

There is an account of a mother and two small children being forced to make a two-week train trip without food or water.

DEPORTEES' PLIGHT NOTED

White asserted: "On arrival at destination, according to other accounts, the forced migrants were reported deposited alone on a railroad siding without shelter or other elementary provisions for human requirements.

"Since then they have been scattered on various collective farms.

"The report said that these people are now living in small mud huts without fuel or light. They are seriously undernourished and received no clothing other than the light summer garments they were wearing when they left from the milder climate of the Caucasus".

NATIONALISTS ADMIT FALL OF AMOY

British Contact Reds On Hong Kong Border

HONG KONG, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter):— Nationalist forces in Taiwan (Formosa) have admitted the Communist capture of Amoy yesterday, according to a delayed despatch from Taipeh.

Telegraph communications between Hong Kong and Amoy, which were suspended yesterday, reopened today.

First official contact between British authorities and Chinese Communists on the Hong Kong frontier took place today in the mainland border town of Shataukok.

It was between Inspector Robert Oliver, and a detachment of 49 uniformed Communists who arrived at the village this morning. Inspector Oliver had a short talk with the Commander on a formal but friendly basis and showed him the line of the international boundary running between small stone obelisks down the middle of the main street—Chung-Ying street meaning "Chinese English".

Shartaukok, a small village in Mirs Bay, lies on the frontier between Kwantung Province in China and the leased territory of Hong Kong on the mainland.

Chinese Communist guerillas took over part of the village last Saturday before regular troops arrived.

PLANE ATTACK

A lone Chinese Nationalist plane attacked the British owned coastal vessel, Nanchang, 60 miles off Foochow, yesterday.

Reporting the attack to her agents here, the "Nanchang", said there was only one minor casualty on board and the ship suffered no damage.

The plane made off after firing a few rounds.

The British ships "Wingsang" 3,560 tons and "Shengking" 3,000 tons left Hangha today for Hong Kong with British and other foreigners evacuating the Communist held city, according to a usually reliable source.

The British Ambassador to Nationalist China, Sir Ralph Stevenson, was on board the "Shen King". He is on his way home but will stop at Singapore to attend the forthcoming conference of Far Eastern Representatives.

The Australian Ambassador to Nationalist China, Mr. Keith Officer, was also reported to have left Shanghai but there was no official confirmation.

News BRIEFS

(Compiled from PTI and UPI depatches)

POSTAL RATES

A Hyderabad Gazette notification said that the Hyderabad Govt. has decided to increase the price of a post card from six pies to eight pies and of a postal envelop from one anna four pies to one anna six pies with effect from 22, 1949.

HUNGARY & E. GERMANY

Hungary will establish diplomatic relations with Eastern German Government, the Foreign Minister announced at Budapest on Ocober 17.

STORAGE BATTERIES

Draft Indian standards for storage batteries, dry cells and batteries for flash lamps have been evolved by the Indian Standards Institution.

IN MADRAS

At the invitation of the Government of Madras the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics has decided to hold the tenth session of All India Agricultural Economic Conference in Madras at the end of December 1949.

'FURY' FIGHTERS

Four 'Fury' Fighter planes with Pakistan insignia landed on Oct. 17 at Nicosia (Cyprus) on their way to Karachi for delivery to the Pakistan Government. The 'Furies' which are among 60 sold by Britain to Pakistan, will resume their flight on October 18.

ANTI-LOCUST TALKS

The Egyptian Government has accepted an invitation to attend the anti-locust conference in Karachi on October 22.

FRIENDSHIP ASSOCIATION

A Turkish-Pakistan Friendship Association for close cultural relations and cultural co-operation between the two countries has been founded in Istanbul.

TELEGRAMS TO KASHGER

Shanghai advices Government telegrams for Kashger are not accepted. The name of code must appear in the preamble of code telegrams.

ACROSS INDIA

The Government of India have granted temporary authorisation to the Scandinavian airlines to operate a bi-weekly service across India.

SETTLING ARAB REFUGEES

AMMAN, (JORDAN), October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A plan to settle 450,000 Palestine Arab refugees in Syria, a further 150,000 in Jordan and 100,000 in Jerusalem under an international regime, has been submitted to the Middle East Economic Eurvey Group by the Group's British Deputy Chief, Sir Desmond Morton.

Give Us Your Surplus Wheat

NEHRU ON HOW U.S CAN CO-OPERATE

NEW YORK, Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter): Pandit Nehru today told the Overseas Press Club here that the Government of India would like some of America's surplus wheat to solve the country's temporary food difficulties.

He was replying to a question as to how friendly Americans could co-co-operate with India.

He said that India would welcome technical assistance of a high grade and experts from America to carry out some of the country's multi-purpose projects.

Asked whether the Government of India would recognise the Communist Government of China, Pandit Nehru replied: "We have sent our Ambassador for consultations. Like other governments of the world we cannot ignore realities".

BONDAGE OF FOREIGN FOOD

Bihar Premier's Call

PATNA, Oct. 18, (PTI): Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Bihar Premier, addressing a press conference here this evening explained in detail the Provincial Government's Rs. 7,00,00,000 "Grow More Food" plan of intensive cultivation and reclamation of waste lands to make the Province self-sufficient by 1951 and appealed to the people of the Province for an all-out effort to deliver the country from the bondage of foreign food.

Referring to the proposal to give about Rs. 3,00,00,000 as subsidies to cultivators under the plan Mr. Sinha said: "If you are a kisan, you must endeavour to grow something more than what you are doing. If we could in this Province grow half a maund more per acre in our 23,000,000 acres under the plough, we can wipe out the deficit (3.3 lakh tons).

"It is not that we are not offering facilities. We want cultivators to take advantage of these facilities. For every minor irrigation Ahar and Bundh, for every well that you put down, for every open boring and every Rahat for every tube well that you install, and for every acre of land that you reclaim with Manual labour we give you half the cost. My call to the people is: "Take advantage of these facilities and grow more. You may not get these facilities after two years. So be quick about it."

To the town dwellers Mr. Sinha appealed to grow vegetables and fruits in their compound and, if he had no compound to grow something in pots and boxes.

AGREEMENT ON INDONESIA

End Of October, The Deadline

THE HAGUE, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter): Sultan Hamid, of West Borneo, said here today that the Dutch and Indonesian delegations were "practically certain to reach over-all agreement" by the end of Ocober at their Round Table Conference on the future status of Indonesia.

Giving his personal views, the Sultan stated at a press conference that there was "no deadlock" in the discussions.

CADETS GROW FOOD

Jubbulpore's Effort

NAGPUR, Oct. 18 (PTI)—Three hundred cadets of the National Cadet Corps at Jubbulpore are now participating in the food production drive, according to information available here.

A plot measuring 226 acres six miles from Jubbulpore has been taken on lease from the Central Cattle Breeding Research Station, and operations have started with the assistance of the officials of the Agricultural Department.

Cadets will also have the assistance of a certain number of experienced cultivators. Crops under cultivation are wheat, gram and vegetables, and it is expected that after the completion of the operations these cadets will have produced their six weeks of food requirements.

LEOPOLD'S RETURN TO BELGIUM

King's Agreement On Referendum Issue

BRUSSELS, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter): King Leopold of Belgium has agreed to a referendum on his return to the throne and to abdicate if he secured less than 55 per cent of the votees.

This was announced to a meeting of Liberal Senators here today by their President, M. Octave Dierck, after he had seen the Belgian Premier, M. Gaston Eyskens.

The Premier returned to Brussels earlier today after meeting the King near Geneva.

HECTIC SEARCH FOR NOTORIOUS OUTLAW

LUCKNOW, Oct. 18, (UPI): The search for outlaw Beerey continues in the western districts of the province.

At present Beerey is the leader of the gang of criminals which was previously led by Girend Singh. Before Girend's death, Beerey was the second in command and was therefore, called "Chhotey Sarkar" a name which has clung to him since then, "Chhotey Sarkar" was wounded seriously in a recent encounter with the police in Mainpuri Dist. but succeeded in escaping arrest along with his colleagues. Since then it is not known whether he is still alive or has succumbed to his injuries. At that time it was reported that he was getting himself treated by some vaid in his hide out.

But the orders are that dead or alive, he is to be caught and a large police force is on his track.

Suit To Ban "Oliver Twist" Dismissed

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 (UPI)—New York State Supreme Court Judge Di Giovanna has thrown out a suit seeking to ban "Oliver Twist" and the "Merchant of Venice" from New York City public schools, on the grounds that they engendered hatred of Jews.

Said the judge: "Public education and instruction in the home will remove religious and racial intolerance more effectively than censorship and suppression of literary works.

FINLAND SIGNS PACT WITH E. GERMANY

BERLIN, October 18 (P.T.I.): Finland today gave de facto recognition to the new East German Republic by signing a trade agreement in Berlin with the Trade Ministry of the new government.

The treaty provided for the exchange of 4,000,000 dollars worth of goods during the next 12 months.

OUR BIHAR NEWSLETTER

FORERUNNER TO TOTAL ZAMINDARI ABOLITION

130 Big Estates To Be Taken Over Soon

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PATNA, (By Air Mail).

As a prelude to the total abolition of zamindari, the Government of Bihar, it is understood, have decided to take over 130 big estates under their control about the middle of November next under the Estate Management Act, 1949, recently given assent to by the Governor-General.

Under the provisions of the Act, Government will not pay anything to the zamindars, whose estates will be acquired under the Act, but they will be paid a certain percentage of the savings of the estate that will acctue towards compensation. Zamindaris will be acquired in a specified period without imposing financial drain on the provincial exchequer.

The measure was passed during the last budget session of the Bihar legislature and had taken the longest time in the history of the legislature.

FOOD PRODUCTION

The food production drive in the province has been switched on to a war footing and all possible mechanised and man-power resources are being mobilised to make up the food deficit of the province by 1951.

Apart from 13 big projects already planned at an estimated cost of Rs. 2 crores or so to reclaim nearly 60,000 acres of land, nearly one thousand acres of waste land have already been reclaimed, both by mechanised and manual Labour.

Meanwhile contour surveys of nearly thirty thousand acres of land have already been undertaken and ringing has been given so that the maximum rain water could be absorbed for irrigational purposes, in the areas where the lands will be reclaimed

P.W.D. PLANS

A unique scheme of entrusting the construction of Government offices has been prepared by the P.W.D. It is understood that the principle has been accepted that the construction should be given over to the co-operative societies for which a detailed scheme is underway.

It is likely that more than a thousand structures will be constructed this year through co-operative societies as an experimental measure.

MOVE TO DEVELOP CIVIL AVIATION

With a view to encouraging the rapid development of civil aviation, the Government, it is understood, have decided to exempt aviation spirit from the purview of the Sales Tax. The Government rate of Sales Tax on this commodity has been six pies a rupee till March of this year.

It will be recalled that this subject was discussed at the last Premier's conference at Delhi and the decision to exempt the tax on the spirit was an outcome of the conference. Government's move will cost the provincial exchequer a loss of about Rs. 20,000 per annum.

NO LAND SETTLEMENTS

The Government have now finally decided that no land in the province belonging to a court of wards estate will be settled to any private individual except tenants.

The much debated court of wards estate where several thousands of acres of land were to be settled was the Bettiah Raj in the Champaran district. The manager of the wards, Mr. B.B. Verma, who is himself a Congressman and had accepted the managership of the Bettiah Raj with the blessings of Mahatma Gandhi, resigned and the resignation is still pending before the Government.

U. N. ADMITS FAILURE IN BALKANS

Greek Problem Unsettled

LAKE SUCCESS Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter).

THE Balkans Conciliation Committee reported to the United Nations Political Committee today that it had failed in its efforts to settle the Greek problem.

The announcement was made by General Carlos P. Romulo, President of the General Assembly in a letter to the Chairman of the Political Committee, Mr. Lester B. Pearson, of Canada.

The Conciliation Committee was created by the Political Committee on September 29 to reach a pacific settlement of differences between Greece on the one hand, and Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia on the other.

General Romulo said that after holding 29 meetings the Committee had authorised him to report "with regret that in spite of its best effort, it was unable to develop a basis of conciliation on which an agreement could be reached" between the respective Governments.

MARSHAL SLIM

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18, (PTI): Field Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, accompanied by Lt. Gen. S. M. Shrinagesh, G O C-in-C., Western Command and Major-General Hira Lal Attal, adjutant General arrived at Pathankot by plane this morning on his way to pay a visit to the first Gurkha Rifles regimental centre at Dharamsala, of which he is the colonel-in-chief.

WEEK OF CONFERENCES

Protest Against Enactment Of Hindu Code

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18.

Ahmedabad residents held a big sacrificial yajna during the week. Several conferences were also held this week, including a religious pictorial exhibition. They were held till Sunday night at the pandals on Purushottam mill grounds.

The Mahagujerat Dharma Sangh Conference was presided over by H. H. Jagadguru Shankarachariya of Dwarka Sharda Peeth. It passed several resolutions pleading for religious outlook on life and social order, and for a religious state and not secular state. It also passed a resolution against the enactment of the Hindu Code and other bills on Hindu religious endowments, and demanding absolute stoppage of cow slaughter.

UNIVERSITY FOR RELIGION

There was also a Pandits' Conference which demanded the setting up of a religious cultural University on a broad basis.

The President, H. H. J. Shankarachariya announced that the centre for such a University would be Ahmedabad.

OUR ORISSA NEWSLETTER:

ASSEMBLY MEETS IN NEW CAPITAL

Premier's Call To Reds For Co-operation

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CUTTACK, (By Air Mail).

THE three-day session of Orissa's expanded Assembly which held an important sitting at the new capital at Bhubaneshwar in a war time cement godown was marked for several befitingly important events.

The Orissa Premier's call to the Communists to cooperate with the Government and carry on their activities through all constitutional ways and means and his open invitation to the solitary Communist-cum-Labour representative in the Assembly to come out from underground and participate in the proceedings of the historic session of the legislature and the participation of as many as thirty new nominated representatives from the merged states apart, the Orissa Governor Mr. Asaf Ali's address to the house provided much food for thought.

As a matter of fact his emphatic assertion that the gigantic post-war development plans like the Hirakud Dam and Duduma Hydro-electric Projects would be seriously affected by the refusal of the Central grant to Orissa set the thinking section of the house to ponder over the far reaching consequences if the works undertaken on these projects were not kept up somehow.

DEVALUATION SEQUEL

Devaluation of the rupee which has been responsible for the India Government's stringent measures on post-war plans was attributed to the refusal of the grants in favour of Orissa's plans, the Governor pointed out and said that all our local resources should be tapped in order to meet the requirements of the times including that of production of more food.

Mr. Asaf Ali was confident that given proper care and diligent labour, Orissa could not only double her per capita income within two years but also could wipe out India's deficit in foodstuffs by very nearly 60 to 70 per cent which will mean annexation of very nearly 70 to 80 Crores of Rupees which are now going abroad for the purchase of foodgrains. The Governor's announcement regarding the drastic curtailment in Central grants and loans to Orissa coming as it does closely after his consultations at Delhi has left a lasting impression upon the minds of the members of the Orissa Assembly.

CONFLICTING VIEWS

The Orissa Premier and the Governor explained differently the question of nomination of the members from the Orissa States which aroused a certain amount of criticism in the press and on the platform. While the Premier dismissed the criticisms as vague and empty the Governor satisfied the critics by saying that the Dominion Government decided the general policy applicable to all the integrated states of India in the larger context of various circumstances and the nominations have been made for the interval between now and the general election.

The Speaker ruled out of order two adjournment motions one by Sri L. N. Sahu questioning the validity of the nomination of the representatives from the States and the other by the Opposition relating to the merger of the States of Saraikella and Kharswan with Bihar province. On another occasion he ruled that no member can ask six questions in a single day.

Other interesting features of the Bhubaneswar session of the Orissa Assembly were that Sri Saratchandra Das (former Premier of Mayurbhanj State) a prominent Congress leader who along with eleven other Congressmen resigned from the Congress recently took his seat on the side of the Opposition while the Communist member Sri Badyanath Rath abstained from attending the session despite the Orissa Premier's public assurance that the former will not be arrested. As many as twentytwo newly nominated members from the affiliated States joined the Congress Party including two nominated on behalf of the Opposition leader while the rest took their seats in the Opposition bench.

DULL SESSION

There was little of non-official business during the three-day session while the official business which were mostly amending bills did not provide much interest. Sri Nabakrishna Chaudhury, former Revenue Minister who has since accepted the post of the Organiser of the Basic Education scheme in Orissa was conspicuous by his absence during the session, although he attended the Congress Parliamentary Party Meeting. It is reported that he will resign from the Assembly.

The Orissa Premier gave an assurance to the opposition on the last day of the session that the venue for the future sessions of the Assembly would not be fixed without previous consultation with the Opposition. The latter had pointed out that the members of the Opposition had experienced quite a lot of hardship mainly due to want of accommodation at Bhubaneswar and therefore they wanted the future sessions of the Assembly should be held at Cuttack only until adequate accommodation for all the members was found out. Members from the States voiced their opposition to the consideration of the report of the Select Committee of the Orissa Local Self-Government Bill on the ground that the new members from the States had not taken part in the deliberations on this measure in its earlier stage. Some said that the present Assembly was not competent to take up the Bill at all. The Speaker ruled out the later suggestion while the Orissa Premier suggested the postponement of the consideration of the bill to the next session and invited the Members of the Opposition to a conference before the bill came up for consideration in the next session.

This apart two other bills relating to the formation of a Revenue Board and appointment of Divisional Commissioners which were scheduled to come up for consideration were deferred to the next session of the Assembly. The Government agreed to such a step in order to enable the members to study the different provisions made in the bills which required some more time.

Press representatives experienced some difficulties in sending their messages to Cuttack by telephones as the Cuttack A.I.R., engaged two lines to cover the proceedings on the first day. Question papers were not supplied and accommodation was found to be insufficient for the press during the session which was duly communicated to the Premier.

ZAMINDARI ABOLITION

Among other points which came up for discussion in the Orissa Assembly Congress Party meeting at the Bhubaneswar Dharmsala one important point was the appointment of a Committee to examine the Orissa Premier's draft scheme of abolition of Zamindary system in the province written on fresh lines in the light of the compensation clause provided by the Indian Constitution. This has made the report of the Land Tenure and Land-Committee virtually defunct and the new Bill drafted by the Government would very likely come up before the Assembly during the next session sometime towards the end of November next. A few other Committees were also appointed by the Party to study other legislative measures proposed to be brought before the Assembly in the next session.

At the last meeting of the Working Committee of th eUtkal Provincial Congress Committee held under the presidentship of Sri Biswanath Das the Committee unanimously endorsed the decision of the Congress Parliamentar Party to expel Sri Umacharan Patnaik, a member from Ganjam from the Congress and held that he (Patnaik) should be debarred from holding any elective post in the Congress for a period of five years.

It may be recalled that this decision was taken as a sequel to Sri Patnaik's allegedly serious insinuations against several high ranking officials and non-officials in his minute of dissent as a member of the Orissa Advisory Board. It is learnt that Sri Patnaik has in the meantime appealed to the Congress High Command and the Parliamentary Board against the decisions of the Orissa Assembly Congress Party and the Utkal P.C.C. Executive. Pandit Nehru has also been informed about his appeal before the former left for the U. S.

An interesting arrest took place in Ganjam recently when a batch of labourers bound for East Pakistan was taken to custody by the police. It may be recalled that a few months ago about five hundred labourers in Jessore were manhandled by Pakistani labour agents and returned in a distressing condition to Ganjam. The district authorities had banned immigration of labour to East Bengal and the present arrest was made, it is reported, in pursuance of the said orders of the district authorities. A labour agent from Pakistan was also arrested along with the labourers, it is reported.

A MAJOR CRIME

One of the sensational revelations of the murder of three women by a military officer Major Roshanial within the period of one month one at Puri and the other at Calcutta was made recently when the officer was brought to Puri under police escort in connection with the murder of a young lady Urmilla, a keep of the officer. The officer confessed the crime.

HOLD ON TO JUTE STOCKS

Leaguers Advice To Growers

DACCA, October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mr. Yusuf Ali Choudhary, General Secretary of the East Pakistan Muslim League, appealed today to jute growers to hold on to their stocks till the exchange position improved.

He warned against dangers of "organised smuggling" from East Bengal to West Bengal, which, he said, would shatter East Bengal's economy. He also urged Muslim League workers to keep a vigilant eye on smugglers and hand them over to the police.

MR. A. D. MANI

ROME, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. A. D. Mani, Editor of the Hitavada, Nagpur, and Secretary of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference, who for six weeks has been touring European capitals left Rome today by air for Delhi.

During his visit to Rome Mr. Mani was received in audience by Pope Pius Twelfth.

DON'T BE MISLED BY SOCIALIST PROMISES

B.P.C.C. Appeal To Voters In Municipal By-Election

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE B.P.C.C. in an appeal to the voters in the ensuing municipal by-election reminds them of the constructive work which the Congress has put in, and not be misguided by "mere assurance and criticisms" of the Socialist party.

The BPCC have put up Mr. Narayan Dhondu Kadam as its candidate to contest the ensuing by-election to the Bombay Corporation. The Congress suffered a defeat at the last by-elections held in September, 1949. This, however, cannot be held as an adequate indicator of the rising prestige of Socialists. The victory of the Socialists was due to factors which were definitely beyond the purview of any political party. With the city having a civic election like this, the oppositionist groups started furthering their propaganda. At this particular election, the Socialist Party have put up their candidate in opposition to the Congress. In their enthusiasm to fight the elections, they have been leaving no stones unturned to run down the Congress organisation and the Government as a whole. They have also been indulging in giving promises to the electorate, the less said about it the better.

The citizens of Bombay will do well to remember the constructive work that was and is being done by the Congress with a view to consolidating the freedom of this country. Mere promises by oppositionist groups should not prevail in an issue like elections.

The electorate of Lovegrove mainly consists of the Labour community. It is an undisputable fact that the Congress organisation and Government, have been striving for the welfare of the Labour community in particular. The grant of bonus for 4½ months; staggering of holidays; regularisation of working hours, security of service, etc., are some of the main achievements to the credit of the Congress. It has been observed that the oppositionists have been promising better living conditions including housing amenities to the labour. Herein, it may be pointed out that really constructive work is being done by the Congress alone.

The electorate will, it is hoped, not be guided by mere assurances and criticisms, but just think for themselves and rally round the one national body, which is striving for the interest of the common man.

C. P. Now Procures More Grain

NAGPUR, Oct. 18 (PTI)—Steady progress is being maintained in the procurement of food grains in the provinces.

During September, a total of 6,972 tons of rice were secured in the province, and in the first week of October—1993 tons. Wheat figures were 357 tons for September and 482 tons in first week of October according to official reports.

REDUCING SCHOOLING DAYS IN MADRAS

Subject Referred To Select Committee

MADRAS, Oct. 18, (PTI): The suggestion made by the Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari in Bombay two months ago, for a reduction in the number of schooling days per week for children in primary education stage, is one of the points referred to an eight-man Expert Committee by the Government of Madras.

The Committee, including the Vice-Chancellors of the Madras, Andhra and Annamalai Universities, and Presidents of the South India Teachers Union, and of the Andhra and Madras Headmasters Associations, has been asked to consider the question of reorganisation of the secondary and elementary education in the province. It is expected to submit its report within two months.

Other points referred to the Committee include: From what class or form the study of Hindi should commence consistently with the present curricula of study; in what script or scripts (Roman, Devanagari or Regional) should Hindi be taught); whether Hindi should be taught in the regional script to students in fourth and fifth standards in elementary schools, and whether Sanskrit should be allowed as alternative to the regional language or mother tongue, and if so, from what form.

Pakistan Reds Condemn Safety Ordinance

LAHORE, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—The Communist Party of Pakistan in a statement today condemned the recently promulgated Pakistan Public Safety Ordinance as indicating "the fascist tendencies of the Government of Pakistan" and appealed to the people to "mobile all democratic forces in the country for the withdrawal of the repressive measure."

The statement charged the Government of Pakistan with protecting and promoting the interests of a few capitalists and jagirdars of the country and declared that the country can not prosper in the real sense unless political power comes into the hands of the proletariat."

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

Results Of D.A., D.V.D., D. Ped., D.L.O., D.O. & D.P.H. Exams

The following candidates have passed the Examinations held in October 1949:

1. D. A. EXAMINATION
No. 1 K. M. Baxi
No. 3 W. P. Thatte
2. D.V.D EXAMINATION
No. 1 B. A. Daruvala
No. 3 J. C. Shroff
No. 4 M. S. Trasi
3. D. PED. EXAMINATION
No. 1 Y. D. Bhardwaj
No. 2 J. H. Joshi
No. 3 G.P.P. Mehta
No. 4 F. A. Nazareth.
4. D.L.O EXAMINATION

The candidate for the examination has failed to pass the Examination.

5. D.O. EXAMINATION
No. 1 A. M. Gokhale
6 D.P.H. EXAMINATION
WHOLE EXAMINATION
No. 2 A. R. Shirodkar
PASSED IN PART I ONLY
No. 1 M. N. Vaidya.

No Seat For Reds In Norwegian Parliament

OSLO, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—The Norwegian Communist Party will not be represented in the new Parliament, it was officially confirmed today after a final recount of the votes polled in last weeks elections.

The recount showed that for the county seat of Hedmark, 51 votes cast for the Labour Party had been wrongly credited to the Communists.

FRENCH CABINET CRISIS

PARIS, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter): M. Rene Mayer, former Finance Minister and a leading Radical, this afternoon announced he would try to form a new Government and try to solve France's twelve-day old Cabinet crisis.

M. Mayer said he hoped to begin consultations with party leaders later today, and either late tonight or sometime tomorrow would tell President Vincent Auriol whether he was likely to succeed.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

197 Field Investigations Scheduled

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17, 1949.

The Geological Survey of India's programme of work for the field season 1949-50, which has been sanctioned by the Government of India, includes 197 items of field investigations apart from the usual work of detailed geological mapping

The programme includes continuation of investigations for oil and a number of important minerals which include coal, gypsum, manganese ore, mica, iron ore, graphite and gold. The programme also includes investigations into the problems of water supply and underground water in various provinces. An important part of the programme will be investigation of various dam sites, tunnelling scheme and sites in connection with hydro-electric schemes at several centres in India.

Details of some of the more important investigations projosed to be undertaken during the season are given below:—

OIL: Continuance of magnetometric survey in Saurashtra and Gujarat and detailed mapping of Jwalamukhi area (Kangra District); investigations into reported occurrence of oil in Kashipur (Naini Tal District), in the bank of River Dhamala (Saharanpur District) in Sirohi State and Kangra District.

COAL: Investigation for coal in Singrauli (U.P.); Hoshiarpur District (E.P.); Saurashtra; Someswari Valley, Lakhimpur and Sibsagar Districts and Garo Hills (Aassam), Darjeeling and Dungarpur area (West Bengal), lignite deposits in Cutch and Bikaner and ground water conditions in the lignite field, South Arcot (Madras).

MANGANESE ORE: Investigation of manganes eore deposits in Bombay Presidency, Kalahandi District, Bonai, Jangpur and Mayurbhanj (Orissa) and by magnetic methods in Balaghat District (C.P.).

MICA: Iuvestigation of mica deposits in Ajmer-Merwara: Cuttack District, etc.

COPPER: Investigation of copper deposits in Sikkim; Darjeeling District; and geophysical survey of deposits in Khetri (Rajastan) and Nellore District (Madras,.

LEAD: Detailed prospecting for lead in Tehri Garhwal and continuance of geophysical prospecting in Panch Mahals.

CHROMITE: Mapping of chromite area in Keonjahar (Orissa).

BAUXITE: Investigation of bauxite deposits in Madhyabharat; Kalahandi District (Orissa), Surguja District.

KYANITE: Investigation of Kyanite deposits of Singhbhum and Manbhum (Bihar) Bonai, Dhenkanal, Gangpur and Mayurbhanj (Orissa) and also in West Bengal.

GLASS AND CERAMIC INDUSTRIES Various districts in Bihar, West Bengal, Madras, Bombay Presidency, Assam; Saurashtra; Rajasthan, Cochin, Madhyabharat and Bhopal.

ILMENITE: Investigation of ilmenite in Bamail Zamindari (Bihar).

IRON-ORE: Investigation of iron ore deposits at Dwarhat (Almore Distdict), South Ratnagiri District (Bombay), Bellary District (Madras), Bonai (Orissa) Rowghat and Drug District (C.P.) and of raw materials for the manufacture of refractories in various districts of C.P.

SALT: Investigation of salt deposits in Mandi State; Didwana (Bikaner), and Bharatpur State.

DAM SITES: Investigation of various dam sites, tunneling schemes and sites in connection with hydro-electric schemes in East Punjab, U.P., West Bengal, Nepal, Orissa, Madras, Bombay and Saurashtra.

WATER SUPPLY: Detailed investigation of water supply and underground water in various provinces and States e.g. Bombay Presidency, Bihar, C.P. and Berar, Orissa, Madras, Cutch, Kandla Port.

GRAPHITE: Investigation of graphite deposits in Sikkim and Northern Cicars.

GOLD: Investigation of reported occurrences in Dharwar District and Bhangar Ravasu and Satara (Bombay) Salem District (Madras), Hemigiri Mountain, and Cuddapah District.

FELSPAR: Investigation of occurrence of felspuar in Mihijam in Bihar

TOPAZ: Investigation of the occurrence of topaz in Bihar.

VERMICULITE: Examination of reported vermiculite deposits in Ajmer-Merwara.

SLATE STONE: Investigation of new sources of slate stone deposits and classification according to their quality

ASBESTOS: Investigation of asbestos in Bonai and Jabat (Orissa).

PLANS WHICH MAY REDRAW MAP OF MIDDLE EAST

Arab League Opens 11th Session In Cairo

CAIRO, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Members of the Arab League Council opened their eleventh session here tonight to deal with plans which may redraw the map of the Middle East.

The proposed Union of Syria, Iraq, and Jordan was down for discussion when the session opened under the Chairmanship of Syria.

After the Premiers and Foreign Ministers of the seven Member States had heard inaugural speeches, the meeting was adjourned until Wednesday.

The delegates have these issues before them.

(1) Unification of Arab policy in the international field. (2) Common policy towards Israel and the fate of Jerusalem and Arab refugees. (3) The dispute between Egypt and Saudi Arabia on the one hand and Iraq and Jordan on the other over the "Greater Syria—Fertile Crescent" scheme.

Although the first two issues have assumed increasing urgency and demand immediate solution, the third appears to have taken precedence in view of its wider implications.

CZECH MIDDLE CLASS TO BE ABOLISHED

Move To Set Up Socialist Society

PRAGUE, Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter): Confirmation that Czechoslovakia was abolishing its middle class and establishing a Socialist society came today in the disclosure that networks of "confidants" were being organised in Prague to report on their neighbours.

The announcement, in the National Trades Union newspaper 'Prace', said that the intention of these groups, organised by local union committees was to "transform Prague into a Socialist town of working people."

The new organisation, paralleled by the Communist Party's own system to check "reliability", would inform about people with too large houses or flates or who seemed hostile to the regime.

INDIA'S STERLING BALANCES

Form In Which Held

LONDON, Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter): Sir John Mellor, Conservative asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the House of Commons today in what form India's Sterling Balances were held in Britain and what rate of interest was paid or accredited.

Sir Stafford Cripps replied: "The Sterling Balances of India, which include the holdings of commercial banks and other commercial and private holders as well as those of the Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India, are in the form of Bank balances and holdings of short-term and other debts such as Treasury Bills and British Government or other securities.

In so far as the obligations held by Indian institutions or residents are those of His Majesty's Government, the interest at present payable on the holdings is at the rate current for each type of debt".

KANPUR DETENUS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

Want More Allowances

KANPUR, Oct. 18. (PTI): Thirteen out of thirty Communist detenus lodged in Kanpur District Jail went on hunger-strike today to "protest against the non-fulfilment of our demands by the Provincial Government"

The detenus inter alia demanded a monthly allowance of Rs. 100 for their families and a cigarette allowance of Rs. 15 for those addicted to smoking. They also demanded remission of sentences of 18 months rigorous imprisonment awarded to some Communists for rioting in the district jail in April last.

TRIBUNAL TO ADJUDICATE BANK DISPUTES

Standing Finance Committee Approves Scheme

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18. (PTI): The Standing Finance Committee which met here today under the presidentship of Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister approved schemes for the constitution of an Ad Hoc Industrial Tribunal for adjudication in bank disputes and augmentation of conciliation staff under the Chief Labour Commissioner, and establishment of a Government hospitality organisation for entertainment of State guests in the capital.

The Committee approved provision of a stone-pitched embankment to help make available sufficient supply of water during winter from the Yamuna River for Delhi's central power house.

The Committee also approved a proposal to increase the share payable to the Madras Government on account of tobacco excise duty to Rs. 56 lakhs, as the previous allocation of Rs. 22 lakhs was considered inadequate.

MANY WAITING

It was stated that after the promulgation of the Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance Companies) Ordinance on April 30, 1949, a number of matters requiring adjudication had to be dealt with by a Central Tribunal and there were many more disputes awaiting reference. As the two existing tribunals of the Central Government were fully occupied with the work, an additional tribunal consisting of three high court judges were constituted to undertake adjudication of the disputes as quickly as possible.

It is expected that the Tribunal will be able to dispose of all references within four to six months.

Steps have also been taken to appoint additional staff consisting of seven Conciliation Officers and 14 Labour Inspectors for a period of six months to cope with the increased work.

HOSPITALITY BODY

A Government hospitality organisation under the control of the Military Secretary to the Governor-General to provide facilities for the entertainment of State guests by the Governor-General, the Prime Minister, and other Ministers has recently been set up.

After the transfer of power responsibility for the entertainment of State guests which had primarily rested with the Viceroy, devolved on the Governor-General, the Prime Minister and other Ministers, but it was clear that proper facilities would have to be made available to them.

The obvious course was to make use of the existing personnel and facilities in Government House. The Cabinet, therefore, decided that these facilities should be made common to the Governor-General's and Prime Minister's houses and should also be available to other Ministers for entertainment at Government House or other suitable locations.

It was felt that the organisation, involving a recurring expenditure of about Rs. 3,07,000 but effecting a saving of Rs. 1,24,900 under the heads 'contract grant, 'general revenues' etc, would provide the most effective means of offering the necessary degree of hospitality with minimum expenditure and maximum efficiency.

FALL IN PAKISTAN'S JUTE ACREAGE

33 Per Cent Decrease In Yield

KARACHI, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter)—A press note issued by the Pakistan Ministry of Food and Agriculture states, taking the total jute area of the sub-continent of Indo-Pakistan for gal's share of the area under jute was 71 per cent.

The final forecast of the area under jute crop for year 1949-50 is 1,559,000 acres as against 1,877,000 acres reported in the final forecast of the previous year. This shows a decrease of 17.0 per cent.

The total yield of the crop this year is estimated to be 3,332,000 bales as against 5,479,000 bales of 400 lbs each, reported in the previous year's final forecast, showing a fall of 32.9 per cent.

The large decrease in the area yield or the crop was mostly due to a sudden change of weather for the worse in the middle of April, 1949.

INDIAN TERRITORY ENCROACHED

Charge Against French Authorities In Mahe

CALICUT, Oct. 18. (PTI): Mr. P. A. Antony, India's Vice Consul at Mahe, arrived here yesterday from Mahe and gave a full report to the Collector of Malabar on the reported encroachment of Indian Union territory by the French authorities. It is learnt that the Consul General at Pandicherry and the Provincial Government have also been informed of this.

It may be recalled that the French authorities a few days back began repair work on a stretch of road near the Mahe bridge, which lies in the Indian territory.

Calcutta Corporation Dispute

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18, (PTI): The West Bengal Government has decided to refer to a Tribunal the dispute between the Calcutta Corporation and its employees, numbering nearly 30,000, it was learnt today.

The West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy who holds the portfolio of the Local Self-Government Department, told pressmen today that the demands of the employees were such that the Corporation was unable to meet them, nor did it feel justified in increasing their emoluments at this stage. The Corporation, he said, would abide by the decision of the Tribunal.

The Corporation, now under official administration, was superseded by Government in March, 1948.

Mourning Death Of City Leaders

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In accordance with a requisition signed by hundreds of Bombay citizens and submitted to the Shariff, through the Mayors Committee appointed for the purpose of convening a meeting to mourn the death of M/S K. F. Nariman, S. A. Brelvi, B. G. Horniman and K. P. Khadilkar, a public meeting has been arranged to be held at Sunderabai Hall on Monday October 24 at 6 p.m. when Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay will preside.

Among the speakers on the various resolutions will be Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay; Sir B. Rama Rau; Mr. M. R. Masani; Sir Chunilal B. Mehta; Mr. Bhavanji Khimji; Mr. T.S Jehu; Mr. Sadanand; Mr. K. Gopalaswami; Mr. M. N. Cama and others.

Goondas Raid Destitute Women's Institute

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 18, Goondas raided Mahila Udyog Sadan, Allahabad tonight and took away and destroyed property worth hundreds of rupees.

Destitute women live in this institute producing various kinds of goods the sale proceeds of which are utilised to support them.

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INDIA IN INTERNATIONAL SPORT

Will you help us to lay the foundation stone of the Nehru Stadium and Park in New Delhi, and have work also commenced on the Vallabhbhai Patel Olympic Stadium in Bombay? THE NATIONAL SPORTS CLUB OF INDIA will then take its first step towards the erection of a nation-wide network of stadia with playfields and club houses that will place India on the *sports map of the world.*

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Write immediately to the Hony. Secretary, Shri. Anthony S. de Mello, Brabourne Stadium, Churchgate, Bombay, or the Hony. Treasurer, Shri. Nayal H. Tata, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Bombay, enclosing 2 as. stamps to cover Postage for illustrated descriptive folder-cum membership form.

DON'T DELAY ACT NOW!

NATIONAL SPORTS CLUB OF INDIA

DUTCH DENY FLARE-UP IN EAST JAVA

Central Joint Board To Discuss Situation

BATAVIA, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter).

A Dutch official military spokesman today categorically denied any flare-up in East and mid-Java, as reported by an American news agency yesterday. He said that Dutch casualties in the past week were two soldiers slightly injured when their truck struck a land-mine in the Blitar area.

The local Republican Commander, he said, possibly not with full Republican authority, had sent an "ultimatum" demanding the release of a Republican civilian whom, the Dutch claimed, was causing unrest at Wlingi. The Dutch ignored the demand and a few shots were fired at midnight at a Dutch post, causing no casualties. The ultimatum threatened to assault the town, but there was no attack.

"DARUL ISLAM"

According to reliable military reports the uneasy situation in Central Java is complicated by the unexpected movement into the area of the "Darul Islam" Guerillas previously concentrated in West Java.

Darul Islam Guerillas, who are hostile to both Dutch and Republican forces, were yesterday reported south of the main road from Cheribon to Semarang at least 100 miles from their usual haunts.

JOINT BOARD

A meeting of the Central Joint Board with representatives of the United Nations Commission for Indonesia, Dutch and Republicans, is expected to be held tomorrow to discuss the serious situation, especially in East Java, to which both Republicans and Dutch have drawn attention in the past three days.

Special UNCI observers who are investigating the situation in East Java are expected to return this evening, as also is Republican Home Minister Wongsonegoro, who is Chief Republican Delegate on the Central Joint Board.

THE HAGUE: Netherlands Prime Minister William Drees, who is also Chairman of the Round Table Conference on Indonesia, today discussed the military situation in Java with Indonesian Republican Premier Mohammed Hatta. The two also discussed the present stage of the conference.

The Indonesian Republican President, Dr. Soekarno, has informed the Republican Delegation here that he will do all he can to solve the military difficulties in East Java the main trouble spot.

Republican sources here said today they were "less pessimistic" about the military situation than their Minister of Defence, the Sultan of Jogjakarta, who declared over the weekend there was a danger of armed conflict "spreading throughout Java and Sumatra."

JOINT ACTION AGAINST TROUBLE-MAKERS

Dutch-Indonesian Warning

BATAVIA, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Both Dutch and Indonesaians planned joint action, if necessary, against "disturbing elements" in East Java, said a communique issued today by the United Nations Commission in Indonesia quoting information it had received from Surabaya.

For some days, there have been reports of tension in East and Mid-Java, though a Dutch military spokesman today denied that there was any "flare up".

RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA

Britain Denies 'Assurances' To America

LONDON, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—The British Government intends to extend full De Jure recognition to the Chinese Communist Government soon, it was understood in usually well informed quarters here today.

A British Foreign Office spokesman, although stating that no decision on recognition had yet been taken, denied today a press report from Washington that Britain had given the United States any assurance that this recognition would take the form of DE FACTO recognition. "No such assurance was sent to the United States State Department", he said.

Zafrullah Apologises

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Sir Mohamed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, apologised here to Dr. Philip Jessup, United States delegate and Ambassador-at-large, for an incident yesterday. It occurred in the Political Sub-Committee of the United Nations General Assembly which was considering the Italian colonies question.

Sir Mohamed had said that Dr. Jessup had "twice been unfair" in saying that a Soviet proposal did not specifically suggest independence for the former colony of Italian Somaliland. Later in the debate he said that he wished to apologise, adding that immediately he made the reference he realised that he was not justified. What he did mean, he added, was that the matter did not appear to be subject to Dr. Jessup's interpretation.

THOMAS ELMHIRST IN POONA

POONA, Oct. 18, (PTI): Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst, Commander-in-Chief of the R.I.A.F. arrived in Poona today from Delhi on a visit of inspection of the Air Force Installations. High R.I.A.F. officers received the Air Marshal, who later inspected a guard of honour provided by the R.I.A.F.

Owing to cloudy weather an air demonstration planned for the afternoon was postponed for the day.

Tomorrow morning the Air Chief will take the salute at a march past at the Air Force station. After his visit to some of the installations at the airfield, there will be a air demonstration and flying "exercises", which will include the use of radar in air operations.

Mr. Montagu Smith, Air Adviser to the High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in India, is accompanying the Air Marshal from Delhi during the tour.

STOP RETRENCHING RAILWAY STAFF

Guruswami's Warning To Government

MADRAS, Oct. 18, (PTI): Mr. S. Guruswami, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, in a statement referred to a cut in expenditure suggested by the Ministry of Railways and said: "Any short-sighted policy of staff retrenchment" would "precipitate a serious situation".

The Working Committee of the Federation would shortly meet to consider the situation, he said.

Mr. Guruswami quoted a Railway Ministry's circular of instructions dated September 21, calling for an economy cut of 7 1/2 per cent in expenditure, and suggesting retrenchment of staff, who entered service after September 15, 1945.

He said "The All-India Railwaymen's Federation has been recently receiving complaints from different railways about discharges of staff including those who have completed more than one year's service. This action of the railway management is contrary to the public assurance given by the Government of India in their press communique dated July 14, 1948".

SHEER WASTE

Mr. Guruswami added: "It is sheer waste of public revenues to continue to employ Railway Joint Service Commissions for different railways inviting applications for fresh recruits while masked staff retrenchments are contemplated simultaneously.

"The Government of India are committed to implementation of the Railway Adjudicator's Award of 1947 requiring additional employment of several thousands of employees and in the circumstances, suspension of the award and further contraction of the strength of the staff are calculated to retard the growing improvement in railway transport position, so vital to the needs of the country. Any short-sighted policy of staff retrenchment when the State have abdicated all responsibility for the unemployed will precipitate a situation which the Government stated they were anxious to avoid in their press communique of July 1948.

"Railway Labour cannot remain complacent to the new menace to their security of service especially when railway revenues continue to show a good return. The Working Committee of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation will meet shortly to consider steps to be taken to defend the interests of the railway workers throughout India especially at a time when thousands of them remain without confirmation in spite of several years of continuous service".

JOGJAKARTA SULTAN'S VEILED THREAT

Anxiety In Hague Conference Circles

THE HAGUE, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): There was considerable anxiety in conference circles about the possible effects of what the Dutch press tonight called the Sultan of Jogjakarta's "veiled threat of war."

On the Indonesian side, a spokesman mentioned fears that if tangible conference results were not announced soon, extreme left-wing groups (Tan Malakka Communists) and Extreme Right Wing groups (Darul Islands) might gain sufficient strength to become a threat to the Republican Government

The Dutch appear to feel that as the success of the conference appears assured, infiltration of Republican army troops may not become a big threat to the Dutch strategic position When sovereignty is transferred, Dutch troops will withdraw as quickly as possible.

But this infiltration is nonetheless felt to be serious.

GREATEST REASON

A bright side of the picture is that the tense situation in Indonesia will probably further speed up conference activity so that definite results can be reached and published within the next week or two.

Much of the present trouble, it is felt here, is the result of impatience among Republican army units, coupled with varying interpretations of the cease-fire agreement. A successful end to the Round-Table Conference woud largely clear up doubts in Indonesia and set both sides so busy arranging for the transfer of sovereignty that difficulties arising out of the earlier periods would tend to fade.

Meanwhile, between informal discussions on the Indonesian military difficulties, all delegations today continued their regular talks in efforts to solve the remaining problems—New Guinea, debts and nationality.

DUTCH HOPE

Circles close to the Netherlands Government said tonight that the Dutch hoped: "That all constructive forces in Indonesia will co-operate to prevent a new catastrophe and restore a favourable atmosphere there as soon as possible as this is vital to the success of the Round-Table Conference."

These circles "deeply regretted" the accusation made by the Sultan of Jogjakarta, the Indonesian Republican Minister of Defence, that the Dutch attitude towards the cease-fire agreement was imperilling harmony in Indonesia and a successful conclusion of the Round Table Conference.

NO STONE UNTURNED

The Netherlands Government, they said, had left "no stone unturned" to create favourable conditions, both in Indonesia and in the Hague for a "reasonable and speedy solution of the Indonesian dispute."

The demand now being made by the Republicans that Dutch troops should withdraw to a number of main centres and the lines of communication between them—which could also be used by the Republican army—was in conflict with the cease-fire agreement, they added.

It could, moreover, place the Dutch troops in a militarily untenable position, these circles declared.

They said that the Dutch Government "fully approves" of the attitude taken by the representative of the crown, Dr. A. H. J. Lovink, towards the proposals of the Republican Minister of Defence.

"The Government is prepared to stand by the consequences because they are convinced that to abandon this attitude would mean chaos in Indonesia and would make an orderly transition from the old to the new impossible."

Czech Ambassador For India

LONDON, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Bohuslav Kratochvil, Czech Ambassador-Desinate to India, arrived here by air from Prague today on his way to New Delhi to take up his new post. He is leaving for India by steamer in a few days.

"U. K. TRYING TO BECOME DISCIPLE OF GOEBBELS"

Charges And Counter-Charges At U.N. Social Committee Debate

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ivan Demnchenko, Ukrainian Delegate to the United Nations, accused Britain today of trying to become a disciple of Goebbels.

The charge was made during a Social Committee debate on conditions of migrant labour, in which Mrs. Barbara Castle, British Member of Parliament, said the Soviet Union had committed genocide against some of its minorities.

The Ukrainian Delegate replied that, "the United Kingdom has one ambition—to be the disciple of Goebbels. I would remind the distinguished lady of the fate of her predecessor."

He was supported by Russia's Alexander Panyushkin who said "there is in Britain a policy of discrimination against migrant labour."

Mrs. Castle had denied charges that foreign workers in Britain were ill-treated and counter-charged that Russia had adopted a policy of dispersal and genocide of small nations within the Soviet Union.

She mentioned, in particular, Russia's policy towards the Muslim People of the Caucasus and Crimea, and also the recently acquired nations of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania.

The Committee approved a British resolution, as amended by Mexico which in effect would shelve all United Nations action concerning migrant labour conditions. Instead of International Labour Organisation was asked to "do all in its power to expedite the adoption and application of its recently approved convention concerning migrant labourers." Only the Soviet Union, Yugoslavia and the Eastern European States opposed the resolution.

IMPROPER USE OF NATIONAL FLAG

Bill For Parliament

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18, (UPI): A bill to prevent improper use, for commercial purposes, of an emblem of the National Flag of India and names and portraits of her national leaders, as also of names and emblems of the U.N. and W.H.O. will be brought forward by the Commerce Ministry in the forthcoming session of the Indian Parliament, it was learnt here today.

The Ministry is also sponsoring a bill to amend the Indian Insurance Act, 1938, to give effect to the recommendations of the Cowasjee Jehangir Committee which enquired into the frequent changes in the management of insurance companies and the causes thereof, and to secure more effective control over expenses of the companies.

Reduction In Price Of Norwegian Newsprint

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18, (PTI): The devaluation of the Norwegian currency in common with the sterling has brought about a reduction in the price of Norwegian newsprint, and Indian demand for her newsprint was likely to rise, said Mr. Leif Nagell Erichsen, Managing Director of the Afteenposten, a leading Norwegian newspaper.

Mr. Erichsen, who is now on a brief tour of India, was entertained this evening at a tea party by Mr. Devadas Gandhi, Managing Editor, "Hindustan Times".

Mr. Erichsen said that newsprint rationing in Norway would end by January next. The newsprint industry in Norway had been completely rehabilitated after the war and the current production had already outscripped pre-war production.

Book Of Congress Achievements

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The All India Congress Committee is shortly bringing out a publication containing reports about the achievements of the Congress Government at the Centre and the provinces and State Unions.

The Publication is expected to be ready by the end of this month or before November 15, 1949.

WESTERN "GAME" IN GERMANY

Civil War To Be Provoked, Says East German

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 18.

Information chief of the East German Government Eisler has expressed the fear that American "imperialist adventurers" might, after the withdrawal of the Russian armies seek to provoke a civil war in Germany by staging raids on East German territory, it is learnt.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18

Market opened strong and with a fairly good support of bulls the market was pushed up and the bears were placed in a tight corner.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 264, highest 267/8.

Arvind opened 784, lowest 765.

Ambica opened 329, highest 334.

Deferred opened 1443; lowest 1438, highest 1467.

Closing quotations: Calico 267, Arvind 781, Ambica 333, Deferred 1467, Jupitor 267, Rotit 102/8.

Shares in delivery: Calico 360, arvind 272, Amboca 172, Deferred 109, Marsdon 8, Saraspor 14, Jupitor 8.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 18.

Cotton Sind NT 67-8, Punjab 289F 71-8, FourF 63. Steady at decline. Business yesterday totalled 2000NT roller having been done at 66-8. Rollers around 70-8.

Arrivals 980, Exports nil.

Cottonseeds NT ready 6, November 5-11. Steady 600 bags exported for Bedi Bunder.

Gold 102-4, Sovereigns 67-10. Steadier.

It is gathered Pakistan Government negotiating purchase iron steel from France where production this year has hit all time record as result of inclusion of German Saar mines into her territory. These purchases been attempted view of Pakistan finds no chance of getting supplies from India.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, October 18.

Previous Closing	29.62
Today's Opening	29.59
Difference	—3
Today's Closing	29.71
Difference	+9

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, October 18

Silver Forward Kartak	Rs. 167-6
Gold Forward Kartak	Rs. 112-0
Silver Bullion	Rs. 167-0
Silver Mint	Rs. 167-8
Gold Ready	Rs. 115-0
Sovereign	Rs. 76-8

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, October 18.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 27-7/8.

General Motors unquoted.

United States steel common 23-5/8.

United States steel preference 135-1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—With Great Britain awaiting Government's new measures to deal with economic crisis there was little inclination to trade in London Stock Exchange today. Trading period ended on dull note with small losses scattered throughout markets.

British Government Stocks declined by one-eighth to quarter per cent on occasional selling. Interest however was small and market was generally left to its own devices. Dealings began in New Zealand three-and-quarter per cent's 1963-66 at quarter discount. Issue price was 98-1/2.

Losses of six-pence to nine-pence were shown by miscellaneous industrial leaders and by industrial groups with motor shares chief sufferers.

In dull oil shares section lobitos last two-and-six-pence at 55-shillings following report and accounts for the year.

Foreign bonds were featureless and foreign rails irregular.

Freestate and Far-Western issues were firm among gold-minings. Other Kaffirs incined easier on end of account selling.

INDORE SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE CITY, Oct. 18.

Today's closing quotations on Indore Stock Exchange were as follows:

Indore Malwa 125, Hukamchand Mills 512, Bhandari Mills 670, Vinod Mills 356, Kalyan Mills 81, Kalyan Mills Pref 90, Rajkumar Mill 135, Indore Bank 61.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Steady Tone

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter): The market ruled steady with regard to the speculative stocks while others remain more or less unchanged.

Thursday, the 20th October, 1949 will be observed as a non-delivery day.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 97/4; three per cent loan 1953/55 102; three per cent loan 1957 101/2 s lot; three per cent loan 1963/65 100/3; three per cent loan 1970/75 99/13 small odd lot.

BANKS: Bengal Central 8/2; Punjab National 23 s lot; Bharat 3/14.

COTTONS: Elgin Mills 16; New Victoria Ordy 1/13 s lot; Ditto Pref 4/7.

COALS: Bengal 490; Burrakur 13/1; C. I. Coal 5/4; Dhemo Main 13/6; New Manbhoom 23; Samla 7/6; Talcher 3/3; Western Bengal 5/3.

JUTES: Agarpara 13/7; Howrah 28/6; India 135; Kankinarrah 180; Megna 118.

MISCELLANEOUS: India copper 2/8; Karanpura Dev 28/1; Dalmia Cement 6/1; Sone Valley Cement 5/10; Calcutta Electric 16/8; Indian Iron 29/6; Kumardhubi Eng. 8/12; Steel Corpn. 20/10; Alluminium Corpn. 5/9; Angelo Bros 23/12 B. I. Corpn. 8/9; Dunlop Rubber 45/8; C. I. F. and Osler 5/1; Jardine Henderson 148; Martin Burn 16/2; Rohtas Industry 5; British Burma Petrol 1/7; India Paper Pulp 163; Shree Gopal Paper 10/6; Midnapur Zemindary 73/8; Assam saws 9/2; Indus Steamship 8/3.

SUGAR: Champaran 19; Darbhanga 9/4.

TEAS: Banarhat 278; Batell 12/8; Bhatkowa 21; Belgachi 72/4; Birpara 130; Dibrughah 11/15; Dufflaghur 26/2; Longview 10/2; Nagaisurree 188.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Oct. 18. (PTI-Reuter): Following are today's quotations in Madras Stock Exchange market:

GOVERNMENT LOANS: Three per cent Government of India Paper 97/6; three per cent 1970/75 100/1; three per cent 1986 97/3; three per cent 1968/68 101/4; three per cent Government of Travancore 1952/54 100/13; three per cent 1956; Government of Madras 100/8; three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 13/4.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 4/4; Cochin Malabar 4/7; Kalpetta 16/8; Ouchterlony 5/6; Peermade 41/12; Pullangode 1/2; Thirumbadi 3/4; T. R. and T Co. 5/9; Do Pref 8/10; Valkundam 5/8.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 139; Pref 188; Cambodia 10/10; Coimbatore Cm. 117/8; Janardhana 49/8; Lakshmi 62; Madura 38/4; Mettur 318/8; Panikaja 86; Ramkrishna 144; Rajalakshmi 56; Ranga Vilas 45/8; Trav Rayons 4/1; Do Pref 7/2; Trichinopoly 9/14; Vasanta 100.

MISCELLANEOUS: India Cement 17/9; Mettur Chem. 6/6; Pref 95; Mysore Chem Fert 7/10; Spencer 10/10.

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& SKIN DISEASES
'SAPAT LOTION'
A specific remedy for Ringworm, Eczema and allied skin diseases Unrivalled since 50 years Beware of imitation
SAPAT LOTION
SAPAT & CO.,
Dept., 4B-8, BOMBAY 2.

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'PALUDRINE' WEEKLY TABLET for protection against malaria

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8 ANNAS PER STRIP . . . OR

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'Big Four' May Meet To Settle African Frontier Questions

LAKE SUCCESS Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Possibility of a meeting of the "Big Four" Britain, the United States, Russia and France—to consider terms of the Italian peace treaty in relations to African frontier questions was envisaged today by French and Egyptian delegates to the United Nations.

Mahmoud Fawzi Bey, representing Egypt which has put forward claims to areas on the border of Libya, former Italian colony, raised the point in a Political Sub-Committee here.

He asked for a study about whether the general Assembly was competent, under the peace treaty, to discuss frontier adjustments. M. Amazas Arutiuian for Russia, described as "regrettable" the raising of the matter after the Committee had at a previous meeting rejected establishment of a frontier commission.

He said the Sub-Comittee had already decided that if there were claims to be made by neighbouring states they should be settled with the independent Government of Libya.

Under the plan advanced by the Sub-Committee, Libya will become independent on or before January 1, 1952.

Leaders of the General Assembly will be asked to name the man who will become United Nations Commissioner in Libya under plans for its independence, the Sub-Committee decided.

By sixteen votes to three, with one abstention, it agreed to recommend establishment of a committee which would nominate one candidate or, if no agreement was possible on one, three candidates for the post. Russia, Poland and Czechoslovakia voted against the proposal.

The Nominating Committee would be composed of; the President of the General Assembly, General Carlos Romulo, of the Philippines, two Vice-Presidents of the Assembly representing Brazil and Pakistan, the Chairman of the Political Committee Mr. Lester Pearson of Canada and the Chairman of the Second Political Committee, Mr. Nasrollah Entezam, Persia.

Further Improvement In Tata Steels

RESTRICTED TRADING IN COTTON MILL SHARES

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was open today for one hour prior to Diwalli Holidays and there was moderate buying in Steel shares. The market will open for Diwalli moorat business on Friday at 6-15 p.m. The market ruled steady with moderate business.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1,440 against yesterday's close at Rs. 1,436-4 and after advancing at Rs. 1,448 reached at Rs. 1,442 but hardened at Rs. 1,455 and closed at Rs. 1,451-4 Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 285 and improved at Rs. 286 Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 29-2 and Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 20-13.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1,031-4 and improved at Rs. 1,035 but quietened at Rs. 1,026 and closed at Rs. 1,030. Kohinoors were done at Rs. 274-8. Svadeshi Mill shares were quiet at Rs. 258-8. Simplex were done at Rs 183.

Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 140-12. Bombay Burmas were done at Rs. 337-8, Scindia shares improved at Rs. 14-12.

Imperial Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 1,756-4 and Barodas were done at Rs. 115-8. India Banks changed hands at Rs. 171. Closing tone of the market was steady.

TATA STEEL DEFDS

After the close, the General sentiment was bullish and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1480/-.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1030 0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	274 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	258 8
Central India Mills (4)	234 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	183 0
New Great Eastern (8)	142 0
Indore (8-13)	122 8
Gokak Mills (12	257 0
Century Spinning (15)	226 4
Indian Bleaching (6)	145 0
Swan Mills (20)	293 0
Finlay Mills (15)	259 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	436 4
Edward Sassoon (30)	205 0
Meyer (12)	107 8
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 12
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 7 3
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 13 3
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170 0
Podar (S)	133 12
Khatau Makanji (5)	170 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	286 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1451 4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	135 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	140 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	337 8
Belapur Sugar (9)	195 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	31 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14 12
Premier Construction	99 0
Tata Chemical	11 19
Tata Oil (2)	51 0
Indian Iron (0-12)	29 2
Bengal Steel (0-12)	20 13
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 9 6
Indian Copper	2 9 3
Wimco	185 0
Alcock	248 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1522 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1432 8
Tata Hydro (3)	155 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	56 8
Phoenix (50)	131 4
Indian Mfg.	2925 0
Kurla XD	107 8
Colaba (12)	118 8
New City (1))	159 6
Minerva (12)	137 8
Bradbury	435 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	29 8
Mysore (4)	170 0
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	191 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	642 8
Vishnu Cotton	221 4
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	223 12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2950 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 2
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-5)	50 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	252 8
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	28 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 14
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162 8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	72 8
Berar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	125 10
Ahmedabad New	72 0
Surat Electric (2-8)	138 12
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	133 12
Bombay Suburban XR	145 0
Bombay Suburban New	83 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1756 4
Imperial Bank PP. (8-12)	430 0
Central Bank (1-8)	76 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	78 0
Bank of India (4) XD	171 0
Union (0-5)	7 2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	115 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)7	47 8
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 12
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	265 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4125 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (1-8)	53 8
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	11 13
Indian Mercantile (2)	37 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	15 0
Industrial and Prudential	26 12
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	11 14
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	113 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	246 4
Bombay Burma New (5)	117 8
Burma Petrol	1 8
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	60 12
Kemp & Co. (30)	395 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	38 8
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	161 4
Supreme India X.R.	78 12
Jam Wire (6)	67/8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	132 8
United Motor	28 0
Associated Cement New (3)	138 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	28 0
Estrella Batteries	32 2
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	36 8
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1340 0
Hydro Electric (7)	132 8
Bombay Steamer (6)	237 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	
Lakshmi Mills	260 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137 8
Pre. Construction First	102 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	99 8
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 9
Tata Chemical	117 8
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	74 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 8
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 8
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 9
New Victoria	2 6
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 8
Palton (8)	113 0
Gold Mohor	282 8
New Kaiser Hind	420 0
Sajjan Mills (20	155 0
Osmanshahi (16)	245 0
Azamshahi	275 0
Air Services	5 10
Air India Tata	58 4
Hind Motor	5 2
Indian Steam	8 4

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

Tata Ordinary 286; Tata Deferred 1451-4; Indian Iron 29-2; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20-13; Bombay Dyeing 1030; Central India 234-6; Gokak 257-8; Kohinoor 274-6; Simplex 183; Swadeshi 258-12; Tata Power 1522-8; Associated Cement 140-10; Belapur 196-4; Bombay Burma (Old) 337-8; Scindia 14-12; Central Bank 76-4; New India 53-8; Tata 2nd Pref. 135-12.

WORKING HOURS IN ART SILK YARN MARKET

Following will be working hours during Diwali Holidays:—

Wednesday 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.
Thursday 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.
Friday 6 p.m. Moorat sodas
Saturday 1 p.m. to 2 p.m.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 18

There was no forward trading today in the local market. The President of the Association has returned after having discussion with the Government. A meeting of the Board will be held tomorrow. Some members believe that forward business will not be resumed for some time.

Alleged Illegal Transactions In Cotton Market

The following questions were answered in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on the 12th inst:—

Mr. Peter Alvares (Railway Unions Labour): Will the Hon. Minister for Finance be pleased to state—

(1) whether it is a fact that the police raided the East India Cotton Exchange buildings at about 2-30 p.m. on the 30th September 1949 and seized some books and material;

(2) whether it is a fact that the seized material and books disclosed that illegal trading in cotton trading was going on there prior to the receipt of Government's permission;

(3) whether it is a fact that Government was made aware before this of the illegal trading in new cotton crop from about July 1949;

(4) whether it is a fact that Government's orders were received only after the 13th September 1949.

(5) whether Government is aware that the local newspapers were publishing the news of the unofficial and alleged illegal transactions which were taking place daily;

(6) whether it is a fact that Government wrote to the East India Cotton Association that its members were dealing in illegal transactions and asked the Association to explain its conduct;

(7) whether it is a fact that after the raid took place the Board or Committee of the East India Cotton Association tried to persuade Government to allow itself to investigate into the alleged illegal transactions and meet out punishment to the offenders;

(8) whether it is a fact that among those who were involved in these alleged illegal transactions are members of the East India Cotton Association Committee or Board and also three members of the Legislative Assembly;

(9) whether Government's representatives on this Committee or Board ever drew the Government's attention to these alleged illegal transactions; and if so, what action if any did Government take in the matter?

The Honourable Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta:

(1) Yes.

(2) The matter is under Police investigation. It is premature to draw any conclusions.

(3) to (6) and (9). On perusal of reports alleging the transaction of illegal business in the new cotton crop, a communication was addressed to the Board pointing out the need for strict measures in case the allegations were true and asking what steps had been or would be taken by the Board.

(7) The Association wrote to Government suggesting that, if Government agreed, the evidence collected by the Police might be forwarded to the Board for requisite action under the disciplinary bye-laws, and assuring Government that stringent action would be taken against offending parties.

(8) Does not arise in view of the reply to clause (2).

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 17.

KARNAK	Nov.	70.95—55
	Jan.	68.45—75
	Mar.	67.65—35
ASHMOUNI	Oct.	60.40—
	Dec.	58.65+15
	Feb.	58.15+25

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 18

The local Produce market was fairly steady today and quotations were as under:—

Groundnuts Khandesh quality Rs. 47, Bold Rs. 46-8, New Crop quality November 15 Rs. 42-4, November Rs. 40-4, December Rs. 37, December-January Rs. 36 and January Rs. 35, Oil Bombay Mills Rs. 26-8, Up-country Mills Rs. 25-8. Linseed Bold Rs. 33-12, Small Rs. 33-3, Castorseeds Rs. 26-10.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

120 Ready Japan	3 11 0
150 " "	3 14 6
120 " Italy	3 8 6
150 " "	3 14 6
150D Box Oct.	774 0 0
150D Box Nov.	784 0 0

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 14th October Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 7,00,50,000 fere sold in favour of the Issue Depatment of the Reserve Bank of India.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 18

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 200 bars of Silver at Rs. 166-9 and ten thousand tolas Gold at Rs. 114-8. The Bank has invited tenders of 200 bars of Silver and ten thousand tolas of Gold tomorrow.

In the local market Kartak delivery Silver opened at Rs. 167 and declined at Rs. 166-8 under scattered buying. At this level there was scattered buying and short covering and Silver price improved at Rs. 167. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 167.

Kartak delivery of Gold opened at Rs. 111-14 and declined at Rs. 111-10 and steadied at Rs. 111-12. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115-8 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76. In view of coming holidays, the Bank is likely to increase the quantity of tenders.

Final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	167 6 0
Kartak Dely.	167 6 0
Ready Gold	115 8 0
Kartak Dely.	112 1 0
Sovereigns	76 4 0

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, Sept. 17

Political uncertainties plus fears of new taxation measures gave French shares a bad start to the week. Irons and Steels however improved on report emphasising favourable position of the industry. Golds were firm among foreigns but Argentines lost ground under a bout of profit-taking.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99 6 0
2 3/4 per cent. 1962	99 0 0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96 0 0
3 per cent non terminable	97 5 0
3 per cent Con.	97 2 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 11 0
3 per cent 1952-55	101 15 0
3 per cent 1957	101 5 0
3 per cent 1959-61	100 13 0
3 per cent 1963-65	100 2 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 1 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 0 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 10 0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102 0 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114 4 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98 13 0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97 0 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 0 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 6 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 6 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 6 0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98 2 0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99 12 0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99 0 0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109 12 0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109 8 0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114 0 0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113 8 0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113 12 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100 0 0

Italian Cotton Industry-1949

Italian production of cotton yarn in June this year approached 17,600 tons and was below that of the preceding month, thus interrupting the steady upward trend of the first five months of 1949. The figures for the first half of this year were as follows:

Month	Cotton yarn (metric tonc)	Rayon and mixture yarn	Total yarn	Cotton and rayon mixtures piecegoods
January	14,800	2,267	17,067	11,747
February	15,507	2,406	17,913	12,450
March	16,294	2,472	18,766	12,969
April	15,603	2,537	18,140	13,110
May	16,994	2,357	19,351	12,812
June	15,400	2,170	17,570	10,393
Total	94,598	14,209	108,807	73,481
Monthly average (first 6 months of 1949)	15,766	2,368	18,134	12,247
Monthly average 1948	13,277	913	14,190	10,396

It will be noted from above that the monthly average production for the first six-month period in 1949 was higher than that of the same period of last year by 28 per cent for years and 18 per cent for cotton and rayon mixture piecegoods.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

The following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd. for the fortnight dated 30th September.

LIABILITIES:—

Capital Subscribed Rs. 5,76,66,000
Capital Paid-up Ordinary Shares Rs. 2,62,12,000
Capital Paid-up Ordinary 'A' Shares Rs. 52,42,000 Rs. 3,14,54,000
Reserve & Other Funds.
Reserve Fund Rs. 3,16,28,000
Contingency Fund Rs. 50,00,000
Sinking Fund in respect of Lands and Buildings. Rs. 38,10,000 Rs. 4,04,38,000
Deposits, Debts due to Bank and Agents, Bills Payable, etc. Rs. 1,22,29,33,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments Rs. 23,52,06,000
Total Rs. 1,53,00,31,000

ASSETS:—

Cash Credit and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities Rs. 33,20,29,000
Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities Rs. 6,88,97,000
Bills Discounted Rs. 6,35,65,000
Lands & Buildings Rs. 99,78,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments Rs. 19,67,85,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc. Rs. 85,87,77,000
Total Rs. 1,53,00,31,000

N. Y. SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, Oct. 17

SILVER: Demand continues to outpace supplies. Consumers today wanted upwards of 250,000 ounces but only 200,000 ounces were available at unchanged price. Bullon traders report the Bank of Mexico is trying to alleviate part of the current shortage in physical silver in New York and that around 500,000 ounces were sent to the United States last week for that purpose.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Oct.18.

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 252-8
Apollo 2-11-6 2-12
Bharat 28-12 29
B. Dyeings 1031-4 35 26-4 30
C. India 234 37 33 34
Century 225 26-4
Colaba 118 18-8
Finlay 259 61 59
Gokak 256 57 (Ex Div.)
I. U. Defd. 1-13 1-13-3
I. U. Ord. 11-7 11-7-6
Indore 122-8
Kohinoor 272 73 72 75 74 74-8
Laxmi 642-8
Madhusudan 170
New Great 142
New Union 15-14
Sassaan Silk 28
Simplex 184 85 83
Swadeshi 257 58 57 59 58-8
Tata Mills 50
Vishnu 221-4
Scindia 14-5 14-12

BANKS

Baroda 116 15-8
Central 76-8 76 76-4
Central New 78
Imperial Old 1756-4
Imperial New 430
India 171
U. Commercial 47-8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 125/10.
Andha 1432/8.
Hydro 155 55/8
Power 1515 25 22/8.

INSURANCE

B. I. G. 15
New India 53/4 53/8.

STEEL

B. Steel 20/14 20/12 20/15 20/13
I. Iron 29 28/14 29/3 29/2.
Tata Defd. 1440 48/12 42/8 55 51/4
Tata Ord. 285 86/8 86.
Tata IInd Pref. 135/8 36 35/12.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 247/8 48/12.
A. C. C. Old 141 40/12.
A. C. C. New 139 38/8.
Belapur 195/8 94/8 97 96.
B. B. Old 336/4 36/14 36/4 37/8.
B. B. Petrol 1/7/9 1/8.
B. I. C. 8/9.
I. Copper 2/8.
P Const. 98/8 99/8 99.
Tata Chem. 11/10 11/9 11/11 11/10.
Tata Pref. 116/4.
Tata Oil 51.
Wimco 185.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 72

Egyptian Cotton Prices Now Compete With U. S. A.

WALL STREET PRICES SUFFER SMALL SETBACK

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

COTTON.—The opening losses reflected week-end hedges in oldcrops together with the selling of newcrops attributed to continued confusion over farm legislation. Prices steadied on millbuying, reported Japanese enquiries and the appearance of buying of newcrops based on the theory of eventual congressional adoption of 90 per cent parity loans. Profit-taking and hedges supplied the bulk of contracts.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 17.

December	29.62—06
March	29.54—08
May	29.50—07
July	29.04—07
October	27.19—22
Middling Spot	30.22—06

NEW YORK ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 17.

December	29.60—05
March	29.50—08
May	29.45—06
July	28.95—07
Middling Spot	29.15—05

New York Cotton Dec. Highest 29.67 at 10-25 a.m., Lowest 29.59 at 2-40 p.m

Afternoon operations were featured in the latter part by a sharp break in fardistants reflecting increased commission house liquidation based on the continued congressional deadlock over farm legislation. Some selling was also based on reports from abroad that Egyptian cotton can now compete on equal terms with United States for the European market as a result of the devaluation of the Egyptian pound. Trade support cushioned moderate hedge pressure in oldcrops. The market closed steady with sales at approximately 175,000 bales.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS.—Prices suffered only a small setback despite additional deterioration in the labour situation. Following initial hesitancy, further moderate profittaking and nervous liquidation caused declines up to one dollar in motors, steels, oils, rails, chemicals and minings. The averages were industrials 184.71 and rails 48.45. Pressure was rather limited on the afternoon but rallying efforts were feeble and shortlived in most cases. The session finished at or around the day's lowest, closing barely steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter).

GRAINS.—Selling predominated on and after the opening reflecting disappointment over Congressional confusion over the prices support legislation. Offerings subsequently subsided and prices rallied fractions to a cent or so on short covering but advances encountered profit-taking In the export department, demand was described as slow though Norway is reported to be marketing for about 3,000 tons flour.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.

December 2.12-1/4.
March 2.12-1/2.
May 2.07-1/4.
July 1.91-1/4.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

American Telephone and telegraph	142-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	34
Anaconda Copper Mining	27-5/8
Chase National Bank	36-5 8
Firestone Tyre	46-3/8
General Electric	37-1/4
General Motors	63-7/8
Ingersol Rand	65
International Nickel of Canada "A"	29-1/4
National City Bank of New York	43-3/4
New York Central Rail Road	10-1 2
Sinclair Oil	23-1/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16
Texas Corporation	61-3/4
Union Carbide	40-3/8
U. S. Smelting Refining	37-3/4
U. S. Steel Common	23-5/8
Western Telegraph	17-1 4

Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 1,130,000 respectively.

The highest and lowest U. S Steel trading prices were 24 and 23-1/2 respectively.

NEW YORK PEPPER QUIET

NEW YORK, Oct. 17

The market for black pepper was quiet but firm today with spots done at 1.35 dollars per pound. Substantial quantities of spots were absorbed over the week-end by grinders. Todays prices were: Black pepper spot 1.35 traded October 1.32 bid December 1.27 bid January 1.22 bid March 1.05 bid May 0.98 bid July 8.4 bid. White spot 1.95 nominal.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

LONDON, Oct. 17

Trading was quiet but again higher on the scarcity and dearness of eastern offers. Sellers of black Lampong October shipment asked 12 shillings 3 pence a pound while 15sh. 3d. were wanted for white Muntok and white Sarawak cost insurance freight, basis ports. Malabar October was held for 1030sh. against bids of 1015 per 112 pounds c.i.f. U. K.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Oct. 17

The Singapore pepper market was firm and the prices of black Lampong and white Muntok advanced to 650 and 825 dollars per picul ex-godown respectively. Business was done in about two tons of each quality of loose at 640 and 821 dollars respectively. With stocks at present very low in both the Singapore and other world markets because of poor pepper crops, speculators believe that the price will rise further, traders reported that the spurt in prices during the last three weeks was due to Netherlands buyers making feverish bid for whatever stocks still remained in Singapore.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF BUSINESS CLASS

Private Enterprise To Play Useful Part

SHRI K. D. JALAN, PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERATION OF INDIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY, HAS ISSUED THE FOLLOWING APPEAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE SITUATION ARISING OUT OF THE DEVALUATION OF THE RUPEE:—

The country is faced with a number of economic difficulties which have come crowding in on one another I do not wish to go into the reasons for the present state of the Indian economy or assay into the more hazardous and controversial matter of apportioning blame.

Devaluation and the consequent new currency alignments are the latest upsetting factors and are an instance of a difficulty arising from the interdependence of the modern world. For a lay man, the inevitability of the action which the Government have taken has no meaning except insofar it affects the prices of the goods he buys. Vexed and impatient as he is with the present state of economic affairs, he is prone to criticise the persons whom he has to approach for procuring the articles required by him and his family. In other words, the business class becomes his target It is very important at the present juncture that the members of the business class should take up the challenge and make it clear by precept and action that they are fully conscious of the special responsibilities they have to shoulder and that they are second to none in wanting to cleanse the Indian social life of malpractices and injustice. Moreover it must be clearly understood that the devaluation of the rupee that has been recently effected would tend to help the competitive capacity of our exports in markets like the dollar area and should there be haphazard rise in Indian prices, this advantage will be lost and the interests of the country would be adversely affected.

ROLE OF PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

To the Indian mercantile community, therefore, I appeal, on behalf of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry and on my behalf, to conduct themselves, as ever, in a spirit of fortitude and patriotism. Today they have an admirable opportunity to indicate the indispensable and useful part which private enterprise can play in furthering the welfare of the country. It is only through the effective functioning of the normal channels of trade that the public could be saved the annoyance and the long queues which follow the distribution of goods under a system of controls. The country perhaps cannot escape the inevitable distortions and inflationary effects of devaluation in certain sectors of the economy. It should, however, be the earnest endeavour of every Indian businessman and industrialist not to do anything by himself which may cause either a rise in prices that would hamper our export drive or impede the flow of supplies available for consumption. Furthermore, it must be made a point of honour to discourage speculation and profiteering at the cost of the community.

With the co-operation of the Government and the consumer, I have no doubt that private enterprise will rise to the occasion and mitigate to the extent they are capable, the hardships facing the common man.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

B. C. Rates T. T. D D. 1.5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1 5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15 16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1 32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3 32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D. 1 6 1/8 7th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d st. 1.6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7 32 7th—9th Month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4, Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T D. D. Rs. 478 1/4, Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T T Rs 474 3/4, Montreal 431 3 4.
Banks Buying D D Rs 472 1/2, Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Buying D D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C., Montreal Rs. 430 1/2 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 158 1 2
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 1/2
New York London Cross Rate $2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4. London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65, London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 35. London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/3 1 32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 90.20 London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.63-65. London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 80.35. London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-5.65. London Montreal Cross Rate $3.07 3/4-3.08 1 4. London/New York Cross Rate $2.79 7 8-2.80 1/8. London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. 141. London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4-2/4 1/8. London Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12 23-12.26.
London Discts 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c.
London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 3 4 per cent, 3 Mos. 1 per cent, 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent, 12 Mos 1-1 2 per cent
Tone: Easier.

AMSTERDOM STOCK EXCHANGE.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 17

General inertia kept dealings at a low ebb even for leading industrials. Indonesan estates were again weaker. Oils were barely steady and shippings unchanged.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Sept. 17

Heaviness enveloped on the Bourse bringing prices mostly lower where changed. Textiles managed to rally a little but Minings, Coals and various other industrials sagged under lack of interest.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 17.

T. T. London on:—
New York Selling 2.7987. Buying 2.8012; Montreal Selling 3.0775. Buying 3.0825; Zurich Selling 12.23. Buying 12 26. Sweden Selling 14 47. Buying 14.50.

LONDON BULLION

London, Oct. 17.

London Silver Spot and Forward 20th 64d London Gold Bars Fine per oz. £12-8-0.

LONDON WHEAT

London, Oct. 17.

Australian Wheat (New Crop) 12s Dec.-Jan.

Nehru Tours U.S. As 'Humble Seeker After Truth'

'PEACE CAN'T BE PRESERVED BY BENDING TO AGGRESSION'

Mankind Still On Road To Disaster

HISTORIC ADDRESS AT COLUMBIA 'VARSITY

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter).

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, India's Prime Minister, today appealed to "all thinking men and women of the world" to accept Mahatma Gandhi's weapon of moral force as being more likely than physical force to achieve world peace.

He was addressing a Special Convocation at Columbia University. Pandit Nehru's address followed the conferring of the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws on him by the President of the University, General Dwight D. Eisenhower.

ENDS AND MEANS

Making what was described as the first major speech on India's foreign policy since he arrived in the United States, Pandit Nehru declared, "The great leader of my country, Mahatma Gandhi, under whose inspiration and sheltering care I grew up, always laid stress on moral values and warned us never to subordinate means to ends.

There were at the Convocation over 650 guests, including leading statesmen of the United States and India, representatives of the State Department, the Indian Delegation to the United Nations, and a number of prominent educationists.

Pandit Nehru said he did not presume to offer advice to other and more experienced nations in any way.

He pointed, however, to the unique success of Mahatma Gandhi's method of a non-violent struggle in India

TEXT OF SPEECH

Following is the full text of Pandit Nehru's address at Columbia University Convocation last night:

Mr. PRESIDENT, I am deeply grateful to this great University and to you, Sir for the honour you have done me in inviting me today and in conferring the Honorary Degree of Doctor of Laws.

"It is an honour to be associated with this University and with the many men of learning and seekers after truth of this University, and I shall treasure it. To have that signal honour conferred upon me by one who has played such a distinguished part in both war and peace adds to its value.

"I have come to you not so much in my capacity as Prime Minister of a great country or as a politician, but rather as a humble seeker after truth and as one who has continuously struggled to find a way, not always with success, to fit action to the objectives and ideals that I have held.

"That process is always difficult, but becomes increasingly so in this world of conflict and passion today.

"Politicians have to deal with day to day problems and they seek immediate remedies.

PLATO'S EXAMPLE

"Philosophers think of ultimate objectives and are apt to lose touch with the day to day world and its problems. Neither approach appeared to be adequate by itself. It is possible to combine these two approaches and function after the manner of Plato.

"You Sir, have had the experience of a role of a great man of action and also of that of a philosopher as the Head of this University, and should be able to help us to answer this question.

"In this world of incessant and feverish activity, men have little time to think and not much less to consider aims and objectives, yet how are we to act even in the present unless we know which way we are going and what our objectives are.

"It is only in the peaceful atmosphere of a university that these problems can be adequately considered.

"It is only when the young men and women who are in university today and on whom the burden of life's problems will fall tomorrow, learn to have clear objectives and standards of values that there is any hope for the next generation.

"The past generation produced some great men, but as a generation it led the world repeatedly to disaster.

"Two world wars are the price that has been paid for the lack of wisdom on man's part in this generation.

"It is a terrible price, and the tragedy of it is that even after that price was paid we have not purchased real peace for a cessation of conflict and an even deeper tragedy is that mankind does not profit by its experience and continues the same way which led previously to disaster.

"We have had wars and we have had a victory: Yet what is victory and how do we measure it? A war is fought usually to gain certain objective. The defeat of the enemy is not by itself an objective but rather the removal of an obstruction towards the attainment of the objective. If that objective is not attained then that victory over the enemy brings only negative relief and indeed is no real victory

"We have seen, however, that the aim in wars is almost entirely t defeat the enemy and that the other and real objective is often forgotten.

'ONLY PARTIAL RESULT'

Make Objectives Clear

"The result has been that the victory attained by defeating the enemy has only been a very partial one and has not solved the real problem, or if it has solved the immediate problem it has at the same time given rise to many other and sometimes worse problems.

"Therefore, it becomes necessary to have the real objectives clear in our minds at the times whether in war or in peace, and always to aim at achieving that objective.

RELATIONSHIP

"I think also that there is always a close and intimate relationship betwen the end we aim at and the means adopted to attain it. Even if the end is right but the means are wrong, that will vitiate the end or divert it into a wrong direction.

"Means and ends are thus intimately and inextricably connected and cannot be separated.

"That indeed has ben the lesson of old taught us by many great men in the past but unfortunately it is seldom remembered

"I am venturing to place some of these not because they are novel but because they have impressed themselves upon me in the course of my life which has been spent in alternating periods of incessant activity and conflict and enforced leisure.

"The great leader of my country, Mahatma Gandhi, under whose inspiration and sheltering care I grew up, always laid stress on moral values and warned us never to subordinate means to ends.

"We are not worthy of him and yet to the best of our ability we try to follow his teaching.

"Even the limited extent to which we could follow his teaching yielded rich results. After a generation of intense struggle with a great and powerful nation, we achieved success and perhaps the most significant part of that achievement for which credit is due to both parties was the manner of it.

"History hardly affords a parallel to a solution of such a conflict in a peaceful way followed by friendly and co-operative relations.

"It is astonishing how rapidly bitterness and ill-will between the nations have faded away and given place to co-operation, and we in India have decided of our own free will to continue this co-operation as an independent nation."

INDIA'S LESSON TO WORLD

"I would not presume to offer advice to other and more experienced nations in any way but may I suggest for your consideration that there is some lesson in India's peaceful evolution which might be applied to the larger problems before the world today?

"That evolution demonstrates to us that physical force need not necessarily be the arbiter of man's destiny and that the method of waging a struggle and the way of its termination are of paramount importance. Past history shows us the important part that physical force has played.

"But it also shows us that no such force can ultimately ignore the moral forces of the world and if it attempted to do it does so at its peril.

"Today this problem faces us in all its intensity because the weapons that physical force has at its disposal are terrible to contemplate.

"Must the the 20th century differ from primitive barbarism only in the destructive efficacy of the weapons that man's ingenuity has invented for man's destruction?

"I do believe, in accoradnce with my master's teaching, that there is another way to meet this situation that faces us.

BASIC TRUTH IS TRUTH

"I realise that a statesman or a man who has to deal with public affairs cannot ignore realities. His activity is always limited by the degree of receptivity of the truth by his fellow men.

"Nevertheless the basic truth remains truth and is always to be kept in view and so far as possible it should guide our actions.

"Otherwise we get caught up in a vicious circle of evil when one evil action leads to another."

A NATION WITH A GREAT PAST

"India is a very old country with a great past. But it is a new country also with new urges and desires. Since August 1947, she has been in a position to pursue a foreign policy.

She was limited by the realities of the situation which she could not ignore or overcome. But even so she could not forget the lesson of her great leader. She has tried to adapt, however, imperfectly, the theory to reality in so far as she could. In the family of nations she was a new comer and could not influence them greatly to begin with. But she had a certain advantage She had great potential resources which no doubt would increase her powe. and influence".

"A greater advantage lay in the fact that she was not fettered by the past, by old enmities or old ties, by historic claims or traditional rivalries. Even against her former rulers there was no bitterness left. Thus India came into the family of nations with no prejudices or enmities, ready to welcome and be welcomed. Inevitably she had to consider her foreign policy in terms of enlightened self-interest, but at the same time she brought to it a touch of her idealism."

"Thus she has tried to combine idealism with national interest

"The main objectives of that policy are: the pursuit of peace, not through alignment with any major power or group of powers, but through an indeuendent approach to each controversial or disputed issue; the liberation of subject peoples; the maintenance of freedom both national and individual; the elimination of racial discrimination; and the elimination of want, disease and ignorance which afflict the greater part of the world's population."

"I am asked frequently why India does not align herself with a particular nation or group of nations, and am told that because we have refrained from doing to we are sitting on the fence.

"The question and the comment are easily understandable because in times of crisis it is not unnatural for those who are involved in it deeply to regard calm objectivity in others as irrational, shortsighted, negative, unreal or even unmanly.

"But I should like to make it clear that the policy India has sought to pursue is not a negative and neutral policy, it is a positive and vital policy.

PRESERVATION OF PEACE

Aggression Must Be Met

"Peace is not only an absolute necessity for us in India in order to progress and develop but it is also of paramount importance to the world. How can that peace be preserved? Not by bending to aggression; Not by compromising with evil or injustice; but also by not talking of and preparing for war.

"Aggression has to be met, for it endangers peace. At the same time, the lesson of the last war has to be remembered.

"Marshalling the world into two hostile camps precipitates the conflict which it is sought to avoid.

"It produces also a terrible fear. That fear darkens men's minds and leads them into wrong courses. There is perhaps nothing so bad and so dangerous in life as fear. As a great President of the United States said, 'there is nothing really to fear except fear itself'".

ENDING THE FEAR

"Our problem, therefore, becomes one of lessening and ultimately putting an end to this fear. That will not happen if all the world takes sides and talks of war. War becomes almost certain then. We are a member of the family of nations and we have no wish to shirk any of the obligations and burdens of that membership.

"We have accepted fully the obligations of membership of the United Nations and intend to abide by them.

"We wish to make our full contribution to the common store and to render our full measure of service.

"But that can only be done effectively in our own way and of our own choice.

"We believe passionately in the democratic method and we seek to enlarge the bounds of democracy both on the political and economic plain for no democracy can exist long in the midst of want and poverty and inequality.

"Our immediate needs are for economic betterment and raising the standards of our people. The more we succeed in this, the more we can serve the cause of peace in the world.

"We are fully aware of our weakness and failings and claim no superior virtue but we do not wish to forfeit the advantage that our present detachment gives us and we believe that the maintenance of that detachment is not only in our interest, but also in the interest of world peace and freedom. That detachment is neither isolationism nor indifference, nor neutrality when peace of freedom is threatened. When man's liberty or peace is in danger, we cannot and shall not be netural: neutrality, then, will be a betrayal of what we have fought for and stand for.

"If we seek to ensure peace, we must attack the root causes of war and not merely the symptoms. What are the underlying causes of war in the modern world?

IMPERIALISM

"One of the basic causes is the domination of or the attempt to dominate one country by another. Large parts of Asia were ruled till recently by foreign and chiefly European powers. We ourselves were part of the British empire, as were also Pakistan, Ceylon, and Burma. France, Holland, Portugal still have territories over which they rule. But the rising tide of nationalism and the love of independence have submerged most of the western empires in Asia.

"In Indonesia, I hope that there will soon be an independent sovereign state. We hope also that French Indo-China will achieve freedom and peace before long under a Government of its own choice. Much of Africa, however, is subject to foreign powers, some of whom still attempt to enlarge their dominions. It is clear that all remaining vestiges of imperialism and colonialism will have to disappear.

RACIAL RELATIONS

"Secondly, there is the problem of racial relations.

"The progress of some races in knowledge or in invention, their success in war and conquest, has tempted them to believe that they are racially superior and has led them to treat other nations with contempt. A recent example of this was the horrible attempt, so largely successful, to exterminate the Jews. In Asia and Africa, racial superiority has been most widely and most insolently exhibited.

"It is forgotten that nearly all the great religions of mankind arose in the East and that wonderful civilisations grew up there when Europe and America were still unknown to history. The West has too often despised the Asian and the African and still, in many places, denies them not only equality of rights but even common humanity and kindliness.

A DANGER POINT

"This is one of the great danger points on our modern world; and now that Asia and Africa are shaking off their torpor and arousing themselves, out of this evil may come a conflagration of which no man can see the range or consequences. One of your greatest men said that this country cannot exist half slave and half free. The world cannot long maintain peace if half of it is enslaved and despised. The problem is not always simple nor can it be solved by a resolution or a decree, but, unless there is a firm and sincere determination to solve it, there will be no peace.

MISERY OF MILLIONS

"The third reason for war and revolution is the misery and want of millions of person in many countries and, in particular, in Asia and Africa. In the West though the war has brought misery and many difficulties, the common man generally lives in some measure of comfort—he has food, clothes, shelter to some extent. The basic problem of the East, therefore, is to obtain these necessaries of life. If they are lacking, then there is the apathy of despair or the destructive rage of the revolutionary.

"Political subjection, racial inequality, economic inequality, and misery—these are the evils which we have to remove if we would ensure peace. If we can offer no remedy then other cries and slogans make an appeal to the minds of the people.

"Many of the countries of Asia have entered the family of nations: others, we hope, will soon find a place in this circle. We have the same hopes for the countries of Africa.

"This process should proceed rapidly, and America and Europe should use their great influence and power to facilitate it. We see before us vast changes taking place, not only in the political and economic spheres, but even more so in the minds of men. Asia is becoming dynamic again and is passionately eager to progress and raise the economic standards of her vast masses. This awakening of a giant continent is of the greatest importance to the future of mankind and requires imaginative statesmanship of a high order.

FRIENDLY APPROACH

"The problems of this awakening will not be solved by looking at it with fear or in a spirit of isolationism by any of us. It requires a friendly and understanding approach, clear objectives, and a common effort to realise them. The colossal expenditure of energy and resources on armaments, that is an outstanding feature of many national budgets today, does not solve the problem of world peace. Perhaps even a fraction of that outlay in other ways and for other purposes, will provide a more enduring basis for peace and happiness.

"That is India's view, offered in all friendliness to all thinking men and women to all persons of goodwill, in the name of our common humanity. That view is not based on wishful thinking, but on a deep consideration of the problems that afflict us all, and on its merits I venture to place it before you."

CHAMPION OF THE OPPRESSED

Columbia 'Varsity Citation

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 (PTI-Reuter).

PROVOST ALBERT JACOBS, read this citation before the Degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon Pandit Nehru by the President of Columbia University, General Dwight Eisenhower:

"Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, foremost disciple of the great Apostle of Indian freedom, indomitable leader of his people along the thorny patch of liberation, wise counsellor and moulder of policies of a re-born nation, renowned interpreter of the aspirations of a great race, his intellectual leadership has combined a profound knowledge of the West with the great heritage and enduring traditions of the East; a champion of under-privileged peoples, his devotion to the noble idcals of universal peace and understanding have won for him the respect and acclaim of all mankind.

"Columbia is proud to welcome him as one of her distinguished sons, and to award him the highest honour in her power."

General Eisenhower, presenting the scroll to Pandit Nehru said: "I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Laws 'Honoris Causa' in this University and confer upon you all the rights and privileges which attach thereto."

GREATEST GUEST OF COLUMBIA

Warm Congratulations

At the end of Pandit Nehru's speech (adds PTI), General Eisenhower and members of the faculty who were seated with him on the rostrum, approached him and warmly congratulated him on the honour he had received and the high sentiments he had expressed in his speech. The spacious, high domed hall was decorated with the flags of India and the United States for the occasion.

Prime Minister Nehru, accompanied by his sister Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit had arrived at the University campus three hours earlier to dine with General and Mrs. Eisenhower at their home. Other guests at the dinner included Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Pandit Nehru's daughter, Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Sir Benegal Narsing Rau, Mr. B. R. Sen and the trustees of Columbia University.

MOST IMPRESSIVE

The ceremony was one of the most impressive ever held at Columbia and every seat in the Low Memorial Library, where the function was held, was filled an hour before Pandit Nehru spoke.

By becoming a recipient of the degree of Doctor of Laws of Columbia University, Pandit Nehru joins interranks of some of the highest intellectuals in the world, including Mr. Winston Churchill and General Eisenhower, who have been similarly honoured. A special convocation was also held in honour of King George the Sixth and Queen Elizabeth in 1939, although an honorary degree was not conferred on them.

A special feature of the convocation was that all Indian students at the University were invited to attend the function. Others of the 29,000 students at the University heard the programme over a public address system in an adjoining hall.

Pt. Nehru entered the Convocation Hall wearing academical robes and the red rose which he has carried on his breast at most functions since his arrival in the United States.

PROCEEDINGS

The proceedings began at 9 p. m. with an academic procession after which the Reverend Dr. James A. Pike, Chaplain of the University, uttered an invocation. A combined college choir sang an American folk hymn, "Come, Thou Fount of Every Blessing."

Professor Schuyler C. Wallace, Director of Columbia's School of International Affairs, making the "presentation address", said::

"During the past 200 years, Columbia University has welcomed to its portals many distinguished guests. But not one of them has been more distinguished or more welcome than the guest we have tonight."

Professor Wallace described Pandit Nehru " as one of the world's greatest statesmen, distinguished scholar and philosopher, champion of the peoples of Asia and a great Indian patriot.

Newspaper Play-Up

The 'New York Times' published the full text of Pandit Nehru's speech at the Columbia University convocation. It also published two pictures, one on the front and one inside, of Pandit Nehru's Civic Hall reception. The University convocation ended after 10 p.m. and pictures of it have not yet appeared. In its report of the Civic Hall reception, 'The New York Times' said, "Pandit Nehru who is accustomed in his own country to fervid adulation, got one of the city's warmest greetings as he rode up Broadway.

"Crowds cheered and applauded him with an enthusiasm seldom seen on such occasions."

The 'New York Herald Tribune' and 'Daily Mirror' also published large-size pictures of the Civic Hall reception. The 'Herald Tribune' headed its report of Pandit Nehru's Columbia University speech. "Nehru Says India's Foreign Policy is Based on Gandhi Code, But Denies Isolationism" and brought into the lead paragraphs the Indian Prime Minister's words that India "cannot and shall not" be neutral "when man's liberty or peace is in danger."

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Auction Sales Of American Surplus Stores

1. PLACE OF SALE: Cossipore Signal Stores Depot, Gun Foundry Road, Cossipore, Calcutta.

DATE AND TIME: 24th October, 1949 at 10 A.M.

AUCTIONEERS: M|s. Dharampal Chadha & Sons, 56, Bentinck St., Calcutta.

STORES: Flashlight Lens, Chests (Wooden & Steel), Tables, Cabinet Racks, Safes, Shovels, Poles, Hooks, Spades, Diggers, Truck Steps, Tools, Pulleys. Wood Preservative, Lacquers, Thinners, Metal Polish, Jeep Conversion Kits. Linesman's Equipment, Copper Tubing, Hand Generators, Dynamotors, Tape, Power Generators, Bags, Paper Tape, Envelopes. Bandages, Electric Wires and Cables, Ropes, Stationery and Solder etc.

2. PLACE OF SALE: Hoboken G. E. S. Depot, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

DATE AND TIME: 27th October, 1949 at 10-30 A.M.

AUCTIONEERS: M|s. B. Lall Bros., Birla Mansions, 54, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

STORES: Iron and Steel Scrap, Cold Storage Plant, Magnesium Powder, Insect Sprayers, Paper Cutters, Ice Crushers, Chests, Aluminium Tanks and Brass Rods, Steam Boilers, Metal Chrome Ore, Metal Zinc Dust etc.

Permits for inspection of stores will be issued by the Directorate of United States Transfers, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

Full details and conditions of each sale will be announced at the time of auction. Catalogue of stores may be obtained from the auctioneers.

All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auctions, if required.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR, UNITED STATES TRANSFERS, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

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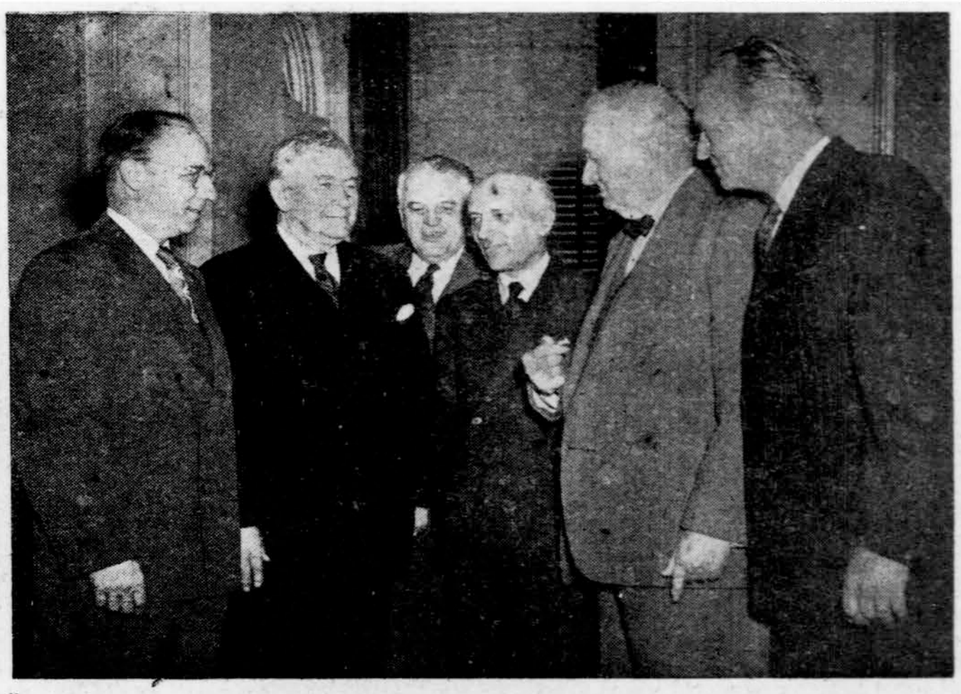

OUR LONDON LETTER

SLIGHT TO INDIAN JOURNALISTS

Why Tea Was Boycotted On Occasion Of Nehru's Visit

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Pandit Nehru, on his way to America, looked very cheerful when he landed from the plane at London Airport on Saturday. Quite a number of Indians collected to greet him. Unfortunately the arrangements made by India House gave cause for complaint to several journalists.

In the V.I. P's room only the representatives of Reuter and Press Trust of India were invited. Other journalist had to wait outside as though they were untouchables.

It was the custom of the old alien bureaucracy to exclude representatives of the national press. But it was never expected that India House would follow in its footsteps and show contempt for Indian journalists not attached to the news agency.

There were no less than three representatives of Reuter in the special room while representatives of papers like the 'Hindustan Times', 'Hindustan Standard', 'Bharat', Bombay Chronicle' and 'Tribune' had to wait outside. An amusing outcome of the arrangement was that the London representative of the 'Hindustan Times' could not get into the room to meet his wife.

GATE-CRASHING

A few journalists gate-crashed and the India House arrangements broke down and finally all representatives had to be admitted. But many journalists felt sore and refused invitation to tea which the Public Relations Officer had arranged.

The pick-and-choose policy, which India House seems to have adopted in the matter of invitations, can do little good but great harm. Nothing would have been lost if the hal-a-dozen journalists excluded from invitations had been included.

The fact that the news agency is owned by India does not mean that special representatives of newspapers in London should be black-listed.

The High Commissioner, the other day observed that wisdom was not the monopoly of any leader. He might have added that no leader was immune from committing mistakes.

In the present case India House has been guilty of offering slight to Indian journalists. The Public Relations Department definitely owes an apology to the representatives of the Press who had taken great trouble to go to the aerodrome to greet India's Prime Minister.

INDIA HOUSE

When Pandit Nehru arrived at India House on Monday morning a few persons held a hostile demonstration. They carried placards asking the Prime Minister to release security prisoners and to end what they called India House "corruption".

It is true that the demonstrators did not exceed half a dozen. It is also true that some of them were men of no importance.

The allegation of corruption might be dismissed. But it would be difficult to say that India House is pursuing the ideals of austerity and humility.

In spite of his great intelligence and burning patriotism, sometimes, the High Commissioner allows himself to be associated with actions like the exclusion of Indian journalists. That cannot either add to the prestige of India House or to his own status.

The difficulty with the High Commissioner is that he wants to do everything, and this overzeal does not always prove healthy or profitable.

But Mr. Menon should beware of slipping into the error of having black and white lists of his own countrymen. It is to be hoped Pandit Nehru on his return from America will find some time to look into the working of India House with a view to its working in greater conformity with Indian sentiment of economy, impartiality and humility.

NEHRU MAY ADDRESS U. K.'S PARLIAMENT

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Oct. 18.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru is likely to be invited to address the British Parliament on his return from the United States of America, it is learnt here.

Future Of Italian Somaliland Decided

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 17 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Political Sub-Committee on the Italian colonies today agreed that Italian Somaliland should become independent at the end of 10 years unless the General Assembly at that time should decide otherwise. In the meanwhile, a trusteeship will be established.

PANCHAYATS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Oct. 18 (PTI)—The joint Select Committee of the Madras Legislature on Village Panchayat Bill today finalised its recommendations on the bill, and adopted a resolution requesting the Government to introduce the bill as amended in the forthcoming session of the Legislature.

The bill envisages the formation of a Panchayat for each village with a population of 500. There are already 7,200 Panchayats, and at least an equal number is expected to be formed under the new proposals.

Ultimate Aim: No Visas

SINGAPORE, Oct. 18, (PTI-Reuter):—The thirteen-nation Travel Committee of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far-East accepted the abolition of visas as an ultimate aim at its final sitting here today. Over 60 recommendations aimed at easing travel restrictions were adopted and will come up before the ECAFE session opening here on October 20.

A DELICATE JOB FOR P. A. MENON

Talks On Goa In Portugal

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The first important job that Mr. P. A. Menon, Indian Ambassador to Portugal, will have to tackle, will be to pave the way for talks on a diplomatic level between the Governments of India and Portugal on the future of the latter's possessions in this country, the United Press of India learns.

A deputation of the National Congress of Goa, consisting of Mr. S. B. De Silva, President, Mr. Vaman Desai, Secretary, and Dr. Telo Mascarenhas, waited upon Mr. Menon this afternoon and had informal discussions with him on the grave conditions which obtained in Goa and other Portuguese possessions, where there was such an utter absence of political and civil liberties that even the publication of the name of Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit was looked upon as a penal offence.

The deputation pleaded for an early intervention in the matter by the Government of India, and hoped that Mr. Menon's appointment as Ambassador to Portugal would bear fruit in bringing about the integration of Portuguese territories in India with the Indian Union.

Mr. Menon is reported to have told the deputationists that the Government of India were fully alive to the importance of the future of Portuguese possessions in India, and assured them that they would bend their energies towards bringing about an early and amicable settlement of this problem.

Mr. Menon who arrived in Bombay from Madras yesterday morning, will leave for Lisbon tomorrow.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

IT might seem greatly daring of me to venture this on the eve of the Socialist Demonstration but then the truth will out. Premier Kher said the right word when he told the people that they must learn to put up with temporary inconveniences that might be caused due to unforeseen circumstances. I have also been brought up on the same tradition and it is really disheartening to see the younger generation going on the rampage over the things that do not matter. If only people would learn to put up with temporary inconveniences, they would soon become permanent.

When I used to be more impressionable—in other words just when I ceased wearing Father's boots which just fitted comfortably and went off to the shoe-shop to get my very own pair—the 'mochchi' always told me that if there was a little tightness at the toes or harshness at the heels, the fault was not his as the maker of the shoes but mine as the wearer of them. I remember one pair was horribly tight and I was finding adjustment very difficult. He told me that if it was any looser, it would fly off my feet—not immediately, of course, but in a month or two. It has left a deep impression on me. Anyone who looks at my face and views its pained, anguished, expression, would be wrong to infer that I was naturally of a sour disposition. It is only that the tightening below has led to a sympathetic action above. That, however, is beside the point. What I am trying to illustrate is that, by putting up with a temporary inconvenience, I was able to surmount my own weakness. It is the principle of corns, if you know what I mean. A hardening of the affected spot gradually—well, dash it all, you know the proverb, Custom blunts Sensibility.

And so it is with Sugar. It is remarkable how many things you can take without Sugar which you are accustomed to take with Sugar; and, if you only try hard enough, you will enjoy it all the better. As a matter of fact, I might say, for the benefit of all those who have not had as liberal an education as I have had, that the presence of caffeine in coffee and theine in tea makes it very essential for health reasons to drop both sugar and milk in both these—sorry, I mean to take tea and coffee without milk and sugar.

The analogy could be carried into every phase of life. The only thing is that we are always unaware of our capacity for doing without because we have not the opportunity to put it to the test. But now that Premier Kher has explained that it is not only necessary to endure but even democratic, I am sure that the occasions will be a-plenty for the exercise of this talent.

THROUGH THE CAMERA

Here are more pictures of Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru's discovery of the United States of America. Extreme top row: left, Pandit Nehru and daughter Mrs. Indira Gandhi leaving the National Gallery of Art, Washington, accompanied by Harry McBride, Administrator of the Gallery, and admired by a group of Americans; right, Congressional leaders chat with Pandit Nehru after the Prime Minister's address to both houses of Congress, Oct. 13. Left to right in photo are: Senator Bourke Hickenlooper (R), Iowa; Vice-President Alben Barkley; Senate Minority Leader Kenneth S. Wherry (R), Nebraska; Prime Minister Nehru; Senator Tom Connally (D), Texas; Senator Scott Lucas (D), Illinois; Majority Leader of the Senate.

Top row: Pandit Nehru seen talking to Secretary of State Dean Acheson (left) and Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, at the Congressional luncheon at the capital. Top row, centre: Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador to the United States, is shown introducing Priti Kaul, 20-months-old daughter of the Indian Embassy's First Secretary. Apparently Priti isn't having any of it; and is looking at the ceiling. The trio is shown at a reception in the Indian chancery for the Indian community and students. Top row, right: Pandit Nehru and Mr. Dean Acheson are shown as they left the executive office of the White Office, after a conference with President Truman. (All photos by International News Photos).

Pope Grants Audience To Mani

ROME Oct. 17, (PTI-Reuter): The Pope today granted a private audience to Mr. A. D. Mani, Editor of the Hitavada, Nagpur, and Secretary of the All-India Editors' Conference, at his summer residence of Castel Gandolfo, near Rome.

Mr. Mani said that the Pope seemed gratified to hear his report that the Catholics of India had stood more firmly by the demand for national independence than any other minority.

When the Pope offered Mr. Mani a medal, blessed by himself to take back to India, Mr. Mani asked "Can I have ten for my Catholic friends."?

The Pope smiled and turned to his attendant, who counted them into Mr. Mani's hand. The Pope sent a special blessing to Catholics in India.

HYDERABAD, Oct. 18 (PTI): Mr. Akhtar Hassan, Editor of "Payam", local Urdu daily, who was arrested on July 13 by the police in a general roundup of Communists and their sympathisers, was released yesterday afternoon.

WORLD BANK HIT BY RUSSIAN

American Retorts

SINGAPORE, October 18 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Minister S. S. Nemtchina, chief Soviet delegate to the Committee on Industry and Trade of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far-East, today charged the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development with allowing political considerations to influence it in determining loans.

Speaking at a plenary session of the Committee today, Mr. Nemtchina said that the Bank (which is a specialised agency of the United Nations) was influenced by the relations of the United States Government with countries applying for loans. The bank had discriminated against various European countries, and had become an agency of the United States Government, which was using it in its own interests, he added.

Ambassador M. Cowen, chief United States delegate, in a spirited reply, said, "This diatribe by the Soviet delegate is entirely unfounded." Mr. Cowen said that the United States held only 32,000 out of 95,000 votes in the International Bank. The Bank had clearly indicated its desire to be of every help to nations in this region needing financial help, but the Bank itself must decide what were soundly conceived development projects and the E. C. A. F. E., could not lay down conditions on which loans should be made, he added.

Mrs. Pandit To Speak On Tribune Forum

NEW YORK, October 18 (U.S.I.S.): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador at Washington, is scheduled to speak here Wednesday evening, October 26, at the closing session of "The New York Herald Tribune's" 18th forum. Prime Minister Nehru is to broadcast a message from Chicago.

U. S. Secretary of Defence Louis Johnson and Gen. Lucius D. Clay, formerly commander of U.S. occupation forces in Germany, are on the programme with Mrs. Pandit.

The four-day forum begins Monday, October 24. The theme is "What Kind of Government Ahead? The Responsibility of Every Citizen". The programme lists many prominent speakers, among them General Dwight D. Eisenhower and Dr. Althea K. Hottel, president of the American Association of University Women, who recently visited India and most Middle East nations with the "World Town Meeting", a radio programme similar to the forum.

MUTT AND JEEF—Well, That Seems The Logical Thing To Do — By BUD FISHER

FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE! WHAT HAPPENED HERE, JEFF?
OH, THE BOSS TOLD ME TO SHORE UP THE BRICK WALL BEFORE I DUG UNDER IT, BUT I DIDN'T DO IT SO THE WALL CAVED IN!
DID YOU TELL THE BOSS YET?
NO, NOT YET!
WHEN ARE YOU GONNA TELL HIM?
AS SOON AS I GET HIM DUG OUT!
?

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